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FIVE CENTS A COPY

RELICS SHOW PAST GLORY IN DUBROVNIK

Picturesque City Is Rich in Lore of Ancient History

JUGOSLAVIAN TOWN ONCE ARISTOCRATIC

For Years It Was an Independent Republic, Setting Pace in Styles and Trade

By R. H. MARKHAM

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

DUBROVNIK, Jugoslavia—A picturesque and beautifully situated city on the Adriatic coast is Dubrovnik, more widely known by its Latin name, Ragusa. It is also rich in ancient historical lore.

It is found near the southern tip of Dalmatia in a rocky mountain basin opening upon the sea. Rugged, forest-covered promontories hold it in their embrace, while verdant, wooded islands serve as sentinels before it.

Its climate is warm in summer and very mild in winter, luxuriant vegetation is of a semi-tropical nature. Long, slender cypresses line the roads and walks, and give a stately air to the parks and gardens. Courts, yards and public places are decorated with palms, while oranges and lemons smile against dark green foliage.

Whether one reaches Dubrovnik by boat or by rail he disembarks at the tiny port of Gruz, resting in the corner of a very blue bay of water, formed by the peninsula of Lapad, which a cluster of high mountains have pushed precipitously into the sea. Hotels and business houses are strewn along the shore. During a large part of the year the flat sandy beach is dotted with bathers.

On the left is the picturesque fjord of Rijeka, several miles long, watered by a clear, rapid stream that charges, roaring and foaming from the base of a mountain. Both its shores resemble parks, filled with trees and grass and flowers, among which wander cool, circuitous paths and a smooth straight road. The high green sides of this long mountain amphitheater are dotted with striking villas and castles of the aristocrats of Dubrovnik.

That is, of the former aristocrats, for this is an ancient city of glory and prowess, whose past differed greatly from the present, just as Venice of yesterday was vastly more

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Texas Oil Fields Follow Oklahoma In Well Shutdown

TYLER, Tex., Aug. 7 (AP)—Oklahoma's oil shutdown movement has penetrated to the heart of the East Texas oil fields and won the indorsement of 37 of 60 operators in the area.

The 37 operators voted yesterday voluntarily to shut down their wells and asked that a mass meeting be held here Aug. 14, at which time the order would be officially declared.

East Texas operators offering oil to Oklahoma refiners while national guardsmen patrolled that State's producing areas, were denounced. They were charged with "nullifying the efforts" of Gov. W. H. Murray, who is seeking, by martial law, to increase the prices for crude from the present top of 50 cents to a minimum of $1.

By resolution the operators expressed admiration for Governor Murray and eulogized his "masterful and courageous" action in handling the oil situation in Oklahoma.

"It is regrettable indeed that the same fine character of leadership and courage has not been shown in Texas," the resolution said.

Murray Refuses Offer Of Help to Presidency

OKLAHOMA CITY, Aug. 7 (AP)—The uniformed ambassadors of Gov. W. H. Murray's oil field shutdown edict worked yesterday to smooth out curb complications in the greater Seminole area while the executive himself told how interests who "wanted to control me on oil proration" offered him $138,000 for campaign funds if he would run for President.

"I turned it down," he said. "I was offered $8000 a month for six months and $15,000 for the next six months, or until next spring. I would rather live in private life than have my hands tied."

Pipeline and Storage Bill Passed by Texas Senate

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

AUSTIN, Texas, Aug. 7—With passage by the Senate Thursday of the Pollard bill regulating oil and gas pipelines and storage, the Texas Legislature drew a little nearer toward accomplishment of the oil and gas conservation program recommended by Gov. Ross S. Sterling.

The Senate bill is more stringent in its application to pipelines than the House bill passed Wednesday. The Pollard bill requires pipelines to make connection with all wells in a given field. It also provides that pipelines cannot be disconnected from a well without written permission from the owner of the well, or by state order.

Cows Won't Observe Daylight Saving Time

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Perth, W. Aust.

AUSTRALIAN farmers have had enough trouble with their cows refusing to observe daylight saving time.

At a recent conference the question of introducing a daylight saving bill arose, but it was quickly put down again by a delegate from the country who declared that the measure had failed in the past.

"People put their clocks ahead an hour," he said, "but in the paddocks the cows received no notice of the action. They insisted upon coming and going according to the sun."

British States Shown to Find Help in Unity

Dominions Said to Insist on Right to Secede, but Do Not So Desire

By JOSEPH C. HARSCH

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Aug. 7—Canada, Australia and New Zealand have no desire to break away from the British Commonwealth of Nations, although they are perfectly free to do so, according to the opinions of representatives of the Dominions voiced at today's session of the Institute of Politics.

Sentiment, defense and trade interests were cited as the reasons why there is no significant separatist movement by Prof. P. E. Corbett, dean of the law school of McGill University, Prof. F. H. Underhill of the University of Toronto, and Prof. Hartly W. Cross of Springfield College, an Australian.

English opinion, according to Prof. T. E. Gregory of the London School of Economics, is not so interested in the continuance of the Empire, however, as is opinion in the Dominions themselves. He added that it would be difficult to find in Scotland any very distinct imperial conception, and even less among the Irish people.

Professor Corbett pointed out that before the World War, security was the major tie between Canada and Great Britain, but that since then other and more permanent factors have appeared to strengthen the bond of union. These are so strong, in his opinion, that he foresaw the continuance of the Commonwealth to a time when all nations will be united in an international organization.

Some Ties That Bind

Referring to the factors assuring Canada's membership in the Commonwealth, he said Canadian idealists see in it the means of playing a larger part in international affairs than Canada can play as a separate nation.

"A further very material benefit which we derive from our association with Great Britain," he said, "is our participation in the services of the Foreign Office and its world-wide agencies. In much the greater part of the world we are still dependent upon Great Britain for the protec-

(Continued on page 2, Column 8)

PRUSSIAN VOTE OUTCOME HELD VITAL TO REICH

Business Slowly Recovering as Berlin Fortifies Structure

By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

BERLIN, Aug. 7—The intense campaign conducted by the Fascists, Nationalists and Communists in connection with Sunday's plebiscite for dissolution of the Prussian Diet, is engrossing all Germany today. While business and banking are slowly and patiently recovering, the outlook for the immediate future will not be clarified until the results of the plebiscite are known, for many believe that continuance of the democracy is at stake.

In point of tactics it is believed the Prussian Government itself has somewhat damaged its position by overzealously commandeering the press. After having remained silent in the face of countless attacks and accusations launched at it by organizers of the plebiscite, the Prussian Government stepped out of its reserve yesterday to send a statement condemning the plebiscite to all Prussian newspapers. On the strength of the recent emergency decree empowering the state to enforce printing of official statements, the Prussian Government ordered all papers, Fascist, Nationalist, Liberal, Socialist and Communist, friend and foe, to publish its proclamation in the leading columns on the front page of this morning's editions.

Thus the organ of Herr Adolf Hitler, Dr. Alfred Hugenberg and the Communists, had to give prominent display to an attack on their own policy as expressed in the plebiscite. This caused an outburst of indignation in their ranks. This has spread to other sections of the population which disapprove this attack on the freedom of the press, as the Prussian Government's procedure.

Requests poured in to President von Hindenburg's office, asking him to intervene. The President later announced he had requested the Reich Government to modify this emergency decree. In other words he has disapproved of the use to which it has been put by the Prussian Government. The Government's action and President von Hindenburg's veiled rebuff are a fresh and welcome wind in the sails of the organizers of the plebiscite.

While thus the plebiscite moves into the foreground of public discussion, the Reich Government and German business are continuing to devise further ways to fortify the structure of German economics. Now that the banks have opened, attention is turned to the next step needed to keep business going, namely reopening of the stock exchanges, which is expected to take place the latter part of this month.

The Government has now decreed that savings banks should open tomorrow instead of next week, and a decree also is expected soon, reducing government control over foreign exchange and imports, which indicates a growing confidence, despite the political uneasiness caused by the plebiscite.

By Cable to The Christian Science Monitor

ROME, Aug. 7—Two of the most important problems understood to have been examined today by Signor Benito Mussolini, Italian Premier,

(Continued on Page 2, Column 7)

Reich Offer to Buy U. S. Cotton Awaits Action by Farm Board

Plan Kept Secret, but Is Held to Involve More Than Half of Surplus Stock Stored by Government Agency

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7—From one-half to two-thirds of the 1,300,000 bales of cotton held by the Federal Farm Board are understood to be involved in a long-term purchase offer made by the German Government.

The proposal was received here by the State Department yesterday and promptly transmitted to the Farm Board. Both at the State Department and the Farm Board the contents of the communication were kept secret, pending action by the latter.

Mr. James C. Stone, chairman of the board, declared that he could make no statement regarding the offer until the board had acted upon it, which he expected would be without delay.

There was considerable conjecture as to the price proposed by the Germans. One report was that the offer called for 11 cents a pound. Another was to the effect that an average price over the next three months was offered.

The German wheat-cotton transaction has served to focus attention in the capital on foreign trade and its possibilities. It is authoritatively learned that the recent marked decline in Soviet Russian purchases from the United States has caused considerable discussion among high Administration officers.

There is no intimation that the Administration is changing its view toward Soviet Russia, but it is known that many business friends of the President in recent weeks have expressed themselves to him with considerable vigor about the loss of Russian trade.

So emphatic has this viewpoint become of late that Mr. Ogden L. Mills, Acting Secretary of the Treasury, has ordered a special study of Russia to be made by his department and has himself undertaken an extensive study of Russia and Soviet economics.

HIGH MARK SET IN DEPORTATION OF 18,000 ALIENS

Report of Hoover Board on Law's Administration Expected Soon

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7—Widespread interest is evidenced in official quarters here over the forthcoming report of the National Commission on Law Observance and Enforcement on the administration of deportation law.

Figures just published by the Immigration Service show that a new high mark for all time was set in the past fiscal year with 18,000 aliens deported, the previous high record being 16,000.

Involved in the subject are fundamental matters of departmental policy, particularly the question of whether the special treatment given to "political refugees" should be applied to Communists in pending deportation proceedings.

Mr. George W. Wickersham, in a speech in Boston this year, discussed the forthcoming report and emphasized its importance. "Our attention," he said, "was drawn to this subject at an early period in our work as a field in which there was much rank maladministration and great disregard of the fundamental rights of all persons, including even aliens, secured by the Constitution of the United States. It is hoped that the investigation being made will furnish reliable facts upon which public opinion can be molded on this subject."

The report in question has been compiled by a subcommittee on "criminal justice and the foreign born," of which Mr. Newton D. Baker is chairman. The fact the former Secretary of War in President Wilson's Cabinet is a possible Democratic presidential aspirant adds interest to the report. Other members on the subcommittee were Judge William S. Kenyon, a former United States Senator; Mr. Monte M. Lemann and Mr. Frank J. Loesch, prominent lawyers, and Judge Paul J. McCormick.

The work of gathering material for the report was intrusted to Reuben Oppenheimer, Baltimore lawyer who has degrees from Johns Hopkins and Harvard.

An important matter in which the Oppenheimer report is expected to deal is the question of recent round-up raids conducted by immigration officials to catch suspected aliens. For example, on Feb. 14, 1931, a dance at the Finnish Workers Educational Association in New York City was raided, at which time 650 persons were questioned and 20 aliens taken into custody.

The aliens captured, it was charged, were held illegally until warrants could be obtained.

DOHERTY OPENS COUNTER-ATTACK IN KANSAS CITY

Public Utilities Man Buys Interest in Journal-Post, the Star's Rival

NEW YORK, Aug. 7 (AP)—Mr. Henry L. Doherty, oil magnate, who has been the target of the Kansas City Star in a gas rate war, launched a counter-attack today by buying an interest in the Kansas City Journal-Post, the Star's afternoon rival.

Announcement of the purchase of the interest will be made today in the Journal-Post, when it reproduces a letter sent to the trustees of the William Rockhill Nelson estate from whom the present owners of the Star are buying the Star.

Mr. Doherty's move follows close upon the heels of his suit for $12,000,000 damages against the Star for libel. The suit was filed July 10, after Mr. Doherty had charged the newspaper was unfair in its stories about him and his Cities Service Company, and the State Banking Commission in Kansas attempted to ban the sale of all Cities Service stock except first preferred.

The announcement from Mr. Doherty's office said the purchase would be announced in "this afternoon's edition of the Journal-Post by publication of a letter which he addressed on Aug. 2 to the three trustees of the Kansas City Star . . . in an effort to prevent public controversy and deliberate damage to a valuable newspaper property which has not yet been paid for."

Trustees Liable?

The utilities man asserts in his letter that "unless the trustees assert that the present management of the Kansas City Star have breached their contract and that all payments are, therefore, due, and enforce their payments, that in the event of any loss on the unpaid portion, that the trustees will be held liable for this."

The letter called on the trustees, who were appointed by the terms of the will of the late Col. William Rockhill Nelson, owner of the newspaper until his passing on in 1915, to expel the present management of the paper and vest it in "honorable, constructive men." Mr. Doherty further charges that the sale of the Star to its present management was "illegal, its present conduct is lawless and reckless," and declares that although he does not desire to injure their property he feels it a public duty and a necessity in his own defense "to expose their methods."

The Kansas City Journal-Post, owned until his passing on recently by Walter S. Dickey, long has been the foe of the Star. It conducted a fight in the courts to prevent the sale of the property to the present management.

Not Bought Control

The announcement says Mr. Doherty has not bought control of the Journal-Post, his contract with the paper stipulating that 10 per cent of his half-interest cannot be voted.

The utilities man will act as special contributing editor with the right to have published as editorials anything he thinks proper. He also has the right to buy advertising space at any time he sees fit for the publication of statements. Mr. Doherty takes full responsibility for both his editorials and his paid statements, the provision being that they shall not be edited or censored.

Control of the Journal-Post remains in the hands of Mr. W. Laurence Dickey and Mr. Marion B. Sharp, son and son-in-law respectively of Mr. Walter S. Dickey, who have been with the paper for some time. Under the contract made with Mr. Doherty they are not to be bound in any way by any statements made by him and they reserve the express right to use the next column to his, if they see fit, to take a contrary position to that taken by him.

LONG AIR HOPS HELD VALUABLE IN MAIL PLANS

Unofficial Trail 'Blazing' Lauded by Officials of Department

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7—The carrying of the United States mails to distant points by air is beginning to look easier, in view of the recent long-distance hops, attracting the attention of the entire world, post office officials said yesterday.

Mr. W. Irving Glover, Assistant Postmaster-General in charge of the air mail, was especially elated at the accomplishment of Mr. Parker Cramer, who landed his plane in Greenland after a flight from Canada under auspices of the Trans-American Air Lines.

"While the Post Office Department did not take any part in this flight and did not urge or sanction it," Mr. Glover said, "it was fully cognizant that this 'study flight' was to be made. If this route is to be selected as the first one over which mails are to be flown to Europe and appropriations can be secured for such service, the Governments of both the United States and Canada will cooperate in the establishment of such a route. The Post Office Departments of both countries have been working in the closest harmony throughout negotiations."

Representatives of the Trans-American Lines were in conference with Mr. Walter F. Brown, Postmaster-General, several times before Mr. Cramer started his flight, it was made known.

"In the survey of the northern route" Mr. Glover pointed out, "the water hops are comparatively short, not one of them being more than 800 miles." The idea of a southern air mail line by way of Bermuda and the Azores has not been abandoned, Mr. Glover said, but he pointed out that planes would have to be built to insure a greater degree of safety over long water hops before this route could be established.

Cramer at Reykjavik On Way to Copenhagen

REYKJAVIK, Ice., Aug. 7 (AP)—Mr. Parker Cramer, American flier, landed here early this morning from Angmagsalik, Greenland, on his way to Copenhagen to map a transarctic air mail route from the United States.

Mr. Cramer refuelled his airplane and awaited weather reports from the Faroe Islands, planning to continue his journey today, via Bergen, Norw., to Copenhagen.

South Dakota Acts To Help Farmers In Drought Areas

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

PIERRE, S. D., Aug. 7—Gov. Warren Green has indicated that there is little likelihood of his calling a special session of the State Legislature to work out a program of relief for farmers hit by drought and grasshopper invasion. He has been urged to call a special session but indicates that a majority of the members of the Legislature are strongly against it.

Governor Green believes the State's relief problems can be successfully worked out through his plan of conferences with state leaders.

Following the Governor's recommendation, the State Highway Commission announced that only South Dakota labor would be used on new roadwork.

A special investigating committee is making a survey of 26 counties in which drought damage is reported the greatest. The Governor has indicated that emergencies in these areas will be met by the issuance of county warrants secured by state sinking funds. The most important item of this relief work will be the supplying of feed to carry livestock through the winter.

A group of central South Dakota taxpayers has asked the Governor to call a special session for the purpose of declaring a moratorium on 1931 tax payments and temporary abolition of interest on delinquent taxes. A resolution passed by this group said that because of drought and the effect of grasshoppers on crops many citizens will lose their homes this fall unless tax payments are discontinued.

World Fliers' Plane Held by Japanese

TOKYO, Aug. 7 (AP)—The monoplane in which Mr. Hugh Herndon Jr. and Mr. Clyde Pangborn flew from New York in an unsuccessful attempt to better the round-the-world record, was under lock and key today at the Tachikawa Airdrome, near here.

Meanwhile the fliers, who abandoned their globe-girdling record attempt in favor of a non-stop flight from Tokyo to Seattle, made a detailed statement to Government officials regarding their route here from Khabarovsk, Siberia, the purpose of their visit and other facts.

Foreign Office authorities said they believed difficulties resulting from the fliers' failure to obtain a permit to land in Japan soon will be straightened out.

Officials at first said they would consider the circumstances and not be technical. A somewhat more serious view was taken, however, when a small moving picture camera was found in the plane, which was said to have passed over fortifications at Hakodate on Hokkaido Island. The camera was held by authorities today.

Two Bushels of Wheat Buy One of Peaches

By the Associated Press

Brighton, Ill., Aug. 7

"ONE bushel of peaches for two bushels of wheat or three bushels of oats."

That was the offer of Mr. A. Willard, an orchardist near here, who has reverted to barter to dispose of his peach crop. Mr. Willard circulated handbills advertising that the peaches would be traded at his orchard "as long as they last."

Wool Market Control Urged For Australia

Plan Submitted for Stabilization of Industry There and in British Empire

Special from Monitor Bureau

MELBOURNE, Vic.—A proposal for the stabilization of the Australian wool industry, with the ultimate extension of the plan to all wool-producing countries of the British Empire, was presented at the recent Empire Wool Conference in Melbourne. Representatives from Australia, New Zealand and South Africa attended the conference, the first of its kind ever held.

The plan was presented by Sir John Higgins, chairman in Australia of the British-Australian Wool Realization Association, Ltd., and was referred to experts for examination. The aim of the proposal is to eliminate difficulties arising from alternating boom and slump periods in the wool market. It would guarantee the grower an immediate proportionate return for his clip.

The Higgins plan provides for the insurance of the Australian clip for a period of 10 years to realize an average price of 8d. a pound, under the auspices of a company or association which would be established to control the marketing. The wool would be sent to store, and there appraised under the wartime system, and the proceeds paid to the grower within 14 days of such appraisement.

After the appraisement, the wool would become the property of the association, which would be founded by those people directly interested in the industry. It would be sold by the association in the open market in the usual way, with the proviso that it would be auctioned at such time and in such quantities as the market could absorb at a steady level of values.

The grower thus would be assured of a prompt return on a basis of 8d. for his wool. To this subsequently would be added the profits on the re-sale of the wool in the open market.

These profits, Sir John Higgins suggests, should be divided as follows: 82½ per cent to the wool growers direct; 10 per cent toward the establishment of capital for the association; 5 per cent stabilization or insurance premium; 2½ per cent research fund. When a capital of £10,000,000 had accumulated, the percentage deduction would be eliminated or reduced, and only sufficient deduction be made to maintain the capital for the Australian unit of the Empire scheme at that figure.

Storms at Aklavik Delay Lindberghs

AKLAVIK, N. W. T., Aug. 7 (AP)—Cold winds, fog and rain, born in the Arctic, whipped up the waters of Peel Channel in the delta of the Mackenzie River yesterday, holding Col. and Mrs. Charles A. Lindbergh in this far northern trading post.

They had planned to leave for Point Barrow, Alaska, 536 miles north and west.

The storm came up soon after they landed at 6:05 a. m. (E. S. T.) yesterday, preventing radio communication to the south for 16 hours. The barren lands, great treeless plains, between Fort Simpson and Aklavik, were swept by violent winds.

Meanwhile the Lindberghs were given an opportunity further to explore this "metropolis of the Arctic," where fur traders and trappers, Eskimos and Indians, and mounted policemen mingle. They visited several of the Eskimo homes.

The Tokyo-bound vacationers were guests of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Urquhart.

In the ten days since the Lindberghs left New York, July 27, they have covered slightly less than half of the 7000-mile journey to the Orient.

Apple Washes Up And Attracts Trade

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

BURLINGTON, Vt. Aug. 6—Laundering apples to increase their retail market "salability" is the newest "wrinkle" in horticulture, according to Prof. M. B. Cummings, of the University of Vermont, who said in a recent radio talk that "nobody wants to eat a dirty apple any more." Professor Cummings added that "washed and polished apples will soon be on the market."

The horticulturist explained that machines have been developed for washing, rinsing and wiping the fruit. The retail salesman, he said, may now put away his towel.

Professor Cummings went on to say that the cost of laundering apples need not cost more than 2 cents a bushel when done with a special machine.

HOOVER TOLD AID FOR IDLE IS UP TO HIM

Friends Urge Him to Plan Program to Forestall Political Juggling

REPORT PRESIDENT CLOSE TO SITUATION

U. S. Trade Board Head Outlines Course at White House and Warns Against Dole

By ROBERT S. ALLEN

Staff Correspondent Special From Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7—Organization of a program of unemployment relief for the coming winter in order to forestall widespread political legislative agitation is being urged on President Hoover by many of his close friends and advisers.

Unless the President takes the leadership in getting in motion measures for the economic relief that experts say is certain to be needed this winter, others will, these friends say.

Proposals for various forms of social and governmental aid are inevitable in any event, they declare. It is known that such subjects as unemployment insurance, dole projects and relief appropriations are in contemplation by members of Congress.

The unemployment question will be the major issue of the coming Congress. It is likely to predominate in the 1932 presidential campaign.

The thing for the President to do, they are telling him, is to bring forward a specific and effective program for dealing with the problem in all its phases.

Strawn Reports Progress

This counsel is epitomized in the views expressed late yesterday by Mr. Silas H. Strawn, president of the United States Chamber of Commerce, following a conference with the President on the unemployment problem. Mr. Strawn reported to the President on the progress of a chamber of commerce committee headed by Henry I. Harriman, of Boston, which is making a nation-wide study of unemployment.

"Unless we do something between now and next December," Mr. Strawn said, "there will be more a[gi]tation for dole and similar measu[re]s of relief than ever were heard [in] England or in Germany."

There are no indicati[ons] appreciable improveme[nt] ness, Mr. Strawn dec[lared] coming winter pro[duces] added necessity f[or] aid to needy. Becau[se] tion he is counselli[ng] ganization of relief [and] measures.

Such relief, however, he stressed, should be primarily local and state. He is opposed to any federal dole system.

Vision of Dole Appals

"The idea of a federal dole system of relief," he said, "is simply appalling. Everything possible should be done to forestall it. We need merely study the effect of the dole system in England to realize what it would mean in this country. If it is ever adopted here, the result will be increased idleness, for it will encourage those who do not want to work, to live on the Government."

Aside from the realization that half a dozen or more members of Congress are preparing to sponsor some form of direct federal relief, Mr. Strawn said, it was imperative to attack the unemployment problem now because the winter months promised to make it much more serious.

President Hoover, he said, is thoroughly familiar with all aspects of the problem and is giving all the aid possible in seeking definite solution of it.

"We were able to report progress in our investigation," said Mr. Strawn. "We hope to have a definite plan ready by September. Meanwhile everything possible should be done to discourage the idea of a federal dole."

"Is there any indication of a permanent solution of the technological unemployment situation?" he was asked.

"There is the hope that we will pull out of this depression," he replied.

For Temporary Tax Rise

"Would an increase in taxation aid in improving conditions?"

"It might be better to have a temporary increase of taxation," he replied, "than a permanent increase such a dole would necessitate."

Mr. Strawn's idea that unemployment primarily is a problem calling for action by the states and municipalities is directly in line with President Hoover's policies. It is the President's idea that the Federal Government should aid in every possible way, short of a direct levy on the Treasury.

To this end the Administration has reorganized the employment service of the Department of Labor and has instituted an emergency building program calling for the ultimate expenditure of $425,000,000. It has sought to promote cooperation between the states in providing employment through the operations of the President's Emergency Committee for Employment, and it is now making a new survey for the purpose of ascertaining how the public building program can be increased.

Church Fights School Freedom in Spain

* * *

Roman Catholics Expected to Make Little Headway

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Republic Intends to Halt Domination

* * *

By SISLEY HUDDLESTON

Staff Correspondent By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

MADRID, Aug. 7—It is becoming obvious that Roman Catholicism, which has always been regarded in Spain as one of its chief strongholds, will not permit secular control to be established in the schools without a struggle in the press and Parliament. In the elections the Roman Catholic forces did badly. The Action Nacional obtained results which were found especially disappointing. Yet in some northern constituencies, feeling for the church was strong and even half a dozen priests were elected to the Cortes.

Republicanism is not necessarily opposed to the Roman Catholic Church, but it is opposed to giving a privileged position to that church. President Zamora himself is a practicing Roman Catholic, whose attendance at mass after the proclamation of the Republic was indeed criticized. But the essence of Republicanism is that the church must be divorced from the state, and that there must be only secular control in the schools. There must be toleration for all beliefs, but domination by none.

Reports from Rome recently showed that consistory was held and the Pope conferred with the College of Cardinals on highly important topics. The relations with the Italian State were among them, but still graver, from the viewpoint of the Curia, is the situation in Spain. Cardinal Segura, Archbishop of Toledo and Primate of Spain, is now in exile in France as persona non grata, but he keeps in touch with the Spanish clergy. Cardinal Vidal y Barraquer, Archbishop of Tarragona, has visited Rome. It is probable a large section of the clergy has sincerely rallied to the Republic, but there are changes in regard to the schools, in regard to religious festivities, and in regard to the status of the Jesuits, that cannot lightly be accepted by ecclesiastical authorities.

El Debate, which is an ably conducted Roman Catholic organ, is perpetually engaged in "pin-pricking" the Government. It was especially severe because the Republic did not this year finance the religious

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Kansas Seeks Farm-Industry Union In Order to Process Own Products

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

LAWRENCE, Kan., Aug. 7—A five-year plan outlined here yesterday at an eastern Kansas farm products utilization-day program, proposes development of Kansas industries to process Kansas agricultural products, the marketing of farm products cooperatively or otherwise, and closer cooperation between business interests of the State.

This program, sponsored by farm organizations, the state college, the state university and the state Chamber of Commerce, promises intensive cultivation in the coming years for the dead furrow which has existed between the fields of agriculture and industry in Kansas.

In his address upon the available resources, Gov. Harry H. Woodring said of the problem of taxation, that farm real estate and personal property, such as grain and implements, should be exempt from state tax. "Then," he said, "the local officers could be held strictly accountable for the tax levy against real property."

Mr. Edward A. O'Neal, president of the American Farm Bureau Federation, suggested that a federal tax levy should be applied against the commercial chain institutions that cause a flow to eastern institutions of mid-western money received for agricultural products.

Senator Arthur Capper, agricultural leader, said his hopes for the farming industry of this State are being encouraged more than by anything else by the fact that the Kansas Farmers' Union, the Grange, and the Farm Bureau are working together on this five-year program.

Mr. Maurice L. Breidenthal, president of the Kansas Chamber of Commerce, said, "Our two main cash products—oil and wheat—are selling much below the cost of production. This fact, apparently, has not caused a ripple in the eastern part of the United States. It becomes apparent that our problem must be solved at home. Building factories for processing farm produce at home is a step in the right direction.

"We have the raw material and the resources for processing them. Why not save the costs of transporting the raw rpoducts to the strictly manufacturing states, to buy them back as finished products at prices so much higher as to enabele us to make good earnings processing them here at home?"

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NEUTRALITY END HELD NECESSARY TO WORLD PEACE

Union Against Aggressor Said Only Method to Insure Amity

In view of the approaching disarmament conference in Geneva, special interest attaches to the question of ways and means of putting the Kellogg pact into practical effect and giving the peaceful intentions expressed therein some definite expression in the war departments of the nations concerned. THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR *is therefore printing a series of articles on this vital subject, written by well-known authorities on international affairs, which will appear with successive days' issues, this being the eleventh.*

By WLADIMIR D'ORMESSON

Expert on Franco-German Relations

His article early this year in "L'Europe Nouvelle," suggesting that the reparation and disarmament problem be faced jointly, is said to have presaged President Hoover's debt holiday proposal.

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

PARIS—The year 1932 will prove a decisive one for the future of peace and that of nations. Two problems which are of capital importance will come up simultaneously: that of debts and reparations, and that of limitation of armaments.

Already it seems evident that the suspension of intergovernmental payments which has just been decided upon by the United States, France and the other interested countries, following the bold initiative of President Hoover, is only the beginning of a new adjustment of war accounts, for everything tends to show that in a year's time the economic situation of the world in general, and that of Germany in particular, will not permit the resumption of financial burdens which have a political character and which were assumed at a time when prosperity was artificial rather than real.

So much so that it seems certain that the creditor states, and the United States and France in particular, will have to face a definitive reduction in the money owing them. In that case, the only way of preventing this decrease of income from being felt by the taxpayers of these countries will be to make equivalent economies on their national budgets. But is not the expense of armaments the only one which it is both possible and desirable to reduce, since after all this expense nurtures a feeling of distrust in international relations? And yet such a method of reasoning, which is so simple at first sight, meets with a serious psychological obstacle when put into practice.

Suspect Neighbors

This is the fact that if nations ...e to reduce the large ...s which they spend on ..., it is not because they ... warlike or imperialistic ... because they have not ... in the immutability of ...s' desire for peace. ...is concerned, for ex- ... has twice been in- ...e last 50 years, twice ...en the theater of terrible wars—is it surprising that France is showing extreme caution and a certain amount of hesitation over the question of disarmament, when precisely at the time when this problem is the order of the day, an awakening on nationalist agitations in Germany is evident to everyone?

Is the problem without solution? No, it is not. On the contrary, in my opinion, the Hoover plan, which marks such an important step in the solidarity of civilized people, ought to provide the occasion of setting the limping machinery of peace on its legs. I have said that what keeps nations from reducing their armaments is that they are not sure they will not have to defend themselves alone in the case of war being imposed upon them. It is therefore necessary for those nations which really want to practice further the policy of solidarity and peace, to acquire the certainty that they will never be the victims of their confidence in international conventions.

It is necessary for those countries which want to substitute a policy of arbitration and conciliation for the old policy of force, to agree between themselves to abolish the possibility, in certain cases, of seeking refuge in passive neutrality. It should not be difficult to implement in this way the Briand-Kellogg Pact which outlawed war. Such a clause as the following would complete the work so well begun:

"In the case of a political conflict between two or more countries, if the litigation has not been settled by the normal diplomatic or juridical means, it shall be submitted to arbitration. If one or several parties to the litigation refuse to arbitrate or to accept the sentence of the arbiters, all other state signatories to the pact will find themselves in a state of diplomatical disunion with the refractory country or countries and will range themselves against them if there should be war."

Pacifist Focusing Needed

Such a focusing of the solidarity of nations which are resolutely pacifist is an important duty which they must face. If this state of things had existed in 1914, the World War would not have been declared, since the real responsibility of the central empires was to refuse three times methods of arbitration proposed by the Cabinets of London, Paris and St. Petersburg.

Until now some nations have hesitated to commit themselves so explicity to a protocol of mutual assurance, because such a commitment seemed to carry certain risks. But they must take these risks in order to eliminate them. And anyway, in case of war it is evident that no state, however peaceable it may be, can remain for very long outside the terrible upheaval. The nations would therefore not be imprudent, but on the contrary very wise, if they affirmed in advance that they would always be on the side whose rights under international law had been violated, because they would in this way very surely discourage any prospective instigators of disorder. No nation, however strong it might be, would ever dare provoke an armed conflict if it knew beforehand that it would find a still more powerful coalition opposed to it.

All rational people must therefore acknowledge that real solidarity and definitely organized peace cannot be achieved until the old conception of neutrality has been revised. Neutrality is inseparable from war. Whoever wants to abolish war as a barbarous custom must abolish neutrality as international cowardice.

On this point the most noble idealism is in complete accord with the most practical political realism. The time has come when all wise people should work at the solution of this problem. For this solution is the only way of insuring a maximum of security to civilized peoples, and enabling them to reduce, in a reasonable way, their military expenses, and to improve national and international economics.

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WAAB ANTENNA TO BE DEDICATED

Dedication of radio station WAAB's 430 foot quarter-wave antenna tower, said to be the first of its kind in the world, will take place tonight at 6 o'clock. Mr. John Shepard 3d, president of the Yankee network, will throw the switch which will transfer the output to the new transmitter at Squantum. Senator David I. Walsh of Massachusetts will make the dedicatory address. The new quarter-wave antenna is unique because the skywave will be reduced and the ground-wave increased, making the signal strength greater locally.

PORT OF BOSTON IMPORTS INCREASE

A substantial increase in the importation of dutiable merchandise at the Port of Boston, during July, as compared with July a year ago, is considered significant of the gradually improving trend in the field of industry, according to shipping men.

Statistics made public today by Mr. W. W. Lufkin, Collector of Customs, at Boston, shows that the customs duties collected at the Massachusetts District in July totaled $2,228,364.93, compared with $1,538,773.80 for the corresponding period in 1930, an increase of $689,591.13.

OLD HOME WEEKS ANNOUNCED

CONCORD, N. H., Aug. 6 (AP)—Mr. Andrew L. Felker, secretary of the New Hampshire Old Home Week Association said yesterday 26 towns will hold old home week celebrations this month. They are: Meredith, Nelson, Centerbury, Richmond, Grafton, Hebron, Lempster, Webster, Boscawen, Chesterfield, Cornish, Freedom, Londonderry, Marlboro, Surry, Wilmot, Center Sandwich, Epsom, Gilmanton, Salisbury, Westmoreland, Gilford, Bridgewater, Monroe, Sandown, Lyndboro.

Fancy Fowl, 4 lb. average	29c
Forequarter Lamb	14c
Smoked Shoulder, B.S.	15c
Boneless Beef For Roast	25c
Face Rump Roast Steer Beef	39c
Boneless Sirloin Roast	45c
Sliced Bacon, B.S.	25c
Armour's Star Ham, 8 to 10	35c
C. B. Butter, full of cream	32c
Kellogg's Pep	9c
Kellogg's Corn Flakes	2 for 15c
Campbell's Tomato Soup	3 for 25c
Rinso	2 large pkgs. 37c
J. A. Fruit Salad	2 for 23c
J. A. Bartlett Pears	2 for 25c
J. A. Tomatoes	Large 19c
Van Camp's Milk	4 for 25c
Fairy Soap	4c

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NEW ADVANCED COURSE AT YALE MAY BE FIXTURE

Success of First Session Said to Promise Permanency of Plan

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 7—If the next two annual sessions of the Yale University Summer Conference for Advanced Students of Education are as enthusiastically received as the session this summer has been, the conference will become a permanent feature of the work in education at Yale University. This statement was made today by Prof. Clyde M. Hill, chairman of the Department of Education at Yale, and director of the conference.

Th conference, which brought together a small group of graduate students and men and women of wide educational experience for the study of important problems in the field of education, will close tomorrow. The conference has undertaken a three-year experiment plan, of which this is the first session.

Twenty-six states were represented among the students, who lived in Yale dormitories during the five weeks of the conference. The faculty included Prof. Boyd H. Bode of Ohio State University; Walter A. Jessup, president of the University of Iowa; Prof. Truman L. Kelley of Harvard University; Mr. John W. Studebaker, superintendent of city schools, Des Moines, Iowa; Prof. Edward L. Thorndike of Columbia University, and Professor Hill. Special lectures were given by Professors Hughes, Mearns and A. F. Myers of New York University, and Prof. M. B. Hillegas of Columbia University.

The student body included principals of high schools, elementary schools, and junior high schools; city school superintendents; supervisors in normal schools, teachers' colleges, and elementary schools; college, teachers college, and normal school teachers; and graduate students. Approximately 15 per cent of the group have received the Doctor of Philosophy degree, and 86 per cent have the Master of Arts degree. Sixty-eight colleges and universities were represented.

"In planning the conference for next summer," said Professor Hill, "the Department of Education expects to make generous use of suggestions which have come from members of the 1931 group. Frequent personal interviews have been held with students and faculty members and these have been supplemented by a questionnaire designed primarily to locate the least satisfactory features of the conference.

"Many helpful suggestions have been received, but the striking thing about the replies is the universal and enthusiastic approval of the work as it has been conducted this year. The sincerity of these appraisals is attested by the fact that more than 80 per cent of the students who replied to the questionnaire have applied for admission to the 1932 conference."

OCEAN CUT RATES STIMULATE TRAVEL

That the reduced transatlantic passenger rates recently announced will stimulate ocean travel to a great extent, is the opinion of William A. McIsaac, manager of the Boston office of the United States Lines, who says that many requests for accommodations have already been received for the sailings on Aug. 19 of the Leviathan and the President Roosevelt, the first two transatlantic liners to leave New York with the new low rates.

The Leviathan's winter rates have been cut from $270 to $240, first class, resulting in a saving of $60 for a round trip first class voyage, said Mr. McIsaac, and the more expensive accommodations including suites and de-luxe rooms have been cut proportionately.

ROTTERDAM PLANS BULB SHIPMENTS

Announcement was made this week by Rogers and Webb, Boston shipping agents, that arrangements had been made by the Black Diamond Shipping Corporation and the Bulb Growers Association of Holland, for several sailings from Rotterdam for North Atlantic ports during the bulb season through September. Special contract rates on shipments of bulbs to inland parts of the United States have been made at 90 cents per hundred weight. The steamer Pack City is to sail from Rotterdam for Boston, Philadelphia and New York; the S. S. Ambrigia Sept. 9 and the S. S. Whiteville, Sept. 16.

Large quantities of bulbs are shipped annually from Holland to this country.

EVENTS TONIGHT

Motion Pictures

Fine Arts—"Eight Days' Happiness," 1 to 11.

Majestic—"The Five Year Plan," 1 to 11.

EVENTS TOMORROW

Boston Museum of Fine Arts: Colonial portraits, Mr. Seaver, 11.

Children's Museum of Boston: Motion picture, "With Byrd to the South Pole," Olmstead Park, Jamaica Plain, 3.

Boston Mycological Club: Middlesex Fells excursion; leave Sullivan Square, 1:30.

Field and Forest Club: Lynn beach outing, leave Rowes Wharf 2:05.

Lynn Historical Society: Open house and museum exhibition, 125 Green Street, Lynn, 2:30 to 5.

Current Art Exhibitions

Museum of Fine Arts, Huntington Avenue—Admission free. Open weekdays from 10 to 5 except Mondays, when the Museum is closed. Sundays, 1 to 5. Free guidance in the galleries Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday at 11 o'clock. Special exhibitions. Modern French paintings lent by John T. Spaulding; loan exhibition of water colors by Winslow Homer; early Italian engravings; nineteenth century landscapes and seascapes; bookplates by Sidney Lawton Smith; British mezzotint portraits; chiarescuro woodcuts. Stencil designs by Thomas A. Fox.

Fogg Art Museum, Cambridge—Open weekdays, 9 to 5; Sundays, 1 to 5; admission free. English water colors of the early nineteenth century; French drawings. Prints from the fifteenth to the nineteenth centuries, including works of Mantegna, Dürer, Rembrandt, Whistler, Merryon and Daumier. Through the summer.

Boston Public Library, Copley Square—In the Treasure Room, material illustrating the history of bookmaking. Throu th the summer.

Robert C. Vose Galleries, 559 Boylston Street—Colonnal portraits and old ship paintings.

Casson Galleries, 575 Boylston Street—General summer exhibition.

Guild of Boston Artists, 162 Newbury Street—Summer exhibit of paintings, miniatures, sculpture and etchings.

Society of Arts and Crafts, 9 Park Street—Summer exhibition.

Goodspeed's Book Shop, 7 Ashburton Place—General summer exhibition.

Goodman-Walker Print Shop, 607 Boylston Street—Contemporary etchings and old master prints.

Schervee Studios, 665 Boylston Street—Etchings and engravings about ships and the sea.

For Other Exhibitions See Monday's Monitor

Brother and Sister Win Dairy Contest

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

AMHERST, Mass., Aug. 7—Joseph and Helen Sena of Easthampton, brother and sister, won first place in the dairy demonstration contest at the state 4-H dairy club meet at Massachusetts State College, Aug. 4 and 5. Their demonstration of producing clean milk won for them a free trip to the National Dairy Exposition at St. Louis, Mo., in October. This is the third consecutive victory for Hampshire County demonstration teams.

Teams from five counties, entered in this contest, were: Hampshire, Joseph and Helen Sena; Hampden, Kenneth Brown and Thomas Kane; Berkshire, Harry Tooley and Craig Fletcher; Essex, George Lambert and Justin Little; Worcester, Douglas Forest and Andrew Brown. Judges were Willard A. Munson, director of the Massachusetts Extension Service, and Donald Keller, field representative of the American Jersey Cattle Club.

Officers elected for the state 4-H dairy club are: President, Craig Fletcher, Lanesboro; vice-president, Stanley Chittenden, Williamstown; secretary, Edwin Hartley, Westfield. More than 100 dairy club members attended.

WATERWAYS MEN TO BE ENTERTAINED

Plans for entertainment of about 1200 delegates from all of the Atlantic seaboard states with their families and friends, who are expected to attend the twenty-fourth annual convention of the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association in Boston early in October, were announced today by Frank S. Davis, manager of the Maritime Association of the Boston Chamber of Commerce.

Arrangements are to be made for tours of inspection around Boston Harbor, through the Cape Cod Canal, and probably other harbors, including Fall River, New Bedford, Lynn, Salem and Gloucester. An invitation will be extended to members of the national House Committee on Rivers and Harbors, and special efforts will be made to have the committee attend the convention in a body.

Coin Fishers Stampede Hudson River Piers

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Aug. 7—They're fishing for money here. A small boy with an idea precipitated a rush to the water front on Aug. 4, when he began scooping coins out of the Hudson River at the Day Line pier.

The boy conceived the idea of punching nail holes in an old pail and dropping it overboard on a line. He found he was able to bring up at one time as much as $4 in coins which passengers on Hudson River Day Line vessels had pitched overboard for boys to dive into the water after. By night there were 18 boats at the pier, their occupants working hard by lantern in keen competition.

WEATHER PREDICTIONS

U. S. Weather Bureau Report

Boston and Vicinity: Partly cloudy and cooler tonight and Saturday; moderate north to east winds.

Maine: Cloudy probably followed by rain in southern portion late tonight or Saturday; slightly cooler tonight and on the southern coast Saturday.

New Hampshire: Cloudy followed by rain late tonight or Saturday. Cooler tonight and on the coast Saturday.

Vermont: Rain tonight and probably Saturday morning; slightly cooler tonight.

Massachusetts: Cloudy and cooler tonight; Saturday partly cloudy and cooler on the coast.

Rhode Island and Connecticut: Cloudy and cooler tonight and Saturday.

Atlantic coast north of Sandy Hook: Moderate north shifting to northeast winds over northern portion and moderate to fresh west shifting to north and northeast winds over southern portion; weather somewhat overcast tonight and Saturday, with occasional rain over northern portion tonight or Saturday.

Official Temperatures

(Standard time, 75th meridian)

	8 a.m. Aug.7	Max. Aug.6		8 a.m. Aug.7	Max. Aug.6
Atlantic City	76	86	New Orleans	80	92
Bismarck	62	62	New York	78	92
Boston	80	97	Norfolk, Va.	80	90
Buffalo	70	84	North Platte,	68	92
Calgary	42	..	Philadelphia,	82	96
Charleston	74	88	Phoenix, Ariz.	76	90
Chicago	74	90	Pittsburgh	74	92
Cincinnati	74	90	Portland, Me.	74	98
Denver	66	82	Raleigh	74	86
Hatteras	82	86	St. Louis	76	90
Helena, Mont.	56	88	St. Paul	66	86
Huron, S. D.	74	88	Salt Lake C.	64	84
Jacksonville,	78	90	San Francisco	54	66
Kansas City,	78	86	Santa Fe, N.M.	60	82
Key West	84	90	Seattle	54	66
Los Angeles	64	78	Tampa	80	92
Memphis	76	88	Washington	78	94
Miami, Fla.	84	88	Wichita, Kan.	74	94
Montreal	66	90	Williston	60	82
Nantucket	74	86			

High Tides at Boston

Friday 6:32 p. m., Saturday 7:08 a. m.
Height of tides 8.5 feet, 7.4 feet.

Light all vehicles at 8:28 p. m.

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British States Shown to Find Strength in Commonwealth

(Continued from Page 1)

tion of the interests of our citizens both by diplomatic and consular agencies.

"Any Dominion contemplating absolute severance from the mother country might well be deterred by the necessity of setting up a complete diplomatic and consular organization. Another interimperial link of a material sort is trade and finance."

Against these advantages to membership in the Commonwealth, Professor Corbett pointed out the risk of being drawn into a war in which Canada may have no immediate interest, but he did not consider the risk of sufficient importance to outweigh the advantages.

In view of this he declared that at the present time there are no signs of an approaching dissolution of the Commonwealth. "If one does not foresee disolution, what then," he asked, "is to be the further course of development?"

He said the answer to this question merges with the general course of political development in the world at large. "I feel convinced," he said, "that humanity is slowly, but logically and surely, evolving in the direction of effective world government.

"The great war of 1914-18 taught us the necessity of world organization in the political sphere. The great economic depression may teach us with equal clearness the necessity of organization in the sphere of economic relations. Such world-wide organization need not obliterate nationalities; on the contrary, it will use them. In all those matters which can be better governed by decentralization we shall have national states or groups of states.

Sees Union to Continue

"In a world so ordered, I can see a British Commonwealth of nations still functioning for the administration of matters of common British interest, and for the maintenance and perpetuation of British traditions and ideals."

Professor Underhill agreed with Professor Gregory that separation is unlikely, but outlined different reasons, and pointed out an economic tendency which even today makes England as much a foreign nation to Canada, from the tariff point of view, as is the United States.

The actual link, he believed, which binds the Dominions to Great Britain is the force of custom and the confidence in each other which more than 100 years' experience has established.

"Success in adjusting all difficulties in the past by consultation has produced a confidence," he said, "that there are no difficulties in the future which cannot be adjusted by the same method."

He also pointed out that Canada is still bound to England by certain legal limitations on its autonomy which large portions of its population wish to retain. As an example he said the French element still tended to regard Britain as a guarantor of their minority rights and were averse to seeing its control over the amendment and interpretation of the Canadian constitution removed.

He said the major problem in the relationship between Canada and the mother country today is, however, economic. Pointing out that Canada's trade during recent years has more and more tended to pass outside the Empire, he said the present strong protectionist attitude of the country made any idea of opening Canadian markets further to British goods impracticable.

"The Canadian Government," he said, "is not prepared to offer the only reasonable quid pro quo in compensation for its demand of a protected market for Canadian wheat in England."

Canada for Canadians

He said the whole plausibility of the idea of making a closed economic system of the Empire was based upon the fact that "we live in a high protectionist world." If the world interest in protectionism languishes, he said, the reason for the scheme will disappear.

"In the meantime," he concluded, "Canada's own protectionist sentiment centers about Canada, not about the Empire; and Canadian manufacturers regard their British competitors as foreigners just as they regard American manufacturers."

Speaking for Australia, Professor Cross said, it is impossible to envisage a time when it will be its desire to become a nation outside the Commonwealth. He insisted, however, that Australia has the right to secede if it wishes.

As reasons for his conviction of unity he cited that 97.5 per cent of the population of Australia is of British stock; dependence on the British Navy for security in a remote corner of the world, and strong economic ties with England.

He pointed out that Australia has a population of only 6,500,000 persons in a territory larger than continental United States and that it is surrounded by densely populated eastern nations seeking an outlet.

On the economic side, Professor Cross said Great Britain is Australia's best customer and that in return she takes by far the greatest part of the latter's exports. For these reasons he concluded there is no difficulty in predicting a continuance of Australia's connection with the Commonwealth.

English View Set Forth

According to Professor Gregory, there is less reason for the continuance of the Commonwealth from the English point of view than from that of the Dominions, but he indicated that England is not prepared to grant outright freedom to India because it more directly touches English prestige.

He said that the romantic conception of the Empire as portrayed in the writings of Rudyard Kipling, is entirely gone and that it is now being realized that the imperial sentiment was fostered and maintained in England largely by the military and aristocratic classes.

The working classes, he pointed out, were hardly affected by the specific economic and political circumstances which moved those educated in the select private schools of England and Scotland and Ireland, and have practically no interest, and less affection, for imperial theories.

Generally speaking, it appeared to Professor Gregory that the attitude of the Dominions toward Great Britain and the Empire was much more dominated by a desire to exploit interimperial relations, than was the case in Great Britain itself.

Toward India, he declared, there was an entirely different feeling. It was not so much a case of reluctance to cut economic ties, as that liberation of India would imply an immense loss of prestige.

"Provided," he said, "the Indian politicians would be willing to remain within the Empire, there is practically no sacrifice which English public opinion will not tolerate. But the threat to impose differential disadvantages against English traders and capital in India itself is hardening the turn of discussion of Indian problems even in the Liberal and Labor sections of British political life."

See No Threat in Soviet Wheat

Russia's present attempt to regain some of its pre-war wheat market does not constitute a serious threat to the other wheat-growing countries of the world, Prof. Jacob Viner of the University of Chicago declared today before the round-table on international problems of commercial and financial policy.

Russia, he explained, is seeking to achieve a balanced production in all commodities. This means that it will tend more and more to shift men and land from production of surplus commodities to production of others for which the supply is inadequate to the domestic demand. He did not think the present surplus of wheat production would be permitted to continue for long in view of serious lack of other agricultural products.

He also pointed out that Russia's policy is to raise the standard of living of its population as rapidly as possible. This would indicate an increasing domestic consumption, which would soon absorb present domestic surpluses and cut down the exportable balance.

Professor Viner then devoted the balance of the discussion to the rapid growth of invisible trade restrictions in recent years which, he held, constitute violations of trade treaty agreements. Such practices as import quotas, price-fixing for domestic crops, subsidies, export debentures and so-called "sanitary" regulations are, he said, largely making obsolete most-favored-nation treaty technique.

"The purpose of these measures," he said, "is in most cases not mainly economic, but political. They are intended to maintain a contented and prosperous agrarian population as a basis for a bourgeois block standing firm against the threat of Socialism and Bolshevism.

"They are often the means of evading burdensome treaty obligations of concealing from the consumers the burden placed upon them and of lessening the need for securing legislative authority, and therefore, of indulging in troublesome debate."

So many exceptions were taken to the figures presented by Prof. Arthur N. Holcombe of Harvard University at the round table on the future of democracy that it was difficult to reach any definite conclusions on the cultural characteristics of democratic powers. In only two classes could anything approaching the conclusive be found—in religion and in literacy.

So far as religion was concerned, his statistics classed every Protestant state as a democracy, while a large majority of Roman Catholic states were shown to be dictatorships or states that had some other form of government than democracy.

Dictators and Literacy

On the question of literacy he found that no state in which there is more than 90 per cent literacy is ruled by a dictatorship and that no illiterate state accepts a democracy at present.

The succession of states set up by the Treaty of Versailles has failed to solve the problem of minorities, Dr. Joseph S. Roucek, professor of the Centenary Junior College, Hackettstown, N. J., who is of Czechoslovakian origin, told the roundtable on social psychology of international conduct. The reason was, he said, because of historical, political, economic and strategic reasons; many minority groups were incorporated into the boundaries of these new states. Their protection was incorporated into the so-called minorities treaties which are under the guaranty of the League of Nations.

These treaties, he declared, will not solve the minority problem, because they emphasize the problem as a legal problem, though, according to his notion, the problem is primarily a "psychological problem."

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RUSSIAN VOTE OUTCOME HELD VITAL TO REICH

(Continued from Page 1)

and Dr. Heinrich Bruening, German Chancellor, at their first conference, were world disarmament, and reparations, as defined by the Hoover moratorium. The meeting between the two heads of the Governments of Germany and Italy was very cordial and both expressed their satisfaction at the opportunity of reviewing together the main political and economic problems of Europe.

The conference also was attended by Dr. Julius Curtius and Signor Dino Grandi, German and Italian Foreign Ministers, and further meetings between the Italian and German statesmen will take place tomorrow.

The presence of the German ministers in Rome, though perhaps it has less political significance than their recent trips to London and Paris, is regarded as an important continuation of those visits. Italy took part in the general conversations at Paris and London, but its contribution through those meetings was more moral and political than material. At the same time, however, Italy has shown it was ready to join the other great powers in extending to Germany necessary support to enable it to recover from the present financial and economic difficulties. In this respect the visit of the German ministers may be considered as an acknowledgment by Germany of the various recent proofs of Italian friendship toward it and as an outward sign of European collaboration in general.

The warm welcome given to the Germans at the station, where they were greeted by Signor Mussolini and a large number of government and civic representatives, showed that the visit is popular. Relations between Germany and Italy have for some time been very cordial, and one result of this visit will be to consolidate still further the friendly relations.

Great reserve is maintained in Italian circles on the topics to be discussed by the statesmen, but in addition to disarmament and reparations it is believed the ministers will examine the projected Austro-German customs union treaty, relations between Italy and Germany, their collaboration on the League of Nations and political and economic problems affecting Europe in general, and their respective countries in particular.

Dr. Bruening and Dr. Curtius were entertained today by Signor Grandi. They leave Rome tomorrow so they may be in Berlin Monday.

New York Reserve Bank Renews Reich Loan Share

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—Renewal by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York of its share in the $100,000,000 credit to the Reichsbank, extended June 25 in company with the Bank for International Settlements, the Bank of England and the Bank of France, and which became due today, was announced yesterday.

Originally granted for three weeks, the loan was first renewed for a like period on July 16. The extent of the present renewal was not specified in the statement.

It was recommended to the creditor institutions by the London conference of ministers last month that the loan be renewed for three months, and the statement last Monday by the Bank for International Settlements that it had renewed its portion carried the clause "for a period up to three months." The Bank of France announced the same action, and both renewals were subject to similar procedure by the Federal Reserve Bank and the Bank of England.

The latter, according to reports from authoritative quarters, is unwilling to make more than a month's renewal at this time, even as it opposed a longer period of accommodation with the first renewal announcement July 16, when the Bank for International Settlements granted "a three-month" extension. The period of renewal was accordingly reduced at that time.

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AROUND the world of news in 15 minutes is featured by The Christian Science Monitor in its daily broadcast from Station WHDH (361 meters-830 kilocycles). This program, entitled "The Monitor Views the News," is given each week day at 6:30 p. m. (E. D. S. T.)

Freight Rates Rise Protested in Maine

PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 7 (AP)—An increase in railroad freight rates would drive Maine industry to a greater patronage of trucks and ships for transportation, Mr. W. Gerald Holmes, industrial engineer of the New England Public Service Corporation, yesterday told Mr. Claude A. Porter of the Interstate Commerce Commission at the closing session of the first sectional hearing on the petition of the railroads for a 15 per cent increase in freight rates.

Mr. Frank P. Washburn, State Commissioner of Agriculture, said the increase would be "an unfair burden" on the farmers of the State, and asserted the increase would "finally come out of the farmer's pocket."

Mr. Benjamin Curtis, traffic manager of the Norton Company, Worcester, Mass., manufacturers of grinding wheels, said his concern might be forced to move to the middle West if the increase was allowed.

PROMPT AID SOUGHT FOR CAPE COD CANAL

Ways and means of obtaining prompt action by the Federal Government in the improvement of the Cape Cod Canal, as recently recommended to the Congress of the United States by the Department of War, are to be discussed by members of the Maritime Association of New York and the Maritime Association of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, at an informal joint meeting at the Brookline Country Club, Aug. 10.

About 25 or more officers, directors and members of the New York Association are to be guests of the Boston Association on that day.

AID TO SOVIET CONDEMNED

AUSTIN, Texas, Aug. 7 (AP)—The Texas House of Representatives today in a resolution condemned American industrialists who send modern machinery to Russia to aid in the Five-Year Plan. The resolution asked Congress to place an embargo on all Russian products and condemned the use of Americans to direct the industrialization campaign.

BRIDGE TOLLS JUDGES NAMED

CONCORD, N. H., Aug. 7 (AP)—The Public Service Commission today received notice of the three judges who will hear the Hampton Toll Bridge case, relating to alleged excess tolls, at Boston, Sept. 8. They are Judges Anderson, Letts and Lowell. The toll bridge is owned by the Northeastern Street Railway Company.

ARTHUR FIEDLER TO SAIL

Mr. Arthur Fiedler, conductor of the Pops and the Esplanade concerts, sails from New York on the North German Lloyd liner Europa tonight, it was announced by the local office of the line. Mr. Fiedler plans to visit his mother in Austria and to make a motor tour through that country, Germany and France.

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WAR GUILT ISSUE IS DOMINATING Y.M.C.A. PARLEY

World Conference Leaders Seek to Work Out Compromise Measure

By WALTER W. VAN KIRK
Special to The Christian Science Monitor

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 7—The war guilt question continues to stand out as the dominant issue before the World Conference of the Young Men's Christian Association now in the fourth day of its session in the public auditorium.

Efforts are being made by the conference leaders to work out a compromise proposal that can be agreed to by the French and German delegations and the conference as a whole. That this will be an exceedingly difficult thing to do is readily admitted by Dr. John R. Mott, president of the conference.

The German delegation insists that the time has come for a clear-cut statement on this question, while the French delegation insists that the war guilt issue does not properly fall within the legislative functions of the world conference.

Dr. Joachim Miller, spokesman for the Germans, summed up the case for his delegation by saying: "It is impossible and unjust for the nations to place the sole responsibility for the World War on Germany."

Against Movement

Mr. R. T. Evans of the Wales association movement spoke for those who are insisting that no action whatever be taken on this question. "Why complicate matters," he said, "at the very moment when President Hoover is making such a desperate effort to establish peace in Europe through a modification of the war debts and reparations."

The compromise proposal being suggested by many of the delegates would have the conference denounce all "unjust" treaties, without making specific reference to the Versailles Treaty as such.

The resolution on disarmament, which will be presented to the conference tomorrow, suggests that each national council of the Y. M. C. A. petition its own government to make drastic reduction of armaments at the Geneva conference next February.

Speaking on the theme, "The Crisis of Society," Dr. Reinhold Niebuhr of New York, at this morning's plenary session of the world conference, criticized both the state and the church for their moral inertia in the face of existing conditions.

"It would be difficult," said Dr. Niebuhr, "to ascribe too great an importance or too much urgency to the social problem which our generation faces. We have achieved economic interdependence among the nationals of the world without having developed the kind of social intelligence which makes this kind of mutual dependence sufferable."

Free Speech Issue

The question of free speech became an issue in the international convention of the North American Associations when General Secretary Stevens of the Danville (Illinois) Y. M. C. A., speaking before the sectional conference on social issues, baldly stated that the association had no business in concerning itself with controversial industrial, economic and political questions.

"The prime object of the Y. M. C. A.," Mr. Stevens said, "is to promote good will and understanding. We have something more to do than to start arguments on questions on which there can be no common convictions. In our 'Y' organization at Danville we do not discuss controversial questions." When asked to indicate what some of those questions were Mr. Stevens became hard pressed for an answer. It was evident that the large majority of the members of this particular sectional conference was in favor of a "free speech" platform.

When one of the delegates would complain that contributions dropped off every time controversial issues were brought up for discussion, other delegates would counter by saying that local Y. M. C. A. organizations that put contributions ahead of issues had no right to exist anyway.

Mr. William E. Sweet, former Governor of Colorado, pretty well summed up the convictions of the majority when he said: "One of the primary purposes of the Y. M. C. A. is to establish friendly contacts between the various groups of a local community. We want not only a free platform but conference and group discussion on these significant problems. Above all, the 'Y' should be willing to have the facts on both sides of a dispute brought into the open, leaving it for the people themselves to draw their own conclusions."

Armament Reducation

The same sectional Conference on Social Questions, presided over by Mr. B. B. Williams of Mount Vernon, Ohio, has drawn up a set of resolutions on disarmament and the relation of the individual to war. These resolutions were drafted by a committee headed by Mr. Sweet. In substance they call for a drastic reduction of armaments at next year's conference at Geneva. They also recognize the right of the individual to decline participation in military service in obedience to the dictates of conscience. These resolutions will be brought before todays plenary session of the international convention.

One of the most hotly contested debates of the conference of the North American associations centered around the general proposition of admitting both sexes into full membership privileges in the Y. M. C. A. to make possible an identical status of the sexes as affecting recognition, rights and responsibilities in association affairs would require an amendment to the standing rules of the international convention.

Such an amendment was presented by Mr. Walter M. Wood, general secretary of the Y. M. C. A. of Philadelphia. "The present-day emphasis," said Mr. Wood, "is generally on the unities and common interests of the sexes rather than upon their differences. One of the chief services which a Christian association can render in these times is to teach and lead men, women, boys and girls to work and play together with mutual respect and helpfulness."

This proposal was supported by Mr. Judson J. McKim of Cincinnati, and just as warmly opposed by many Y. M. C. A. secretaries and by Mabel Head, general secretary of the Cleveland Y. W. C. A. and by Miss Anna V. Rice, General Secretary of the National Council of the Y. W. C. A., Miss Rice contended that the contemplated action, if adopted, would work hardships on the Y. W. C. A.

Make for Confusion

"The adoption of the proposed amendment," said Miss Rice, "would make for confusion and misunderstanding. The women of the National Council of the Y. W. C. A. are in the main absolutely opposed to this step being taken." After an all-day debate the sectional conference dealing with this question voted to table the Wood amendment with the understanding that still another resolution would be introduced at a later time providing that the question of giving women a place in the Y. M. C. A. shall be left to the decision of the National Council of each country. The whole question, however, will be brought up again at today's full conference.

The sectional conference on "Present-Day Policies in Our World Service Program," was presided over by Mr. Francis S. Harmon, of Hattiesburg, Miss. Representatives of various nationalities urged the North American associations to send an additional number of secretaries to the foreign fields.

Last night's plenary session of the world conference and the international convention was addressed by Dr. Erich Stange, head of the Y. M. C. A. movement in Germany and Prof. Henry Pitt Van Dusen of Union Theological Seminary, New York.

Dr. Stange referred to the New Testament as "a handful of dynamite," adding that there was enough power in the Christian gospel to reconstitute the institutions and practices of men and nations in the interest of world peace and international understanding. The speaker deplored the tendency in many Y. M. C. A.'s to put the Bible in a place of secondary importance.

Study of the Bible

"One of the primary purposes for which the association movement was brought into being," Dr. Stange said, "was to provide our men and boys with an opportunity to study the Bible, particularly the New Testament. Today, Bible study has been all but forgotten in many of our local associations. We have gone in for programs. Involving athletics and social and political relationships to the utter neglect of a systematic and serious study of the Christian gospel, without which our social panaceas will come to nothing."

Dr. Stange said that he was none too sanguine regarding the future of the association movement unless there was a speedy return to the earlier practices of the organization. "These hours we are passing together in Cleveland," he said, "are of unique significance. They will decide the faith of the world's alliance. Unless we succeed in restoring the open Bible to the true place which it should hold in our organization, then sooner or later the end of our world brotherhood will come.

"And that is not the worst; the worst is, that in this hour of the world's history and of youth there can be no more delay. Sinister forces are moving against us. A great and decisive battle between the Christian gospel and its enemies has begun, such as has not been waged for centuries. The Young Men's Christian Association will have neglected to give its message to the younger generation if it loses itself in mere activities or social service and forgets its original purpose."

Youth to Stand Firm

Professor Van Dusen, in urging the Christian youth of the world to stand firm in the presence of the forces making for unrest and atheism, said: "The Christian's dedication is to a devotion without regard to consequences, without expectation of achievement or reward. The appeal is always beyond any immediate or measurable results, to eternity. Hence comes its quality of endurance. The resources of Christianity are the resources of faith, a willingness to launch out in devotion to goals believed to be achievable but never actually attained."

Dr. C. Y. Cheng, moderator of the Church of Christ in China, will address the conference at tonight's session. Through an international hookup the voices of President Hoover and Mr. Richard Bedford Bennett, Premier of Canada, will be brought to the conference on Saturday evening at a public gathering assembled in Cleveland's new arena.

NEUTRALITY FATAL, DRY LEADER ASSERTS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (AP)—Dr. F. Scott McBride, General Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, said today that "half measures or attempts to straddle on prohibition will be suicidal on the part of the political party that attempts it."

"In the 1932 campaign," he said in a statement, "neither political party can afford to be neutral on this question either in its platform or in its candidate."

A Memento of Its Own Former Glory

BEAUREGARD HOUSE, NEW ORLEANS, LA. Drawing by Maurice Ries

Beauregard House Is Restored As Relic of New Orleans' Past

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW ORLEANS, La. — New Orleans, city of tradition and respecter of the past, is raising another memorial to its olden days.

Deep in the city's ancient French Quarter, the Vieux Carré of another time, a venerable house is being restored to its former stately glory, and soon it will stand as a memento and a museum to its own past. But better still, it will serve New Orleans too as a link in one of the city's outstanding welfare organizations. It will house workshops and dormitories for the city's homeless and unemployed in its lower floors, while upstairs will repose the yellowed documents, the faded uniforms and the dim pictures that were part of its honorable yesteryear.

The place is the famous old Beauregard House, whose stately columns and graceful winding stairs have long been pointed out to tourists. It was the birthplace of Paul Morphy, the American whose chess wizardry astounded the world in the last century, and for many years it was the residence of Gen. P. G. T. Beauregard, one of the heroes of the Confederate cause. It has fallen to the dregs of respectability. Plaster fell, woodwork rotted or was stripped away for fuel; porches and doors crumbled, and there was none to replace them, and when windows were broken, wind and rain had the freedom of them.

But now, with the house in its second century of existence, understanding hands are lifting it to its former estate. It is being restored under capable direction that will soon find it as it stood when the best families of old New Orleans gathered in its enormous ballroom for their formal dances, and when the Creole men and girls made a brave scene: uniforms and hoop-skirts, swords and jasmines.

Two years ago the old house was about to be sold for conversion into a factory. Then Mr. W. J. Warrington, New Orleans' kindly old benefactor of the poor, launched the movement to preserve Beauregard House as a memorial to General Beauregard. The Warrington House movement already numbered three units in the old quarter of New Orleans; Beauregard House was acquired as the fourth. A Beauregard House Memorial Association was formed, whose honorary president is now Miss Grace E. King, noted Louisiana historian and author. Its membership includes many leading Orleanians.

Remodeling was begun, and has progressed slowly during the past two years. New porches have been added, plaster inside is being replaced, the floors refinished, woodworks and walls repainted, and fixtures installed as nearly as possible like the house once was. Beauregard House, like so many of the mansions of the older New Orleans, is raised so that the basement floor is at street-level. This basement is being converted into a dormitory to house approximately 100 men in preparation for the next winter. The old slave-quarters surrounding the rear courtyard, and the rear wings of the house, have been fitted as workshops to give employment and teach trades to 40 or more young men who drift into Warrington House as a refuge. Last year this organization cared for more than 34,000 homeless men.

The spacious rooms upstairs are being arranged as Beauregard memorials. All the host of relics and mementos of the general now housed in the Louisiana State Museum will be transferred to exhibit cases in the Beauregard House, Mr. Warrington says. The old ballroom, renovated, will be used for meetings and lectures.

An experienced master-craftsman is in charge of the shops, the aim of which is to preserve the self-respect of unemployed young men by giving them employment, Mr. Warrington points out.

Paul Charles Morphy was born in the Beauregard House June 22, 1837. He abandoned chess, his law practice and indeed all intellectual work about 1859, due to the strain that had been imposed by years of blindfold chess playing.

Pierre Gustave Toutant Beauregard was more fortunate in his latter years. A West Pointer, he distinguished himself in the Mexican War. It was as an engineer that he was chiefly notable. Placed in command of Charleston, S. C., he reduced Fort Sumter on April 12, 1861, and later in the same year was the hero of the Confederate victory at Bull Run.

Graf's Arctic Finds Exhausted Names

BERLIN, Aug. 7 (AP)—While the Graf Zeppelin was on its arctic cruise it passed over so many undiscovered glaciers, mountain ranges and other geographical features that there were not enough names to go around, Prof. Rodolphe Samoilovitch, one of the directors of the expedition, revealed yesterday.

Breaking the silence heretofore imposed by a German newspaper contract, he expressed his elation over the results of the cruise, but was careful to say that nothing sensational had been encountered and that nothing of the kind had been expected. He did, however, say the Graf did not go to the north pole.

His only criticism of the Graf was that it traveled too fast. He had to dash from one side to the other to look out the windows, he said, and by the time he had finished jotting down his observations the ship was 20 miles away from the spot he had been watching.

Clothes Designed To Battle Slump

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, Aug. 7—A note of elation has been injected into discussions of women's clothes for fall wear, to help cheer up the world, Mr. Amos Parrish, New York style counsellor, told members of the Interstate Merchants' Council at their summer meeting here. If anyone wants a name for the new styles, he suggested, why not say they open a new period in costume design—the "anti-depression period."

"Cheerfulness will be the keynote of the season," he said, "and that is what the world needs. Gay colors, perky hats with plenty of 'zip,' trimmed shoes and two-color dress combinations will be in evidence. No woman can be gloomy with the charming colors and thrilling designs of the new fashions."

More than 1500 buyers from 30 states, gathered in Chicago to do their fall and winter buying, and it was estimated that they would leave $1,000,000 worth of orders with the 80 merchants exhibiting the famous lines of merchandise. A feature of the meeting was a style show, which according to Mr. R. M. Henry, chairman of the committee, "has launched Chicago in the ready-to-wear field in a big way."

OLD ALASKAN MINE STILL YIELDS RICHES

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

JUNEAU, Alaska—The old Chicagoff Mine, which is the oldest in Alaska and has yielded more than one fortune, is still capable of producing more wealth and by no means has it been exhausted, according to recent reports.

An ore body carrying nigh values has been found at a depth in the old mine of a distance of 1300 feet. The vein, which is 113 feet below the old level, runs from two to four feet in width with a depth yet undetermined.

Church Fights School Freedom in Spain

Roman Catholics Expected to Make Little Headway

Republic Intends to Halt Domination

(Continued from Page 1)

fêtes. Crisol, which is the best written Republican organ, vigorously justifies this break with tradition and affirms that in these matters the Republic, unlike the monarchy, must behave with strict neutrality. "Liberty and conscience," it says, "forbids us from combating the convictions of Roman Catholics, but it also prevents us from extending favors to Roman Catholicism." It shows that the lay state does not stand for irreligion, but it declines to admit that religion and Roman Catholicism are synonymous, and it accords equal facilities to Protestantism.

Señor Marcelino Domingo, Minister of Education, has decreed that religious liberty, which is one of the vital tenets of Republicanism, shall prevail in the schools. Children in state-financed schools shall no longer be obliged to take religious instruction. Should their parents desire them to have it, they may make special request, which will be fulfilled provided the teacher chooses to give such instruction, or a priest volunteers his services without pay, at hours to be fixed in agreement with the teacher.

"One of the postulates of the Republic," Señor Domingo says, "is religious freedom, and Spain now achieves a moral and civil level with other European democracies and those of America. Both the child and teacher must have full liberty. The Provisional Government would not be true to its ideals if it did not accomplish its duty in this respect. The Constituent Cortes will in due course arrive at decisions regarding the nature of education, but in the meantime Spain ceases to be an exception, by decreeing a secular school."

Domingo Rebuked

Prof. Miguel de Unamuno, rector of Salamanca University, who was made president superior of the Council of Public Instruction, is naturally in complete accord and students in various parts of the country have passed resolutions demanding establishment of secular schools. In the constitution now before the Cortes, there are special articles not only relating to the relations of church and state, but to conditions of instruction. They are to come up for discussion, together with legislative measures in conformity with constitutional stipulations, and on these articles and laws the fight will be waged.

Though generally convinced by the Republican expression of confidence in Señor Domingo, he was rebuked the other day by one deputy because he was not taking more vigorous action in suppressing Roman Catholic control in existing schools, and giving greater facilities to secular teachers who for many years have had to endure persecution. Yet it is certain Señor Domingo is proceeding as quickly as practical in relaxing the grip that has been imposed so long. It is not an easy task to destroy this control, Spain needs schools—modern and secular schools—but it cannot afford to surrender those which it possesses.

Señor Domingo's program is to form 27,000 schools. He hopes to add 7000 this year. It is not only the countryside, but towns which lack schools. Madrid has just set aside more than $1,000,000 to supply and equip elementary schools in the capital, and throughout the country this aim of abolishing illiteracy is being steadily pursued.

Whether it is a coincidence or a consequence, it is a fact that Spain, hitherto dominated by the Clericals, is the most illiterate country in western Europe. Señor Domingo, now in charge of education, declares his object is to enable every Spaniard to read, for reading is the beginning of knowledge and culture. He himself comes from humble parentage and veritable sacrifices had to be made to enable him to pass through normal schools. It is with absolute conviction that he asserts that the first necessity of Spain is schools which shall be free, obligatory, and under secular, not priestly, control.

Against his determination, and that of the Republican Government, the threatened offensive in the press and Parliament cannot possibly make successful headway.

All the Walnuts Proud Of Their Family Tree

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 7 (AP)—A walnut tree whose spreading boughs sheltered Indian aborigines and white explorers centuries ago, and whose wood, several experts say, is the finest they have seen, has been sold for $650.

The tree, a giant whose lowest limbs are 50 feet above the ground, will be exhibited at the Chicago world's fair in 1933 as a model walnut of America. Experts say the tree is 400 years old.

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HUGE PETITION SOUGHT TO AID IN DISARMAMENT

Chautauqua's Women's Club Hears Appeal to Lend Influence

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

CHAUTAUQUA, N. Y., Aug. 7—A call for a "monster petition" urging the governments of the world to reduce armament was voiced by Mrs. Ben Hooper, chairman of the department of international relations of the General Federation of Women's Clubs in an address before 1000 members of the Chautauqua Women's Club here yesterday.

"The disarmament conference is not a political question," Mrs. Hooper said. "It is a question which reaches into every home in this country, and the success or failure of that great conference may depend upon the work done by men and women of this country before next February.

"The women of America, especially," Mrs. Hooper continued, "have their task awaiting them. It is necessary for every woman in the United States to work with the greatest possible enthusiasm to secure not less than a million names on the disarmament petition."

An address by Mr. W. Frank McClure of Chicago, nationally known advertising expert, featured the program on Tuesday. Mr. McClure held that newspaper and magazine advertising was doing much toward improving business. The great problem of modern economics is not one of production, he said, but one of distributing manufactured goods.

"If in normal times advertising were suddenly stopped," he said, "the wheels of industry would soon slow down. As a builder of good will advertising has few equals. Through encouraging volume of production, it reduces the costs of our daily commodities."

Another feature of Tuesday's program was the dedication of Chautauqua's new $60,000 Smith Memorial Library, erected through a bequest by the late Mrs. A. M. Smith Wilkes of Washington, D. C., and Chautauqua. Dr. George E. Vincent, honorary president of Chautauqua Institution and formerly president of the Rockefeller Foundation, described the library as "an expression of the social memories of the human race." The library was formally opened by Dr. Arthur E. Bestor, president of Chautauqua Institution, who also unveiled the memorial tablet.

The fifty-seventh anniversary of the founding of Chautauqua Institution was observed by nearly 6000 persons at Old First Night exercises in the amphitheater Tuesday evening, when gifts to the institution amounting to $26,972.04 were made. Among the speakers were Dr. Vincent, Mrs. Robert A. Miller and Prof. John M. McBryde, dean of the graduate school of Tulane University, New Orleans.

Hoover's Good Will Lauded in Haiti

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Haiti, Aug. 7 (By U. P.)—The thirtieth session of the Haitian Legislature ended yesterday amid an enthusiastic demonstration for President Stenio Vincent and Mr. Abel Leger, Foreign Minister, for their part in engineering an accord with the United States, whereby American control of three branches of the Government will end Oct. 1.

The only questions confronting the Government now, as far as American occupation is concerned, Mr. Leger said in addressing the Legislature, are those of the Garde d'Haiti and the withdrawal of the United States Marines. Negotiations for the complete Haitianization of the Garde, at present officered by marines, will start in September, Mr. Leger said.

Newspapers carried editorials highly praising the "good will" of President Hoover.

SOVIET AGENCY GETS ARGENTINE LOANS

BUENOS AIRES, Arg., Aug. 5 (By U. P.)—Investigation by Argentine officials into the affairs of the Iuamtorg, Soviet Russian trading agency, revealed that the Bank of the Nation had made heavy loans to the Russian concern.

Three million paper pesos (about $900,000 at present exchange rates) and £500,000 (approximately $2,500,000) were loaned to Iuamtorg originally, the bank revealed. The money was used largely to purchase Argentine products, principally leather and wool.

PITTSBURGH GLIDER ALOFT THREE HOURS

ELMIRA, N. Y., Aug. 7 (AP)—Mr. Martin Schempp, Pittsburgh pilot, yesterday made the best sustained flight to date in the second annual national gliding and soaring contest here. Mr. Schempp soared above the hills and valleys near Elmira for three hours and then landed on the city farm.

Mr. Robert Eaton, Norwich, won the balloon bursting contest in which he defeated his gliding instructor, Mr. Warren E. Eaton, an uncle.

PLANE PRODUCTION SLIGHTLY REDUCED

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7—Airplanes manufactured in the United States during the first six months of 1931 totaled 1606, of which 1069 were for civil use, the Department of Commerce announced today.

The volume of production was slightly less than in the first half of 1930, when 1684 planes were produced. The planes built for civil use included 750 monoplanes, 277 biplanes, 40 autogiros and two helicopters.

CHATELAIN MADE PARK HISTORIAN

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 — Mr. Verne E. Chatelain has been appointed park historian of the National Park Service, with headquarters in Washington, according to announcement made today.

Mr. Chatelain will coordinate the historical research work of the national park and monument system. He has been engaged in educational and historical work for the last 15 years, and at the time of his appointment to park work was serving as head of the department of history and social sciences in the Nebraska State Teachers College.

Scotch Pilot Cuts Record Two Days

CROYDON, Eng., Aug. 7 (AP)—A young Scottish airman, Mr. James A. Mollison, landed at Croydon Afrdrome last night after having cut more than two days from the Australia to England record.

His time from Wyndham, Australia, to Pervensey Bay, Sussex, where he first touched English soil, was officially given as 8 days 21 hours 25 minutes. This compares with the previous record, made by Mr. C. W. A. Scott, of 10 days 23 hours.

When Mr. Mollison arrived at Croydon, he received from Mr. Scott a telegram reading: "Bravo, James. Splendid achievement. Always knew you were the better man."

Mr. Mollison's flight was one of the most difficult in the history of long-distance aviation. Throughout it he averaged only two hours sleep a night, and had to face extremely bad weather on the final stage from Rome to England. After bringing his plane down at Pervensey Bay he continued on to Croydon.

Friends of Mr. Mollison said tonight that he would attempt to set a record on his return flight to Australia.

The crowd pressed about his small ship so closely when he touched the ground that he had difficulty getting out of the cockpit.

Building Projects Total $34,589,000

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—Two $5,000,000 projects were included in the list of proposed engineering construction aggregating $34,589,000 announced throughout the country during the past week, according to McGraw-Hill Construction Daily Reports. One provides for construction of an auxiliary power plant in Washington, D. C.; the other for a passenger railroad station which the Southern Pacific will build at Houston, Tex.

Other large projects were a proposed $3,000,000 apartment hotel, which August Heckscher will erect on the site of the Hotel Grenoble at Fifty-sixth Street and Seventh Avenue, and a new grade and high school in Jersey City, N. J., which will involve the expenditure of $2,000,000. The aggregate amount to be spent on schools was $6,825,000; public work, $4,790,000; industrial buildings, $6,700,000; commercial buildings, $3,025,000; Federal Government work, $3,410,000.

The list included engineering construction work of all classes, except highways and residential, and showed an advance over the previous week when projects valued at $33,022,000 were announced. In the corresponding week last year projects aggregating $56,879,000 were announced.

COSTA RICA SETS PEACE FORCE AT 500

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica (By U. P.)—Congress has approved a decree fixing the peace-time strength of the National army at 500 men during 1932, but authorizing the chief executive to increase the armed forces of the country to 5000 men in event of internal disturbances or threatened foreign invasion.

The present armed force of Costa Rica consists of less than the authorized 500 men, most of whom are bandsmen stationed in outlying villages to furnish music for the natives. Less than 200 men bear arms. Unlike so many Latin-American armies, there is only one officer holding the rank of general in the entire army. He is the Minister of Public Safety.

DIAMOND'S FORMER GUARD GETS 15 YEARS

CATSKILL, N. Y., Aug. 6 (AP)—While the United States Government continued its efforts to convict Jack Diamond and Paul Quattrocchi on a charge of conspiracy to violate the prohibition law, John Garry Scacchio, Diamond's former bodyguard, was sentenced here yesterday to spend 15 years in Clinton Prison at Dannemora for assaulting and torturing Grover Parks.

At the Diamond and Quattrocchi trial at New York, the chief witness, Angelo Benedetto, a Cairo (N. Y.) soda water bottler, testified that Diamond and Quattrocchi offered him a partnership in a beer business. Benedetto's testimony was regarded by the Government as a step toward conviction.

DELAWARE REPORTS HUGE MELON CROP

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

LAUREL, Del.—A huge crop of cantaloupes is being marketed from Sussex County this year, daily shipments from this place alone amounting to 10,000 crates containing 360,000 melons. These are moving by rail and motortruck, with six other shipping points sending out equally large consignments.

Prices have declined from $1.15 a crate, or about three cents a melon, to 90 cents, the lowest price for high-grade fruit known here in many years.

FOOD AND CLOTHING SENT FIRE REFUGEES

SPOKANE, Wash., Aug. 5 (AP)—Flames were ravaging the Priest River valley of north Idaho today, after 18 families barely had escaped in the fire-torn area. The valley was the main battle front for 2500 men fighting more than 200 fires in the Northwest.

Women fleeing before the flames which destroyed their homes and property, were billeted with their children in the Odd Fellows Hall at Priest River, Idaho. Citizens of Newport, Wash., and other towns sent food and clothing to the refugees.

Porto Rico Proud of Progress In Education Under Americans

Teachers Increased in 33 Years From 623 to Nearly 5000, Enrollment From 45,000 to 230,000 and School Fund, $200,000 to $6,000,000

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico—Porto Rico is observing the thirty-third anniversary of the landing of the first American troops in Porto Rico under the command of Gen. Nelson A. Miles and the opening of the Porto Rican campaign of the Spanish-American War which cost Spain its last possessions in the Caribbean and ended its 400-year rule in Porto Rico.

In rounding out its first third of a century the impulse to appraise the achievements of the American régime is natural and cannot be suppressed, Dr. José Padin, commissioner of education, says in a statement in Porto Rico Progress, asserting that in his belief the outstanding contribution of the 33 years has been in the field of education.

"The American régime can stand on it as the proof of its success and testimony of its good faith and disinterested devotion to the welfare of the people of Porto Rico," Dr. Padin says.

"Quantitatively, the record is quite impressive," Dr. Padin points out. "In 1898 we had here exactly the same problem that the Spanish Republic is facing today, namely, the building of a system of elementary public schools. The system is now in effect. The number of teachers has been increased from 623 to nearly 5000 and their training has been enormously increased and enriched.

"The enrollment has been augmented from less than 45,000 to 230,000. The number of school buildings has reached 2250, with a total capacity of 4690 classrooms. Once there was none. Annual expenditures for public instruction have been increased from less than $200,000 to close to $6,000,000. School property is now worth more than $10,000,000. And the percentage of illiteracy has been reduced from 77.3 to 41.7.

"These are but a few of the outstanding tangible results. The intangible accomplishments are more easily felt than expressed. A distinguished American educator familiar with our social and economic problems has stated that the way out for Porto Rico lies in instilling in the people a craving for better things; without it, it is utterly impossible to raise the standards of living, for no external action can make up for the lack of that divine discontent which urges men to higher and nobler things.

"It is here that the public school has done its best work. The average man in Porto Rico today has a wider view of his condition, a keener sense of his opportunities, a growing zest to seek and occupy his place in the sun.

"During the next third of a century we should continue to extend our school system. Despite the fact that we are spending 40 per cent of our Insular revenues for public education, we have less than 40 per cent of our population of school age in school. This accounts for the high percentage of illiteracy. And we should adapt the schools more and more to our local needs. The island is clamoring for more practical education. Emphasis should be laid along this line. The vocational program which we are launching this year should be expanded until we have a more balanced system."

American governors in Porto Rico since 1898 have been "good, better and worse," according to Senator Santiago Iglesias, Socialist leader and representative of the American Federation of Labor, but in that entire period neither organized labor nor the Socialist Party has been diverted from maintaining the ideal and aspiration for equal justice. Although at times the victims of "cruel persecutions by mercenary officials" the working masses have "never changed their devotion to the principles of liberty and American democracy as represented by the people and the Government of the United States and voiced in the magnificent Declaration of Independence."

Recalls First School Fund

Senator Iglesias recalls that in 1900 the United States sent the first $200,000 to Porto Rico with which to commence the construction of public schools and that later $2,000,000 collected as customs duties on island products imported by the United States, was returned to the island for educational purposes.

"Due to the teaching of English in the public schools hundreds of young Porto Ricans are now working in the United States," Senator Iglesias says and he terms as a "reactionary and criminal conspiracy" against the working masses a campaign to end the teaching of English in the schools.

Regis Post of New York, while Governor of the island, first suggested the idea of restricting public education in Porto Rico, Senator Iglesias says, so as not to include the lower classes.

"We must be on our guard," he warns. "To eliminate English from the public schools is to ask us to pay taxes to maintain the slavery of the proletariat and bar us from the industrial labor market of the United States."

Spain constructed but 157.72 miles of highways in the island, while today, Senator Iglesias says, Porto Rico probably ranks first in road mileage among countries of the world. By the end of the second year of the American occupation 367 kilometers of new highways had been completed, while between 1900 and June 30, 1931, a total of 1859 kilometers of roads had been built, connecting every town in the island and adding tremendously to the value of property. Many concrete bridges and public buildings, including schools, hospitals and courts, also have been built.

Out of 7143 employees in Government service there are but 233 who are not natives of the island, Senator Iglesias asserts. This includes officials from the Governor down, civil service, school teachers, police and departmental employees. Native employees receive $6,579,748 in salaries, almost double the entire Spanish budget.

Public sanitation and health service was established by the American régime, the Senator recalls, and not the least blessing of the change in Government was the introduction of the American bathroom. Mother Spain, with its new Republic, is just starting to catch up with her former island possessions, the only Spanish-born senator in Porto Rico believes.

New York Starts Allen Street Work

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—Demolition of buildings for the widening of Allen Street, below Delancey Street on the lower East Side—a project which has been under discussion for more than 35 years—is under way.

With a silver shovel, a crowbar and an acetylene torch, Mr. Samuel Levy, Borough President, started the work. He mounted to the first floor of one of the old apartment houses and held the torch to the fire escape; then descended and stuck his spade into the ground, turning up a shovelful of earth.

Plans for the project call for removal of about 100 buildings on the east side of Allen Street from Delancey to Division Street and on the west side of Pike Street from Division Street to East Broadway. The two streets will be widened to 138 feet, with two roadways of three lanes each and park plots between. The contract calls for completion of the work in 140 consecutive working days.

In an address preceding the beginning of the work, Mr. Levy, referring to the noisy elevated line in Allen Street, said he hoped the time was not far distant when elevated structures in all parts of the city will be removed and supplanted by boulevards.

Bolivia Accedes To Arbitration

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7—The Bolivian Government's acceptance of a proposal to submit its boundary issue with Paraguay to further study of a non-aggression pact was made known yesterday by the publication by the Department of State of a note transmitted to both Bolivia and Paraguay by the five neutral governments acting as conciliators in the controversy.

With Bolivia agreed to this latest effort to avert an armed clash, the neutral governments have called upon Paraguay to do likewise.

Meanwhile both countries are urged to declare their intention not to send more troops into the Chaco, the disputed area, and to withdraw forces there. Further, it is advised that they should instruct their officers in the disputed region to refrain from all hostile acts.

The five neutral governments that joined in the notes to Bolivia and Paraguay, are: Uruguay, Mexico, Cuba, Colombia and the United States.

Egypt's Minister Voices Friendship

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—The friendship of Egypt for the United States was emphasized in a statement given out by Sesostris Sidarous Pasha, newly appointed Egyptian Minister to this country, on his arrival here last night on the Mauretania of the Cunard Line.

"In the march of progress, Egypt may always count on the precious help of the great American nation," the statement said in part, "the splendid rise of which we have observed with deep admiration, and which shall continue to stand out from among the other nations by reason of the genius of its children and the unceasing effort of its people."

Sidarous Pasha left here immediately for Washington, where he will present his credentials and will then go to an American resort for the remainder of the summer. His last post was that of Minister at Brussels. He also has represented his country in various capacities at Athens, Belgrade, The Hague, London and Paris.

Grain Traders Prepare Action In Washington

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, Aug. 7—Announcement was made here today that the recently organized Grain Committee on National Affairs, whose members represent grain exchanges, boards of trade and smaller independent dealers, is ready to launch its activities at Washington, with the object of preventing further "harmful interference with the natural and legitimate machinery" of grain marketing which has been developed during the last century.

Mr. Everett Sanders, one-time secretary to former President Coolidge, will represent the committee as general counsel, it was announced. The position of the committee is given in the following portions of the announcement:

"An intensive study is to be made by the Grain Committee on National Affairs with a view of interpreting the important functions of the grain trade to the public and of seeking closer coöperation between grain marketing agencies and the individual producer.

"A closer coöperation is to be sought with the Government in its legitimate field of contact and an earnest effort made to prevent harmful interference with the natural and legitimate machinery of furnishing and finding a market annually for billions of bushels of grain which must be disposed of either by sale or feeding.

"It is hoped that those in charge of national affairs of our government will better understand the great harm that comes from improper interference with the marketing machinery which in the past century has been developed as a natural outgrowth of marketing grain."

Mr. Siebel C. Harris of the grain and brokerage firm of Scott, Burrows & Christie, and member of the Chicago Board of Trade, is chairman of the committee.

San Diego to Erect Civic Theater

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

SAN DIEGO, Calif.—This city is soon to achieve a dream of long duration—a civic theater.

Plans for a $50,000 Spanish-type community theater to be built in Balboa Park were announced by officials of the San Diego Community Theater. The playhouse, designed by Mr. Wayne D. McAllister, who drew the plans for Agua Caliente, will seat between 400 and 500 persons.

Gross proceeds from this year's production of "Land of Heart's Desire," will go toward the building fund for the new project. Construction is expected to begin about Jan. 1, 1932, so it can be dedicated about March of next year.

The theater will be available for all dramatic, musical and social activities for a nominal fee, but visiting organizations will be charged a commercial price.

A unique feature of the theater will be a lounge and loggia to the north of the playhouse, which may either be used by patrons as a promenade, or shut off and used for card parties, musicales and other gatherings.

Mr. Havrah Hubbard, formerly a dramatic critic of Chicago, is in charge of the theater plans.

Get Ready! Fiery Shower of Meteors Will Soon Flash Across the Sky

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 7 (AP)—Meteor showers running 50 to 100 shooting stars an hour are forecast for next Tuesday night. They should appear sometime after midnight of Aug. 11-12, high up in the northeastern sky, seeming to shoot from the constellation Perseus, from which they derive their name, the Perseids. These meteors never have failed to appear on time once a year during the last century.

"This year," says Dr. Charles P. Olivier of the University of Pennsylvania, "at the maximum of the Perseids, the moon will be about new and hence will not interefere as it did last year. This will mean for an observer with a clear sky that faint meteors can be seen and hence numbers that may well run from 50 to 100 per hour after midnight for the night of Aug. 11-12 and to half these numbers for the preceding and the following nights."

All persons who watch the Perseids this year are requested to mail their counts to Dr. Olivier. These should be given by the half hour, and note any specially bright meteors, or those with fiery tails. The direction of flight is wanted and the clearness of the sky. When all the reports are compiled scientists are able to tell a little more about the mysteries of the universe. The reports should be addressed to Dr. Olivier at Flower Observatory, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia.

Although the Perseids appear principally on two or three nights, the earth spends about a month passing through their path. Since their apparent paths always are directed away from a point in the constellation Perseus, it is deduced that they travel in parallel lines.

Their direction can be calculated, allowing for the earth's own motion and using Newton's law of motion and of gravitation. So the Perseids are found to be moving about the sun in an ellipse which turns out to be nearly identical with the path of the comet of 1862.

"Hence the conclusion," says Dr. Willard J. Fisher of the Harvard Observatory, "that the Perseid meteor swarm, long stretched out along the orbit of the comet, are detached pieces like the material of the comet, perhaps pieces of the comet."

AUSTRALIA SEIZES FLOUR SHIPMENT

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Aug. 7 (AP)—Seeking to provide the unemployed with bread during a dispute with master bakers, Mr. John T. Lang, Premier of New South Wales, yesterday authorized the seizure of 1000 tons of flour which was intended for early shipment abroad. His action caused great excitement.

The Government recently signed a contract with one company for the sole supply of "dole bread," but the master bakers refused to supply the company at the stipulated price. Flour millers, yeast makers and delivery organizations supported the bakers, and the unemployed were left without bread.

HOFSTADTER FEES HELD TO BE HIGH

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 6—Mr. Morris S. Tremaine, Comptroller, is holding up payment of bills for stenographic fees incurred by the Hofstadter legislative committee investigating New York City affairs, contending that the charges are unwarrantably high.

This was made known today when it was learned the comptroller has asked the committee for a copy of the stenographic record in order to count the number of words and folios transcribed. The request has been refused on the ground that the minutes of the committee are secret.

NEWPORT CO. PROFIT

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—Newport Company reports for six months to June 30 net of approximately $683,000 after depreciation, federal taxes, etc., compared with $890,936 in the first half of 1930. June quarter net was about $343,000, compared with $364,619 in the second quarter of 1930.

AMERICAN WINS DISTINCTION IN SPECIAL FIELD

Philadelphia Man Elected to Royal Institute of Great Britain

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 6 — Dr. Howard McClenahan, secretary of the Franklin Institute, has been elected an honorary member of the Royal Institute of Great Britain, according to an announcement received here.

Founded in 1800 by Benjamin Thompson, Count Rumford, an American born, the Royal Institute of Great Britain numbers only nine other Americans, its membership being conferred only upon members of the British royal family and "foreigners distinguished" for natural scientific or literary attainments.

Dr. McClenahan will attend the centenary of Michael Faraday's discovery of electro-magnetic induction, held at the Royal Institute in September, where he will receive his "diploma of honorary membership." The centenary will be observed by the Royal Institute in collaboration with the Institution of Electrical Engineers of Great Britain.

While in England, Dr. McClenahan will gather information for the planning of the equipment and the exhibitions of the new Benjamin Franklin Memorial and the Franklin Institute Museum, which is to be built on the Parkway here. He will also visit museums of industry and the physical sciences in the principal cities of Europe for the same purpose.

Besides Dr. McClenahan, American members of the Royal Institute of Great Britain are: Dr. Joseph S. Ames, president of Johns Hopkins University; Dr. Carl Barus, professor of physics, Brown University; Dr. W. W. Campbell, former director of the Lick Observatory; Dr. George Ellery Hale, director of the Mount Wilson Observatory; Dr. Irving Langmuir, associate director of research, General Electric Company; Dr. Gilbert N. Lewis, professor of chemistry, University of California; Major Theodore Lyman, professor emeritus of physics, Harvard; Dr. Robert A. Millikan, California Institute of Technology, and Dr. James Flack Norris, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Conference on Home Building To Have Wealth of Information

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7—Twenty-two committees are at work upon comprehensive studies in preparation for the President's conference on home building and home ownership to be held next November, Mr. Robert P. Lamont, Secretary of Commerce, announced yesterday.

The conference, formulated by President Hoover a year ago, will be on the order of the White House conference on child health and protection of last November. There will be present representations of each of the 48 states and of many national and state organizations working for the promotion of home building and home ownership or interested in programs leading to the improvement of existing conditions of housing and home making.

A planning committee of 30 members appointed by President Hoover has divided up the subject matter and arranged for the appointment of small committees, of approximately 15 each, to draft a solution to the various problems.

City Planning and Zoning

The first group of committees is dealing with residential districts or the setting for the home. Mr. Frederick A. Delano, of Washington, has organized the committee on city planning and zoning. Mr. Harland Bartolemew, of St. Louis, heads the committee on subdivision layout; Mrs. Junius S. Morgan, of Princeton, N. J., the committee on landscape planning and planting, and Mrs. Morris K. Knowles, of Pittsburgh, the committee on utilities for houses.

The problems of home financing, with special reference to the problems of second mortgages and foreclosures, is under the chairmanship of Mr. Frederick H. Ecker of New York City. Home ownership and leasing is being studied by a committee under the direction of Mr. Ernest T. Trigg of Philadelphia. Problems of taxation in relation to housing have been assigned to a committee under the direction of Prof. T. S. Adams of Yale University.

The acute problems involved in blighted areas and slums of our cities are being studied by a committee under the direction of Mr. Abram Garfield of Cleveland, Ohio, while the reconditioning, remodeling and modernizing of the individual house is being studied under the direction of Mr. Frederick M. Felker of New York and Washington.

Study of House Construction

House construction has been assigned to a committee under direction of Mr. A. P. Greensfelder of St. Louis, and Mr. William Stanley Parker of Boston is chairman of the committee on design. Mr. John Ihlder of Pittsburgh is chairman of the committee which is studying the relative merits of different types of dwellings.

The committee on fundamental equipment for homes which deals with problems of heating, lighting, ventilation, plumbing, refrigeration, etc., is under direction of Prof. Collins P. Bliss, head of the department of mechanical engineering of New York University. Standards for kitchens, laundries and other work centers are being drawn by a committee of which Miss Abby Marlatt, head of the department of home economics of the University of Wisconsin, is chairman.

Household management is the subject assigned to a committee headed by Miss Effie Raitt, head of the department of home economics of Washington State University. The committee on home making is working under the chairmanship of Miss Martha Van Rensselaer, director of the New York State College of Home Economics at Cornell University. Home furnishing and decoration is being studied by a committee headed by Miss Ruth Lyle Sparks, president of the Interior Decorators' Club of New York City.

The special problems of farm and village housing have been assigned to a large committee under the direction of Dean A. R. Mann of Cornell University. Negro housing has been assigned to a committee of leading Negro citizens interested in one aspect or another of housing under the direction of Miss Nannie Burroughs of Washington, D. C.

The possibility of providing local centers for information and advice on home building and home making is being studied by the committee on home information centers under the chairmanship of Miss Pearl Chase of Santa Barbara, Calif. The relation of income and the home has been assigned to a committee head by Prof. Niles Carpenter of the University of Buffalo. The organization and management of large scale operations in housing is being dealt with by a committee of which Mr. Alfred K. Stern of Chicago is chairman.

Each of these committees is engaged in the compilation of the best available information on its subject matter and is studying so far as possible the experience of business groups, civic organizations, public departments, and others who have already been working upon the problem. Several of the committees are conducting official investigations in the field or by questionnaires.

FIVE-CENT FARES FILL HAVANA TAXIS

HAVANA, Cuba, Aug. 7 (By U. P.)—Havana taxi drivers did a rushing business yesterday when they reduced their fares for a maximum two-mile ride to 5 cents—the lowest taxicab fare in the world. The Chauffeurs' Union decided to reduce the rate from 10 to 5 cents during the street-car strike which has been in effect for a week.

The price originally was 20 cents for the first zone, which included all of down-town Havana, and 10 cents for each additional zone in the residential district. Early last spring the drivers reduced their fares to 10 cents for two miles in an effort to establish new business.

BIG SALMON YIELD REPORTED IN ALASKA

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

JUNEAU, Alaska — The reports from Bristol Bay and the Alaskan Peninsula show an exceptionally large salmon pack.

The Chignik cannery, which earlier in the season was far below par recovered with a large run of red salmon. The south side of the Alaskan Peninsula has reported an excess of 400,000 cases above last year, while the north side is 400 per cent above last year's pack. And not only is the quantity of fish greater than last year, but the size is much larger.

NEW SEAPORT FOR FLORIDA

NORFOLK, Va., Aug. 6 (AP)—Gen. Albert C. Dalton, retired army officer, said yesterday he had accepted the presidency of the Port Dixie Corporation, a $17,000,000 concern organized to develop an entirely new seaport in Florida 25 miles south of Crestview and east of Pensacola.

DESIGN CHOSEN FOR MEMORIAL TO GOMPERS

Completion of Project at Washington Expected Within Year

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 7—The memorial to be erected on a site in Washington in honor of Samuel Gompers, for many years president of the American Federation of Labor, will be completed within a year, William Green, present head of the federation, announced yesterday.

Here with other members of the executive council of the federation for its annual pre-convention meeting, Mr. Green said final approval had been given to the plans for the memorial as prepared by Robert Aitken, New York sculptor.

At a meeting here two years ago, selection was made of a memorial, but later it was discarded. The one to be erected from the Aitken plans, Mr. Green said, will cost about $100,000. It will occupy the triangular site contributed by Congress in Massachusetts Avenue between Tenth and Eleventh Streets. Details will be announced later.

The major topic to be considered by the council at its meeting here, according to Mr. Green, is unemployment and the means to meet the situation during the coming winter, as well as means to be used to avert such situations in the future.

The federation is already on record as opposing wage cuts as a way out of the present depression, holding that mass production can go ahead only when there is a mass consumption equipped with funds to take up the goods produced.

OIL FOUND IN NEW YORK

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Aug. 7—Mr. Frank Ingolia, owner of a farm near Hyde Park, believes he has discovered oil deposits on his property. Specimens of earth taken from excavations for a well in the cellar of his new house have been declared by a refining company to contain oil. Further tests are to be made.

Restaurants

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Lobsters Baked
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MEXICO READY TO ENTERTAIN PRESS PARLEY

World Congress to Discuss Vital Problems of Journalism

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 7—The Press Congress of the World will open its regional convention in Mexico City Monday, after the delegates, coming from many corners of the civilized world and including some of the world's most noted journalists, have been given a reception in the Municipal Palace by Mayor Lamberto Hernandez of Mexico City.

The congress will take up for discussion such topics as freedom of the press, journalistic standards, and international aspects of journalism. Mr. Robert Bell, of Christchurch, New Zealand, president of the congress, will preside after he is introduced at the opening session by Prof. Frank L. Martin, of the University of Missouri, chairman of the convention arrangements committee.

Dr. Jose Manuel Puig Casauranc, Secretary of Education in Mexico, representing President Ortiz Rubio, will make the address of welcome at the inaugural session, and representatives of North America, Central America and South America will respond. Mr. Bell will make the presidential address, and Señor Alberto Mascarenas, manager of the Bank of Mexico and chairman of the Mexican committee in charge of convention arrangements, will speak briefly.

On the second convention day Mr. J. Reuben Clark Jr., Ambassador from the United States, will speak on "The Press and International Relations," and Señor Vincente Villasana of the Prensa Asociada de los Estados, Tampico, Mexico, will speak on "International News Exchange."

Wednesday's speakers will be Prof. F. S. Siebert of the University of Illinois, on "International Copyrights and Rights in News,' and Dr. Karl Boemer, of the German Institute of Newspaper Learning, University of Berlin, on "Education for World Journalism."

At the closing session on the afternoon of Aug. 14, President Ortiz Rubio will present to the delegates commemorative medals, and Mayor Lamberto Hernandez will present a special atlas of Mexico City.

A crowded program of entertainment has been provided for the delegates and their families. Excursions include motor trips offered by Gen. Juan Andreu Almazan, Secretary of Communications, to Puebla, third city in size in Mexico, and to Taxco, a village of quaint colonial beauty.

Banquets are offered by General Almazan and by Señor Luis Montes de Oca, Secretary of Finance. At noon Tuesday, President Ortiz Rubio will receive the delegates and their families at Chapultepec Castle, the "White House of Mexico."

During the past week Mexico City has been swept and tidied under governmental guidance in order to present a neat appearance upon the arrival of the visiting newspapermen. The week was declared national cleanup week.

Delegates Leave St. Louis For Mexico Press Meeting

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 7—Bent on joining in a world-wide professional exchange 100 United States newspapermen and women, and members of their families, left here yesterday to attend the fourth meeting of the Press Congresses of the World in Mexico City, Aug. 10-14.

Four cars carrying delegates left over the Missouri Pacific Railroad. Another car of delegates from Memphis, Tenn., was picked up at Little Rock Ark., and today a sixth car was to be added at San Antonio, Texas, from which point the train is operated as a press congress special. Many delegates sailed from New York direct for Vera Cruz.

After a stop at Monterey, Mexico, the train is due in Mexico City Sunday afternoon.

In charge of the trip is Prof. Frank L. Martin, associate dean of the University of Missouri School of Journalism, and convention chairman.

Oil Yields Gold To Osage Indians

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

PONCA CITY, Okla.—It pays well to be of Osage Indian blood, following the production of oil on their lands, held in common in the territory just east of this city, according to a report issued by the Department of the Interior, on data furnished by the Indian agencies in this locality. Each of the 2229 members of the Osage Indian tribe of Oklahoma has received, or been credited with, $95,000 as his share of proceeds from oil leases in the past 14 years, the report declares.

During that period the department received and disbursed $573,772,953 for the Osage Indians. The income from oil and gas royalties now is decreasing each year. Deposits in banks credited to these Indians show a slight decrease for the past year and are now about $14,500,000.

In addition to the Osages who live on their lands within their old reservation, there are many families of Osage blood living in Ponca City, Bartlesville, Newkirk, Tulsa, Arkansas City and various other points in this locality. A goodly portion of the population of the towns within the Osage is made up of Osage citizens, including Pawhuska, Hominy and Fairfax chiefly.

Russia Completes $800,000,000 Loan

MOSCOW, Aug. 7 (AP)—Newspapers announced yesterday that the 1,600,000,000-ruble "third and decisive year" internal loan had been over-subscribed by 2,000,000 rubles, but that the authorities will continue accepting subscriptions until every worker in the Soviet Union has his certificate. The ruble is usually quoted at 50 cents.

The announcement coincided with the opening of the "ten days of industrialization" during which a nation-wide campaign will be conducted encouraging the workers to complete the Five-Year Plan in four years. The newspapers, commenting on this newest campaign, assert that in 10 years Soviet Russia's industries will have surpassed those of the most advanced capitalist countries.

Some of the achievements already recorded, the newspapers say, include passing of England in the smelting of iron ore, attainment of a place second to America in oil production, attainment of second place in output of agricultural machinery, tractor production and output of agricultural combines.

Registered at the Christian Science Publishing House

Among the visitors from various parts of the world who registered at the Christian Science Publishing House yesterday were the following:

Mrs. Minnehaha Turner, New Castle, Penna.
Miss Elizabeth Fawcett, Chicago, Ill.
Mrs. Lela B. Fawcett, Chicago, Ill.
Miss Aileen R. Fawcett, Chicago, Ill.
B. R. Fawcett, Chicago, Ill.
Mrs. Anita C. Tuers, New York, N. Y.
Mary M. Benedict, New York, N. Y.
Helen G. Hall, Falmouth, Mass.
Mrs. Matilda Buettner, St. Louis, Mo.
Miss Marguerite Buettner, St. Louis, Mo.
Mrs. George Hibbard, St. Louis, Mo.
Mrs. Frances H. Gefford, St. Louis, Mo.
Frank R. S. Gefford, St. Louis, Mo.
Miss Grace M. Sharp, Shreveport, La.
Miss Winifred Gardner, Monroe, Wis.
Miss Laurene Gardner, Monroe, Wis.
Vernon H. Grant, Washington, D. C.
Mrs. Vernon H. Grant, Washington, D. C.
Miss Meredith F. Swanson, Jamestown, N. Y.
Mrs. Frank W. Swanson, Jamestown, N. Y.
Mrs. Rose E. Glen, New York, N. Y.
Mrs. Elizabeth E. Restine, Evanston, Ill.
Mrs. Louise McClervan, Highland Park, Ill.
Miss Lavinia Wilson, Wauwatosa, Wis.
Miss Katherine B. Morgan, Houston, Texas.
Mrs. Harry Feader, Toronto, Ont., Can.
Dr. Harry Feader, Toronto, Ont., Can.
Mrs. Margaret F. Bush, Chicago, Ill.
Caroline M. Janpolski, New York, N. Y.
Albert G. Janpolski, New York, N. Y.
William Justice (No address)
Mrs. Reearda M. Carpenter, Altadena, Calif
Mrs. S. L. Stebbins, Kansas City, Mo.
Mrs. Minnie B. Baker, Chicago, Ill.
Mrs. E. E. Roudebush, Topeka, Kan.

Near East Nearer the West

Wide World

RIGHT OFF PICCADILLY OR BROADWAY

There Are Those Who Take Pride in the Assertion That They Can Tell a Man's Nationality the Minute They Look at Him. Here Is His Chance.

Are the two men in the above picture talking things over at a Lions' meeting in New York, or smiling in greeting to a fellow member of some London club? They could easily be placed as well in Paris, Berlin, Moscow, Shanghai, Cairo or Istanbul. Ah, there is where the trail grows warm! They are, in fact, King Feisal of Irak, left, and President Mustapha Kemal Pasha of Turkey, right, and the picture was taken during their recent visit to Angora.

Rare English Birds Cheer Visit Of American to Norfolk Broads

There Were the Nightingale Whose Song Nothing Could Halt, the Buzzard, Mute Swan, Bearded Tit, and the Bittern That Boomed

By ALBERT F. GILMORE

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

THE nature student is, in a large sense, an adventurer. He is always at the point of expectancy; is looking for something new and strange. Sometimes, however, his highest expectations are so far exceeded that he is quite overwhelmed by the very largess of nature.

Having spent a day, or to be exact, 26 hours in the heart of the bird sanctuaries in Norfolk, Eng., I am still in a state of wonderment at the variety of bird life and the intimate acquaintance these afforded with some of England's rarest varieties.

With two friends, both ardent students of bird life, I arrived at Kelling, on the east coast, shortly before midday on May 12. A gentleman, a retired business man, who gives his time for the most part to bird observation, apprised of our coming, was ready to greet us and immediately we were in search of inland songsters, whose vocal efforts were in evidence all about us.

Green finches and skylarks, fly catchers, woodpeckers, warblers, willow wrens and even nightingales were among the host that delighted our eyes and charmed our ears during a two-hour tramp over wooded hillsides and open fields. As we passed along an unused road bordered by a dense tangle of vines, the notes of a nightingale just at hand halted us.

Nightingale Would Sing

Our negative reply to our guide's query if we were familiar with the peculiar notes of this famous melodist, uttered when interrupted at his singing, sent him into the thicket in an effort to stay the songster's efforts; but, although he approached within a few feet of the bird, so intent was he upon his singing that no effort on the part of our friend could startle him out of his happy mood. Sing he would, and sing he did, and we left him still voicing his serene and tuneful lay.

In a space of two hours we identified more than 20 varieties of birds, several with nests, which our good guide had located in his frequent tramps about the country. His delight in exhibiting his finds was only matched by our keen enjoyment at such intimate glimpses into the domestic affairs of our feathered friends.

As we ate our lunch seated among the heather on the crest of a hill which afforded an extensive view of the country, a common buzzard came swinging in majestic circles far above us. This, despite its name, is a rare bird today in England. The rough-legged variety is more often found.

After we had developed the possibilities in the interior, our enthusiastic friend took us a few miles to the shore at Salthouse Marsh, an unusually favorable situation for varied bird life.

Ideal for Water Birds

Imagine a large marsh reaching in from the sea, divided by a substantial dike so that the inland half is supplied by fresh water while the outer portion, swept by the tides, is salt. Such a combination could scarcely fail to attract bird life in abundance. Rails, coots, ducks in variety, marsh tits and waders, inhabit the reed-grown flats of the fresh water marsh, while terns, common, Sandwich and several lesser species of gulls, knots, oyster-catchers and red-legged plovers disported themselves on the flats of the salt marshes.

The keeper, a venerable man still keen of ear and alert of eye, told us many interesting stories of his feathered visitors. The intimacy of his relationship to his charges was not unlike that of a shepherd to his flocks. A half hour's walk over the shingle brought us to the nest of a pair of oyster catchers, which had been under observation by the keeper for some time. The female clung to the nest hid among the pebbles until we were almost upon her, and finally left only when her own safety seemed imperiled. The nest was scarcely worthy of the name, being a shallow cup in the pebbles, in which lay the eggs.

The most conspicuous feature of this common shore bird is the wide yellow bill, a striking contrast to its black and white dress. One could spend many hours on the grassy banks of the dike, for spread out before him on either side is a panorama of bird life both rich and varied enough to intrigue the most experienced observer.

On the Marsh at Twilight

The day was wearing on, and we were due for the most promising part of our adventure at the Hickling Broad some 30 miles distant. Five o'clock found us on the road and by seven we arrived at the little inn just inland from the large preserve maintained by Lord Desborough, one of England's most generous and most successful preservers of bird life. Arrangements had been made in advance for our accommodations and the head keeper was waiting for us.

Time was too precious for us to stop for dinner, so immediately we proceeded to the site of the hunting lodge, where a boat was taken for an evening along the canals which thread the broad marsh. The marsh, some thousands of acres in extent, is overgrown with sedge and reeds, an ideal cover for semi-aquatic birds in great variety.

The Yare and the Bure on their way to the sea divide into many narrow branches, more like canals than streams, and wander leisurely over a great section of flat marsh, forming the Norfolk Broads. The slightly higher land surrounding the marshes is dotted with the towers of huge windmills. These, together with the reed-bordered canals and flat country, intensify the similarity of the region to Holland.

Not the least interesting feature of the adventure was the keeper himself. A man in middle life, a native of the locality, sturdy, bronzed by the wind and sun to the color of an Indian, bubbling over with enthusiasm for his work, honest and frank, looking the world squarely in the face and with a remarkable sense of values for one whose days have been spent in an isolated community; such was our guide.

Knew Where to Look

To a native mental alertness is added what seemed like a sixth sense, the ability to locate the nests of his charges with almost unfailing accuracy. In a broad-bottomed punt he took us in and out along the waterways, now stopping here to show us a nest, now landing for a short excursion across the marshy lands, all the while discoursing most freely not alone about his work, but upon the broader aspects of life and its meaning. His frankness and manifest honesty quite captivated us.

Nests of plover and red-legs, of teal and pheasants, of the rare bearded tit, were shown us, and as we were nearing the landing place, we visited the home of a mute swan located in the reeds near the water's edge. As we approached, the stately form of the sitting bird, white and erect, could be seen through the reeds. Stretching up her long neck and without a sound she presently slipped away into the thicket to appear in the open water below us. The nest made of coarse sedge and reeds contained seven eggs of light green color, nearly the size of turkey's eggs. This swan is called mute because of its lack of notes of any kind. Never have I heard a sound uttered by this most majestic of all our birds.

Where the Bittern Booms

As the shades of evening fell, the booming of bitterns came across the marshes, a strange and characteristic sound, which bears no resemblance whatever to the peculiar cry of the American bittern. That sound so closely resembles the noise made in driving a stake as to have given to the bird the name "stake driver." The English bittern literally booms, a full resonant cry that penetrates to a great distance. As we returned to our landing place the booming was kept up although the twilight was deepening into night.

At six the next morning, start was made by my friends to visit the nest of a short-eared owl which the keeper had located at a few miles from the inn. After a hasty breakfast, all set out for the greatest adventure of all, a visit to the nests of the marsh harrier and the booming bittern.

As we passed down one of the wider canals, we came upon a keeper standing erect in a boat apparently engaged in watching a wide stretch of reed-grown marsh. Inquiry by our guide elicited the information that bearded tits had been seen flying back and forth, indicating that a nest was near at hand. Ashore went our guide with his long punting pole which he used to sweep the tops of the tall brown reeds. Back and forth he went for some time and presently halted, raising his hand to indicate his success. He had located another nest of the rare bearded tit. Cautiously approaching by a circular route to avoid sinkholes in the marshy ground, we joined him and were rewarded by sight of the tit's nest, containing four nestlings slightly fledged.

As we stood quite still at a short distance from the nest, the tits came back flitting across the tops of the reeds in jerky flight, then settled to the nest to feed the hungry youngsters. As we stood, the keeper fixed his gaze upon a spot among the reeds several rods away, then presently ran forward and in an instant raised his hand to signify that another nest was found. His unerring eye had located the home of a sedge warbler, carefully hidden in the brown reeds.

Embarked again, we proceeded for some distance along a narrow waterway, then landed and with cautious steps approached the nest of the bittern. The mother bird, aware of our approach, slipped into the reeds and as we came nearer took wing at a point some distance from the nest.

Leaves Nests Undisturbed

The cinema camera of one of the party caught her in flight and now he has a motion picture of the flight of the great booming bittern as she withdrew from her nest on rapid wing. The well-hidden nest, made of coarse reeds and sedge, contained eggs and newly hatched chicks. As we withdrew the keeper carefully replaced the cover about the nest, that it might not appear to have been disturbed. In all the many nests we visited he invariably followed this plan.

Back to the boat again we went for a short voyage, and presently landed for a long walk across level pasture land, where grazing herds dotted the landscape. The flatness of the land, the windmills slowly moving their long arms in the gentle breeze, the winding canals, the distant church spires and towers, all bear such close resemblance to Holland that one might easily imagine himself in that land of much water.

Across the pasture and along a dike, we passed and as we neared the vicinity of our quest, the nest of the marsh harrier, a halt was called to avoid the appearance of a definite purpose in our journeying. So keen is the keeper to keep the location of the harrier's nest a secret from prying eyes, that every expediency is adopted to guard against disclosing its location. As we advanced into the reeds again, the keeper grew more cautious in his steps, and the man with the cinema camera moved close behind him.

Suddenly up went the female harrier, to be caught on the wing by the alert picture-taker. It was a thrilling moment for we were witnessing one of the rarest sights in the bird life of Great Britain.

Once Thought Extinct

The nest, well concealed in the reeds and roughly made, contained a half dozen white eggs. Our stay was brief and as we withdrew both the male and female harriers were seen swinging above the reeds, manifesting much disturbance at our presence in the vicinity of their home. The keeper told us that very few pairs of this bird are known in all England. At one time they were thought to be extinct, but favorable conditions brought them back and for some years they have nested in these marshes. When the first pair returned, several years ago, so eager was he to safeguard their nest that two keepers were engaged in watching it day and night.

Such is the zest of the English bird lover to preserve even the birds of prey. Several pairs of Montague harriers also were seen, a variety only less rare than the marsh harrier. Both varieties have extremely long, slender wings, which somewhat exaggerate the size of the bird when in flight. A careful record of the trip disclosed that in a little more than 24 hours, 90 varieties of birds had been located, a rare record for so brief a time and in so small a territory.

URUGUAY CONSIDERS PESO STABILIZATION

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Aug. 7 (By U. P.)—The National Administrative Council, which corresponds to the Cabinet in the United States, yesterday took under consideration proposals for drastic steps to stop the steady drop of the peso which has declined from a value of $1.02 two years ago to 42 cents.

The proposals, submitted by the National Chamber of Commerce, include limitation of imports, closure of all ports to immigration and a temporary prohibition on the export of capital.

TROLLING STRIKE ENDED

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

KETCHIKAN, Alaska—The thousand odd trolling boats of Southeastern Alaska are back on the job after a strike of nearly seven weeks against the prices offered by fresh salmon buyers. The new price is 10, 4 and 2 cents a pound, depending upon the quality, on the grounds.

RELICS SHOW PAST GLORY IN DUBROVNIK

(Continued from Page 1)

resplendent, imposing, imperious than the mild, kind, smiling Venice of today. And, indeed, Dubrovnik once deigned to rival Venice. It had not, to be sure, grand canals and graceful, silken-sailed gondolas, but it had a bold and tireless merchant fleet, flying the proud flag of a famous republic and carrying goods of many sorts to all the eastern Mediterranean ports.

Its heavily laden caravans also pierced through all the passes of the bare Dalmatian Mountains, toiled up the long and lonely gorges beneath overhanging boulders and penetrated into every part of the Balkan Peninsula. The merchants of Dubrovnik, at times, almost monopolize Balkan trade and to this day you may find in many Bulgarian, Serbian and Macedonian towns old squares or inns or neighborhoods of the "Dubrovnik traders."

This port, basking in the fecund sea breezes which covered its islands, was the neck of one of the Balkans' chief commercial hourglasses. Through one of the bowls an ever-flowing stream of trade gathered the raw materials and rough, home-made articles of the Balkan towns and villages, and through the other it dispersed them among the ports of Greece and Asia and Northern Africa.

Silk Also Gathered

Likewise along the same converging and diverging routes another stream of traffic gathered silk and spices, gold and dyes from the cultured Mediterranean world and distributed them among Balkan craftsmen. And Dubrovnik, sitting alert and vigilant at the neck of this double trade funnel, took toll of the passing streams and prospered.

For centuries it was an independent republic, treating with all the sovereign states of this part of the world, making treaties, waging wars, concluding peace, and a class of merchant princes was formed. All the little green islands became the seats of noble estates, while no less sumptuous palaces crowned the choicest cliffs and lined the lagoons. Mystery and romance hovered over the beautiful mountain bay. The more gifted of the nobles wrote poems and stories; music filled the parks and gardens; sculpture and paintings gave distinction to the finest houses, and Dubrovnik set the pace in styles, business and diplomacy.

But the Turks came, and an earthquake, and Napoleon, and Austria, all bringing so many difficulties that at last Dubrovnik became only a relic of glorious daring and of grand adventure. But the relics are still fascinating. The thick, perfectly preserved wall about the city, the massive stone houses packed within it, the narrow streets, some of which climb up the hills by means of stone steps, the enormous rocks through which the road leading to the city has been cut, the glowering French fortress above the city, the old castles that still try to look grand, the islands as green as when nobles and ladies strolled amid the trees, the sparkling waters, the towers, the churches, the old clocks, the monuments and the people themselves, a composite of Greeks, Romans and Slavs—all make Dubrovnik one of the most attractive places in southeast Europe.

And in addition to these unusual features Dubrovnik is an excellent center from which one may go by automobile or boat to other places that are entirely different but almost as interesting. In a single day by car the tourist may visit Sarajevo, the chief city of the provinces of Bosnia, the 1,000,000 Slav Muhammadans of which are more picturesquely Oriental than any other people in Europe. In fact Bosnia, not hastening to adopt the reforms of President Kemal Pasha, has remained much more Turkish, than Turkey itself.

Sarajevo is a living museum of that civilization which so completely submerged all the Near East and so vitally influenced European history. Incidentally it is also the town where the World War is said to have begun.

May Go to Kotor

From Dubrovnik one may also go in a few hours by car or by boat to Kotor, a tiny stone town standing on its tiptoe, at the very end of a long, intricate, sinuous bay, and trying to climb up the perpendicular face of one of the most imposing cliffs in the world. To traverse this cluster of blue bays, dodging about the mountains, and suddenly, after swinging around a curve to run plumb into the town on a boat that pokes its nose almost into the front door of the mayor's office, is a voyage, the novelty and lure and delight of which one can find in very few other places in the world.

To rush by automobile through the woods below Dubrovnik, out upon the daring cliffs that proudly hang over the Adriatic Sea, and later to shuttle along the innumerable turns and curves of the bays of Kotor, which thrust their watery fingers up into a dozen unbridged mountain gorges, is no less fascinating.

When one has got to Kotor, this little stone-housed village, which seems to be dangling against the sheer face of the mountain, suspended in a rigid lacy ribbon, which is the grand zigzag wall surrounding it, the tourist is merely at a halfway station on the road toward a more striking place. And what a road! Without question one of the most remarkable in the world! It runs precipitously up the side of Mount Lovchen in a dozen swinging loops and 28 hairpin curves that hang one above the other and are so short that big cars can take them only by maneuvering in arrow point angles projecting dizzily above the bay.

When one has finally taken the last curve and swept over the mountain crest, he finds himself in Montenegro, the land of the black peaks and plateaus, bare, grim and challenging, whose tall, hardy women and gaunt, valiant men, living in tiny stone houses, eating corn bread and weaving their national flag into their very costumes, alone of all the Balkan people, though the smallest of them all, kept the Muhammadans from ever securing dominion over them.

Glorious Athens; Serbia, that once boasted of the great Dushan; Bulgaria, one of whose rulers was the powerful Simeon; Macedonia, the home of Alexander the Great; Albania, the cradle of the original Balkan inhabitants—all were submerged by the Turkish floods, but these black mountains of Montenegro alone beat back these waves from the Orient.

SALARIES CUT IN OHIO

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Aug. 6 (AP)—Salaried employees of the Republic Steel Corporation today are working under a salary reduction of 16 2-3 per cent which became effective Monday. Youngstown Sheet & Tube put the administrative and office workers on a five-day week, July 1. Whether the reductions will be permanent has not been decided, company officials state.

ATOMIC BULLETS PROMISED FROM BIG ENERGY GUN

University of California to Use 85-Ton Magnet to Shoot Protons

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 7 (AP)—A new energy machine, which will use a huge 85-ton magnet to produce atomic "bullets" equal to those from a 25,000,000-volt X-ray tube, is under development at the University of California.

This great scientific "gun" promises to produce for the first time on earth, part of the enormous atomic energy believed to exist in the hot interior of the sun. Its projectiles are a stream, or beam, of protons, the heavy centers of atoms.

Natural science long has sought such a weapon to shoot at heavy atoms to break them down. This disintegration will show whether it is possible to "unlock the energy of the atom," and what is more important to natural science, to learn the now mostly unknown structure and properties of the nucleus of the atom.

The California gun obtains its high energies without using much power. It combines a magnet and an electrical field to set particles of atoms—protons and electrons—to whirling with a centrifugal motion in a vacuum. Finally they are shot out of the vacuum tube at speeds of 10,000 miles a second and upward.

Successful guns already have been made at California with small magnets. They were developed in the physics department by Prof. Ernest O. Lawrence and Mr. M. Stanley Livingston. Dr. Lawrence is East to complete plans for equipping the huge gun now contemplated.

"The size of the magnet alone establishes the upper limit to the obtainable speeds," said Professor Lawrence. "And an 85-ton magnet under consideration opens the possibility of producing 25,000,000-volt protons. Such energies are well above any that occur in radioactive disintegration and are comparable with the cosmical transformations which give rise to cosmic rays."

A 25,000,000-volt X-ray tube would be expected to produce energy similar to the California proton beam, but the spark of such a tube would jump hundreds of feet through air. No such great X-ray tube now exists. From 10,000 to 50,000 volts of electricity are expected to give the big magnet gun its 25,000,000-volt proton beam.

MRS. COOPER A CANDIDATE

RACINE, Wis., Aug. 5 (AP)—Mrs. Henry Allen Cooper, widow of the "dean of the House," has announced herself a candidate for her husband's unexpired term as Representative in Congress from the first Wisconsin district.

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Extra large, extra fine quality wool blanket, size 72 x 84. Luxuriously soft, fluffy and 100% WOOL. The sateen binding in a matching shade. Blue, rose, gold, green, orchid and peach. This is the lowest price in 10 years, that we have offered on this one item.
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FALL COATS
at the lowest price in years for such quality
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They're more flattering than ever!—more carefully tailored!
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HOUSEHOLD ARTS AND CRAFTS

A Dinner for Five

Filet of bass — Sauce tartare
Baked potatoes — Toasted muffins
Cabbage salad in lemon cups
Pineapple whip — Custard sauce

Filet of Bass

Select fish of moderate size because thick pieces require so long for cooking that they soak up the fat. Wash the filets, wipe them dry, pull off the brown skin, and with the scissors trim off the fins close to the filet; cut the head off transversely. Dust the filets with salt and lay them in a covered dish for at least an hour with a little minced onion, finely cut parsley, and the juice from half a lemon, which gives a fine flavor. Twenty minutes before serving time, wipe the filets dry, dust them lightly with flour, dip in well-beaten egg and roll in sifted bread crumbs. When all are prepared, fry in deep fat until each is delicately browned, and drain on soft paper. Garnish with parsley, cress or lemon, and serve with tartare sauce.

Tartare Sauce

To 1 cupful of mayonnaise add 1 small onion, 1 small sour pickle, 2 olives and 1 tablespoonful of parsley, all finely chopped. Serve in a small paper cup on the plate.

Toasted English Muffins

Sift together: 1 quart of flour, 2 tablespoonfuls of baking powder, ½ of a teaspoonful of sugar and 1 teaspoonful of salt. Mix in gradually 2½ cupfuls of milk and beat to a staff batter. Grease muffin rings, set them on a hot, well-greased griddle and fill each ring half full of batter. When the muffin is cooked on one side, turn to the other. When delicately browned on both sides, pull apart into halves and toast delicately. Serve very hot. Lacking muffin rings, the American housewife uses muffin pans, greasing them well and heating them before pouring in the batter, then baking them in a hot oven.

Cabbage Salad in Lemon Cups

Chop fine a head of celery and a small head of cabbage, mix all together and sprinkle with 1 teaspoonful of salt. In the top of the double-boiler blend together 2 tablespoonfuls of butter and 1 teaspoonful of flour, then add slowly ½ of a cupful of mild cidar vinegar, a tablespoonful of sugar mixed with a teaspoonful of dry mustard, the beaten yolks of 2 eggs and, lastly, 3 tablespoonfuls of cream. Stirring constantly, cook until thick and smooth, add a dash of red pepper and pour the mixture over the cabbage. Stand aside until cold, and add just before serving a little whipped cream. For lemon cups, cut lemons in halves, lengthwise, and scoop out the pulp. Fill them with salad, add a bit of mayonnaise and a sprinkling of paprika or finely chopped red and green pepper.

Pineapple Whip

Drain 2 cupfuls of shredded pineapple and add to the juice enough water to make 2 cupfuls of liquid. Bring to a boil and stir in ½ of a cupful of granulated tapioca, add ½ of a cupful of sugar and cook in a double boiler, stirring frequently until the tapioca is clear. Pour slowly over the stiffly beaten whites of 2 eggs, stirring all the while, then whip in the pineapple and set aside to chill. Serve cold with plain or whipped cream, or custard sauce.

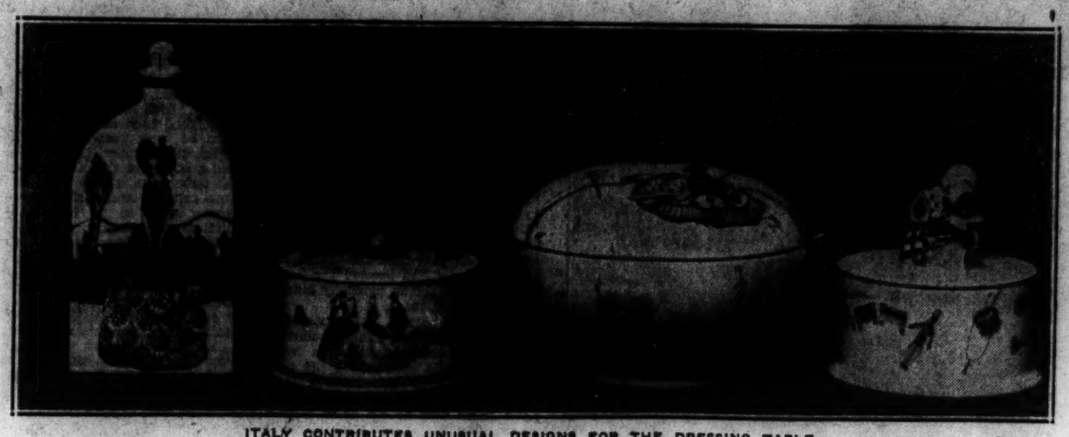
Custard Sauce

Scald 2 cupfuls of milk. Mix together ¼ of a cupful of sugar and 2 teaspoonfuls of cornstarch and work to a paste with 3 well-beaten egg-yolks. Turn a little of the hot milk slowly into the egg mixture, stirring constantly, then add the egg to the hot milk in the same way. Cook over hot water until the sauce is slightly thickened, then set aside to cool. Chill before using.

To Save Time

In the morning the fish may be prepared and set aside in a covered dish in the refrigerator until needed. One can also prepare the bread crumbs, then scrub the potatoes for baking, and make the tartare sauce, custard sauce, pineapple whip, lemon cups and cabbage salad. Even the muffin mixture may be prepared, so only the milk need be added just before baking.

Start the potatoes in plenty of time so they will be sure to be thoroughly baked when needed. Put the muffins in the oven about 45 minutes before serving time. Set the table. Fry the filets and toast the muffins. When the potatoes are done, dinner is ready.



ITALY CONTRIBUTES UNUSUAL DESIGNS FOR THE DRESSING TABLE — Bonney

Ladies of the hoopskirt period enjoying the beauties of mountain and seashore are shown in the flacon and box at the left of the picture, while nursery toys form the theme of decoration of the quaint box at the right, the figure of the child on the lid of the box bringing in an amusing note. These novelties in glazed porcelain are from the Lenci works at Milan, Italy.

Courtesy of Carson Pirie Scott & Co.
A Collapsible Go-Cart That Can Be Folded Compactly and Stowed Away on the Running Board.

Courtesy of Carson Pirie Scott & Co.
A Motorcar Chair That Permits a Little Child to Sit Comfortably and Securely and to Look Out of the Windows.

When Baby Goes Motoring

THE custom of leaving the small baby at home while mother enjoys an outing has gone quite out of fashion. Today when the family takes to the road for a motor trip or picnic, the monarch of the nursery can be included in the party, with the satisfying knowledge that in his special chair or auto crib he will be as comfortable and happy as at home.

No longer is it necessary for a child to sit wriggling on an adult's lap or climb about on a seat too broad for his small body and short legs. Collapsible cribs, hammocks and seats are now available in varied types and at moderate prices to give small toddlers their very own place in the family car. These accessories will add considerably to motoring comfort and pleasure, not only from the children's standpoint, but also from that of the parents.

Collapsible Bassinet

For the infant, the collapsible bassinet with folding top is a good choice. This occupies the space of one passenger and fits into one side of the rear seat by means of adjustable legs that push down between the seat and back cushions and to the floor in front, holding the frame securely in place. Here, well protected from the glare of the sky and from the wind from open windows that will be enjoyed by his elder, the smallest member of the family may take a blissful 40 winks or gurgle contentedly. Side springs minimize jars and bumps and a safety strap across the top prevents an active child from bobbing out.

At the destination, the bassinet may be removed from the car, used on the beach or picnic ground, or as an overnight bed on longer trips. There is also a wheel base that may be attached, thus providing the convenience of a baby carriage.

Seats for Seniors

As children love to be together and will amuse one another for long periods of time, little sister may sit near the baby's crib in a small armchair that fastens to the automobile seat. Held securely in shoulder-and-belt straps, the child is high enough to look out of the window and see all the exciting new world passing by. This chair may be used from the time a child can sit well alone until she is nearly five years old. It is satisfactory in either the rear or front seat of practically any standard make of car. A double locking device that holds the chair securely in place prevents it from falling forward if jolted.

Another motorcar seat that combines the excellencies of high chair and nursery chair may be hung over the front car seat with the child facing either front or back. It is a small canvas affair, and the tray that falls in place over the arms not only holds the child safely, but also provides a place for the teddy bear or other well-loved toy, as well as for the frequent lunches that may be prepared along the way. A canvas cover snaps over the nursery seat. This type of traveling chair would seem quite satisfactory for the small tot where no seat space can be allotted to his use.

For All Ages and Occasions

In a similar situation, the infant will be quite contented in one of the traveling hammocks that are attached by hooks and springs to the top of the car. This hammock swings free between the seats, interfering in no way with the comfort of passengers in either front or rear seats.

Still another type of accessory is the carryall, a collapsible gocart that serves a double purpose. It can be used as a crib in the car or may be folded compactly into a small space until the destination is reached. There it can be snapped open and the child wheeled about in comfort. A canvas crib with folding top and steel frame make the carryall light and easy to handle, and it is sufficiently inexpensive to suit the humblest purse. Imagine the convenience of having one's own gocart when spending a week with friends who have no carriages for little folk. It will also save them the trouble of improvising a bed for the baby.

For round-about-town use or for trips where many stops are to be made, a large basket with handles, that can be lifted in and out of the car without disturbing the occupant, is excellent for a tiny infant. These baskets can be bought in a wide range of colors, with soft down mattresses, and they may be made as dainty and attractive as one chooses.

Traveling nursery chair equipment may well include several of the flat paper containers that require little space and can be destroyed after use; as can also the soft paper linings for diapers. These supplies will add to the mother's enjoyment by simplifying her work.

Baby's food need not be a problem even when traveling. There are canned foods specially put up for children—special soups, pureed vegetables, prunes, apricots and apple sauce, tomato and grapefruit juice. Small gasoline stoves will heat the contents in a jiffy. If the family are enjoying open fires, baked potatoes, flaky and delectable, will be relished by both grown-ups and children. Milk can be carried in thermos bottles or in special insulated boxes that hold a few pounds of ice and are guaranteed to keep food in good condition for 24 hours.

Camping Equipment

Special from Monitor Bureau
New York

WHILE many excellent restaurants now dot the highways which carry automobilists over the country, the al fresco meal prepared by the travelers themselves remains popular, and is encouraged by much efficient equipment.

In the picnic outfits, certain requirements are considered, such as orderly and comfortable ways of eating and the lightness, compactness and good appearance of the carrier. A set consisting of metal table and four chairs folds into a light-weight case with handles.

A matching suitcase contains two thermos bottles, three sandwich boxes, six small cups, and trays of a light-weight, unbreakable composition, all in a matching color. Strapped to the underside of the cover are knives, forks, spoons, napkins and salt and pepper sets.

Another case is attractively fitted with slender wicker supports for green glasses and salt and pepper containers. The plates are of a green composition and match the tone of the glasses and of an adjustable table cover and small napkins.

While the thermos system has been the camper's friend for many seasons, such containers are growing more elaborate. A thermos-systemed cask, holding a gallon, has a convenient spigot attachment. Lemonade or any beverage put in this should be strained. Another large container, which holds a 24-hour supply of ice cubes, has an attractive pale green cover and is mounted in silver-bright chromium, rather elaborately designed. There are also new forms of the cocoa basket, with sterno lamp for those who wish a beverage hot and fresh.

Wayfarers who plan to cook real meals provide themselves with a camp cook stove that folds up neatly in small space and is closed with handles. Perhaps the most practical is 10 inches across, and, when folded, 4½ inches thick. This has two ring burners, an adjustable windshield and supports. It is fed by a small attached gasoline tank that consumes common motor fuel.

To sleep in the open, or to utilize the public camping places that have been provided in many districts, rubber mattresses and pillows are easily carried. These can be quickly blown up by the auto pump, and with waterproof blankets make a comfortable bed. There are also in the market practical auto beds, of one-piece construction, easily set up, which can be used either inside or outside the car.

Travelers who wish to beguile the way with an occasional game are provided with several wind-defying sets, such as aluminum cards, and a backgammon board with a magnetized surface that holds the dice.

The growing interest in chess is expressed in several ingenious methods for playing the historic game out-of-doors. Perhaps the most satisfactory is a leather-covered box, about four inches square, which has a hinged top. Inside is a miniature chessboard, with a small hole in each square. The largest chess piece, the king, is not more than one-half inch in height. All the men have a small peg that fits nicely into the holes on the board. The board may be tipped without disturbing the men and the game can be played in the wind—in an automobile, on the water, by the roadside.

Bramble Jam

Throughout the kitchen floats the smell
Of bramble jam, I know it well—
Fragrance of woods when summer heat
Has burned them brown and dry and sweet;
The rising scent of bracken rust
October blows to airy dust;
The sudden breath of waters bright
Running on pebbles brown and white;
These with the berries of the brier
Blend in the jam pan on the fire,
And weave about me, sniffing there,
The magic of the open air!

ELIZABETH FLEMING.

Raking the Pies

A toy garden rake kept with the kitchen utensils will be found to be just the thing for drawing hot pies, puddings, etc., from the confines of the hot oven without burning the hands. After the rake has brought the pie to the outer edge of the oven, lifting it out is an easy matter.

Home Making

By MRS. HARRY A. BURNHAM
Written for The Christian Science Monitor

"SOME say that I am a 'shut-in,' but I don't feel that way about it." That is an arresting sentence contained in a letter which I received recently. The writer went on to explain something of the wide horizons which she glimpsed and of the challenge which she found in the fact that she did not often enter into the hurry and turmoil of life in the outside world. Those who thoughtlessly call her a "shut-in" have no conception of the visions of beauty and gratitude which are her daily experience.

Why do we so hastily label people, when a more intimate acquaintance would put an entirely different meaning on their method of living?

Another paragraph in this letter goes on to say: "Walls may seem to shut one in from much, or to shut out from view a great deal that is beautiful, whichever way one chooses to put it, but they may better be a challenge to one's inner self—that vision of friendship, love, beauty, gratitude, and peace which is everyone's heritage. And so I have found it an interesting game; this unfoldment of thought which leads me to adventure in the realm of different sayings; of new means of expression, and to watch their effect on others. What unknown treasures there are for all to uncover! And often I have found that the friends who best understand this game that I am playing, and who are most in sympathy with it, are those whom I have never seen."

Another woman of my acquaintance who has been active in social and educational circles in a large city decided, not long ago, to spend a year with her mother who lived on an isolated farm "away back" in the hills. There would be long days, perhaps weeks, in the winter when the roads would be snowblocked. Her friends began to sympathize with her, to commiserate her for the loneliness which they were sure she would feel, but she explained to them that she expected the year to be "all too short."

She said she had a list of books which she had long been wishing to read; they would occupy some of her time. She loved flowers and had neither time nor facilities for having them in her city apartment; she was going to have a garden in the summer and window boxes and plant-stands filled with "sweet-scented geraniums and lemon verbenas" and she would revel in their delicious fragrance. There, too, was that language of which she knew but a smattering; she hoped to become more proficient in it. And there were letters to write; real letters, not the ones that begin with "just a word" and close with "am in a great hurry, will write more next time." And so she went breathlessly on until her friends who came to sympathize began to be wistful, and best of all to understand what it means to have within oneself resources and interests sufficient to make of one's environment a challenge, or, if necessary, to enable one to rise above and beyond all surrounding circumstances.

Threaded Needles

A convenient needle cushion reserved for threaded needles saves much time and annoyance for the mother of little children. Any small cushion made with an attached loop for hanging, is suitable. One needle should be threaded with white, another with black and still others with the various colors that may be needed. Needles threaded with heavy button thread and others with darning cotton will be found very convenient when the children's buttons pop off at the last minute or a peek-a-boo hole appears in hosiery. With a threaded needle in readiness, last-minute stitches can be quickly taken.

It is well to have one needle cushion of this kind upstairs and another downstairs.

Use Mineral Wool

Mineral wool is excellent for removing specks of paint from window glass. If the interior of the house has been done over and paint specks remain on varnished or hardwood floors, mineral wool will remove them.

This is not a regular boudoir slipper

But a house slipper made on a good fitting last of black kid with a 6/8 low wood heel. By mail to you. $2.75 Made in A, B, C, D, E widths. Brown kid to order, $3.25.

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78 Winona Avenue, Haverhill, Mass.

Separates Cream from Milk Automatically

Simply drop Skimit into bottle as shown in picture and in 10 seconds all cream has been removed from bottle to pitcher.

It stops and starts itself. Never gets out of order. Approved by Good Housekeeping Institute. Easy to clean. Price 50c postpaid. Send for yours now.

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DURO METAL PRODUCTS CO.
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FOOTSURE BATH TUB MAT

Gives Secure Footing in Tub or Shower

Fits in bottom of tub. Patented vacuum cups molded in mat make it nonskid.

High grade rubber, attractive design, beautiful colors—White, Green, Orchid, Blue. $2.75 at quality Department and House Furnishing stores, or direct on receipt of price, or C. O. D. Circular Free. FOOTSURE CO., INC. C-46, 407 East Pico Street, Los Angeles, Calif.

A basic reason 3 Extra Values

"PEQUOT sheets *wear* longer," say thousands of housewives. That is why Pequots are the most popular in America. Their snowy whiteness, distinctive "feel" (so soft, firm, smooth), and even hems—these are all *extra* values. Pequot Mills, Salem, Mass.

And She Thought IT WAS CLEAN!

No matter how nice a surface looks -- just rub CP Paper over it and see the change! This new household aid goes after the hidden dirt and leaves the surface CLEAN.

CP The Wonder Paper, dusts, cleans and polishes, all once. It is a fine, soft paper, containing good furniture polish. Discard the dirt-filled dust rag and use clean, convenient CP Paper.

A 25-yard roll, for only 50¢, can be bought at any of your favorite stores. Department Stores; Stationers; Fancy Grocers, etc. If they cannot supply you we will, postpaid. Money back if not thoroughly pleased.

CP WONDER PAPER

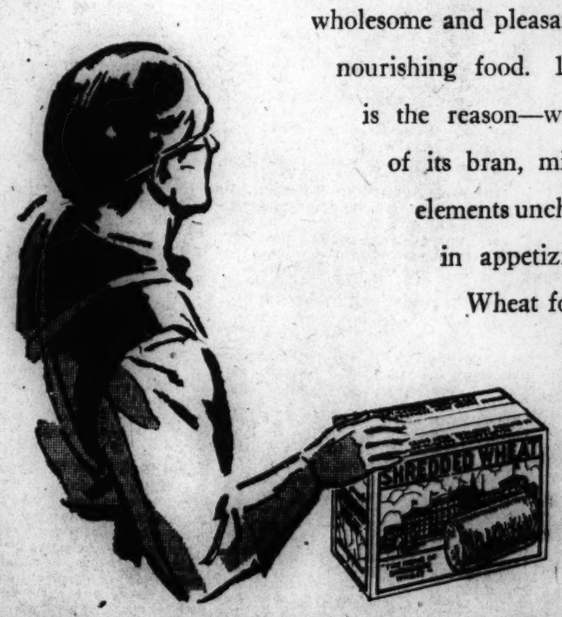
Kalamazoo Vegetable Parchment Co.
KALAMAZOO MICHIGAN

To make the household money go FARTHER

BUY food that offers the most nourishment for the least money. Buy food that all the family likes. Buy food that is easy to serve—*buy Shredded Wheat!*

Here is a cereal that is substantial, wholesome and pleasant to eat—a real nourishing food. 100% whole wheat is the reason—whole wheat with all of its bran, minerals and other food elements unchanged. 100% whole wheat in appetizing form. Serve Shredded Wheat for at least one meal every day.

Delicious with milk or cream—delicious with fruit or berries. It will save you time, work and money!



NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY
"Uneeda Bakers"

SHREDDED WHEAT
WITH ALL THE BRAN OF THE WHOLE WHEAT

THE HOME FORUM

The Bard

ANY day now the Bard may come down the quiet road, as he has come so often: his white head held high, his disreputable hat swinging from his hand as he walks. His other hand will hold the ash plant that is his dearest possession, the stick that has gone with him for many years through the Irish midlands; that bends a little now, though its owner is so straight and tall.

If this man has any other name, and we know that he must have, it was lost long since by the people among whom he goes. To us he is the Bard, and we treat him as our forefathers treated the wandering minstrel of old, who was an honored guest in many a "big house" up and down the land, and in every white cottage beside the road. Like those song makers of long ago, the Bard has his own way of repaying the people who make him welcome. He, too, has his own most effective way of dealing with those who do not offer the hospitality that is his due. No one who has been made the subject of one of his poems is likely to forget the honor or the shame, whichever it may be, for he sings of friend and of foe when he visits the "big house" or the cottage where the thatch is brown and old. To be deemed worthy of a place in the Bard's song is no proof of financial greatness. An old kindly man at his poor fireside, who makes the stranger welcome to the little he may have, will be immortalized in a psalm of praise that rings through the neighborhood for years. Should the Bard not be treated with courtesy, he makes a "Rann" against the man or the woman of the house, just as his predecessors did two hundred years ago, when they turned away from a house that did not welcome them, and sang through the country, of the mean narrow spirit of the man who lived there. Let him know in future that a minstrel is a guest of whom any householder may be proud.

It is just a year since the Bard last came down this quiet road, and now we look for him again. He came then, stepping lightly, for he had a good song to sing; the song of Marty Phelan, who lives near by. At some risk to himself, Marty stopped the runaway horse behind which the Bard sat whitefaced and silent, with the farmer who had offered him a lift along the dusty way. Since then the fame of Marty Phelan has gone wherever the Bard has made his way; but the Cloney people heard it first, and Marty, though proud and honored, still looks embarrassed when his song is sung by those who have known him all his life.

Twelve months ago, in this sunlit garden beside the road, I was busy with the slender canes that give support to the tall clumps of monkshood and to the topheavy stems of the Canterbury bells. I did not see the Bard until he came down the garden path and stood there, hat in hand.

"'Tis a good work, Ma'am," he said simply, "to raise the heavy heads of the flowers to the sun when they cannot stand upright; a good work surely."

I thought of something I had read about the bards of old. "There are numbers of Irish bards," the writer said, "capable of composing extemporaneous eulogies upon any subject, full of fine sentiment."

I asked the old man to come into the shady house and there to rest, but he sat down upon an upturned box and bade me go on with my work of mercy. "I could make a song about a woman that raised the heavy heads of the flowers toward the sun," he said.

I was ashamed, for it had seemed like drudgery before he came and told me the work was good. He watched me approvingly.

"If I had lived in the old times," he said, "I'd have carried a harp from place to place, to help me in my songs. I'd have said words like the Harper of McGilligan said: 'When I play the old tunes, not another harper would follow me.'" He paused. "There's times I do be wishful for a harp," he said wistfully, "an' there's other times I do say how would I go up an' down the steep roads an' be carryin' a thing like that." He ran his fingers through his silver hair. "Do you know what was wrote out on the harp that Dennis Hempson played?" he asked. "Him they called the Harper of McGilligan?" and he rose to his feet and stood straight and tall. "This was wrote on the wood of it," he said:

"'In the time of Noah I was green,
After his flood I was not seen
Till seventeen hundred and two—I was found
By Cormac Kelly under the ground;
He raised me up to high degree
Queen of music they call me.'"

I went on with the task that the Bard called good, and he sat down again and spoke of other wandering minstrels of long ago; of O'Heffernan, and John MacDonnell, and of Turlough Carolan himself. "They made grand songs surely," the old man said, "sure I only do the best I can." He stood up once more and recited reverently:

"'Dear Erin, how sweetly thy green bosom rises,
An emerald set in the ring of the sea.'"

He cleared his throat: "I'd never think of the like of that," he said regretfully, "nor the like of this, either," and he quoted again:

"'Oh an Irishman's heart is as stout as shillelagh,
It beats with delight to chase sorrow and woe;
When the piper lilts up then it dances so gaily
And thumps with a whack for to leather the foe.'

"That was a great boast of a song," he said.

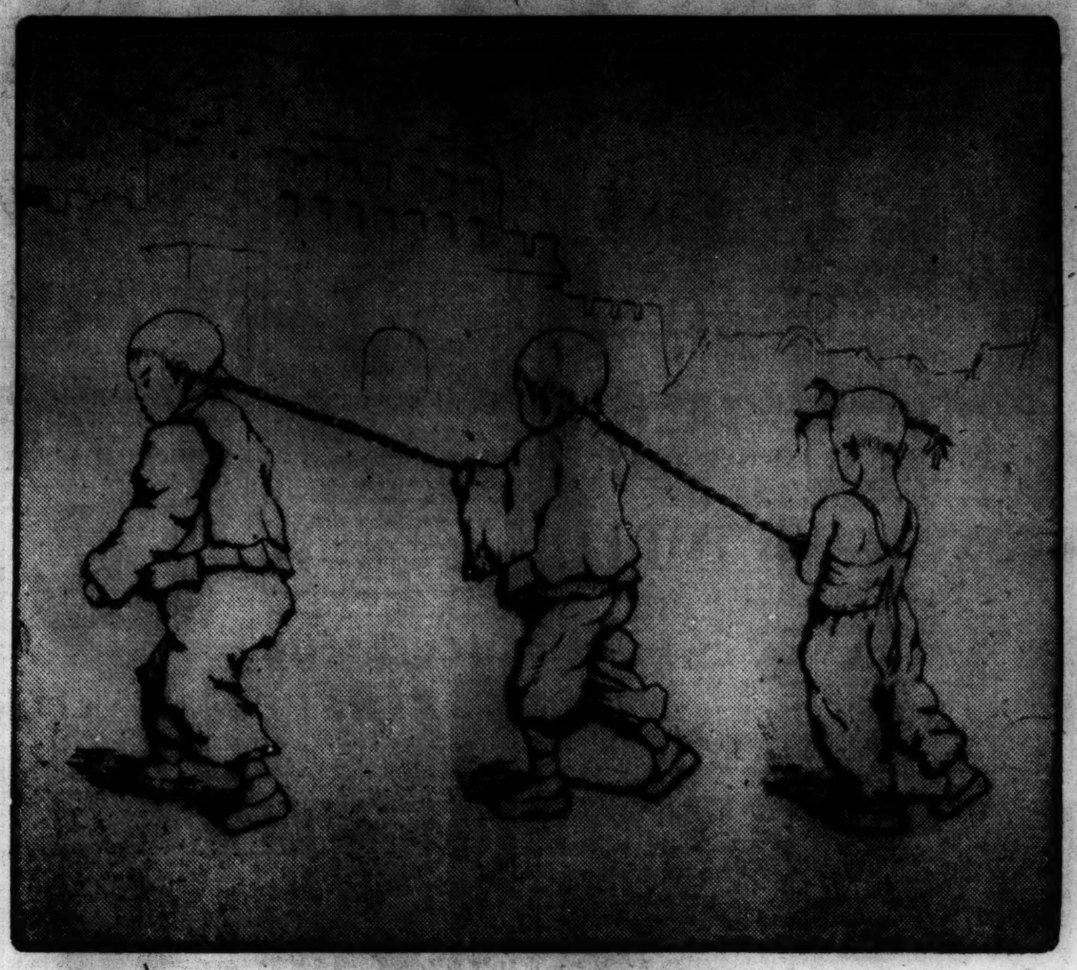
In a little while the Bard passed down the garden path again, and left me with the two green ballad sheets I had purchased for two pennies. "I could make a song about a woman liftin' the heavy heads of the flowers," he repeated, "but 'twould never be a song like them ould bards could make," and he paused with his hand on the gate. A pink Canterbury bell leaned gratefully against the cane I had thrust into the dry powdery soil.

"You made a good song about Marty Phelan," I said encouragingly, and the Bard's face brightened.

"There's another sayin' I do think of when I walk the roads," he said; "'Echo is the parent of rhyme, and rhyme will always be found in Ireland,'" and he passed on down the dusty hill.

A week ago I got out the canes again, and I propped the flowers that were top heavy, for the Bard may come this way any day now.

D. M. L.



"Young China": From an Etching by H. Lüthmann

Home to the Phlox

We deserted the garden in the time of iris and came home to phlox. Yet vestiges of that abundant June lingered along the borders—the seedpods of lupins behind yarrow clumps and the pansies grown Lilliputian in the heat, and an occasional climbing rose throwing a late August spray of flowers. Annuals that had been set out then as mere younglings—calendulas, and the soft mauve of ageratum, and the pinks and velvety purples of petunias—were spilling their mature patches of color. Things seemed bigger, too, and just a little tired. The borders were higher and more lush in growth, but the pods of butterfly weed and the blue tassels of veronica and the stars of the Virgin's Bower and yellowing leaves high up on the elms sounded the first faint notes of that autumnal symphony which would be in full movement before another month was past. . . .

The going away is good, but the coming back is even better. We step down from the car on to our own land again. An old setter cavorts for joy. Two Persian kittens contemplate us solemnly from the top step. A bird trills in its cage as we enter the house. Here are the same things we left—the same walls, the same chairs, the same pictures, the same stairs going up to bed, the same patches of sunlight on the floor. We glance across the valley: there stands the same ridge with its shoals of woodland and soft green, cultivated upland fields. How good to be back to it all! How right was old Horace—

Above all other spots of earth
This little corner smiles on me.

—RICHARDSON WRIGHT, in "The Redbook of Travel."

An Old Recipe for Dipping Candles

The tallow when melted should be ladled into a wooden vessel of convenient width and depth, which has been previously heated by filling it with boiling water for an hour or more. Fill the vessel within an inch of the top with melted tallow, and keep it at that height by adding hot tallow or hot water. By this means the candles will be kept at a full size at the top, and not taper off to a point, as is often seen with country candles.

The tallow, when used for dipping candles, should not be too hot. A temperature that will allow the finger to be dipped in without burning is sufficiently hot, and at this point the candles will take on the tallow very fast. The wicks should be lowered into the melted tallow gradually, and should be lifted out of the tallow so slowly that when the bottoms of the candles are clear from the surface of the melted tallow, no tallow will run off of them. When the candles are raised quickly out of the melted tallow the tallow will run off the candles in a stream, whereas, if the candles are raised slowly, not a particle of tallow will fall from them. A few trials will satisfy any person in this matter. If the tallow is boiling hot, the wick will not take on the tallow to any considerable extent. When candles are raised out of the tallow rapidly, the candles will be large at the bottom, and the tallow will extend below the wick, so that when being burned in a candlestick, a piece of the candle will have no wick in it, and therefore for burning will be useless.

Where persons have no suitable wooden vessel, an iron vessel will answer for a dipping vessel. When tallow has been thoroughly melted over the fire, should it be dirty or impure, throw into it, while hot, a small quantity of finely powdered alum, and in a short time a scum will be seen rising to the surface, in appearance like dirty froth. Skim this off as it rises. This scum will rise for half an hour or more. These directions are plain, and easily complied with, and one trial will be satisfactory. Persons, by following these directions, will save more than one-half the usual labor besides having better candles.

An improvement in making candles: Let the wick be steeped in lime water, in which has also been dissolved a quantity of nitre or saltpetre. By this means a purer flame and a superior light is obtained. A more perfect combustion is also insured. Snuffing is rendered nearly superfluous as in wax candles and the candles with wicks thus prepared will not melt and run down. The wicks, however, must be thoroughly dried before the tallow is put to them. It has been said that candles made in this manner are worth at least a quarter more than without this preparation of the wicks.—From "Farmer's Everyday Book, or Sketches of Social Life in the Country," by JOHN L. BLAKE.

Busy With Great Thoughts

I have walked barefoot along
drenched beaches
Mile on mile in meditation. My
thoughts have come
In rhythm with my stride, slowly,
across the waste
Of land and sea and sky, seeking
their destination
In my heart.

So I have walked barefoot and been
oblivious
To sinking of my feet in sand along
my way.
Oh, I have been oblivious to laws
and labors
Of the waters' sweep and swing beside me, been oblivious
Within great thoughts.

I have been busy.

CARL JOHN BOSTELMANN.

Seen At Sea

The most beautiful thing I have seen at sea, all the more so that I had never heard of it, is the trail of a shoal of fish through the phosphorescent water. It is like a flight of silver rockets, or the streaming of northern lights through that silent nether heaven. I thought nothing could go beyond that rustling star-foam which was churned up by our ship's bows, or those eddies and disks of dreamy flame that rose and wandered out of sight behind us.

'Twas fire our ship was plunging
through,
Cold fire that o'er the quarter flew;
And wandering moons of idle flame
Grew full and waned, and went and
came,
Dappling with light the huge sea-
snake
That slid behind us in the wake.

But there was something even more delicately rare in the apparition of the fish, as they turned up in gleaming furrows the latent moonshine which the ocean seemed to have hoarded against these vacant interlunar nights. In the Mediterranean one day, as we were lying becalmed, I observed the water freckled with dingy specks, which at last gathered to a pinkish scum on the surface. The sea had been so phosphorescent for some nights, that when the Captain gave me my bath, by dousing me with buckets from the house on deck, the spray flew off my head and shoulders in sparks. It occurred to me that this dirty-looking scum might be the luminous matter, and I had a pailful dipped up to keep till after dark. . . . When I shook it, the whole broke out into what I can only liken to milky flames, whose lambent silence was strangely beautiful, and startled me almost as actual projection might an alchemist. . . .

Another sight worth taking a voyage for is that of the sails by moonlight. Our course was "south and by east, half south," so that we seemed bound for the full moon as she rolled up over our wavering horizon. Then I used to go forward to the bowsprit and look back. Our ship was a clipper, with every rag set, stunsails, sky-scrapers, and all; nor was it easy to believe that such a wonder could be built of canvas as that white many-storied pile of cloud that stooped over me or drew back as we rose and fell with the waves.—JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL, in "Leaves From My Journal."

"Fais-toi une arche"

Traduction de l'article anglais de Science Chrétienne paraissant sur cette même page

NOTRE première pensée, lorsque le danger ou la détresse nous menace, est de trouver un refuge. C'est à l'époque de Noé qu'après une période de prospérité matérielle, vinrent soudain des jours de grande calamité qui bouleversèrent complètement ceux qui ne s'étaient jamais préoccupés de leur sécurité. Noé, en esprit toujours près de l'Eternel, avait été averti: "Fais-toi une arche." Il avait obéi, consacrant beaucoup de temps et de pensées à cette préparation. Que de force de caractère et de résolution ferme ne lui fallut-il pas pour mener à bien la construction de l'arche alors que tous ceux qui l'entouraient, étaient convaincus que l'aise dans la matière durerait pour toujours. Lorsque vinrent les eaux qui devaient détruire la corruption de la surface de la terre, ceux qui n'avaient point préparé de refuge contre le déluge de la peur et du besoin furent engloutis; mais Noé et ceux qui étaient avec lui furent soutenus en sécurité, car il est écrit: "L'Eternel ferma la porte de l'arche sur lui." Tout autour, les hommes s'engloutissaient grâce à leur folie et leurs mauvaises pensées.

C'est le sens spirituel des Ecritures qui nous les rend utiles et de valeur aujourd'hui; il nous montre que, par l'actualité de son pouvoir sur le mal, la Vérité reste à jamais Principe éternel. Dans *Science et Santé avec la Clef des Ecritures (Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures)* (p. 581), Mrs. Eddy définit "arche" en partie par "sécurité" et aussi comme "la compréhension de l'Esprit, détruisant la croyance à la matière," et elle nous explique plus loin que "l'arche signifie la tentation surmontée et suivie d'exaltation."

Et de même aujourd'hui si nous obéissons au commandement de Dieu nous nous trouverons un refuge. Nous le bâtirons avec patience en notre conscience, y renfermant tout ce qui nous est cher; et nous le ferons si fort qu'il surmontera toutes les tempêtes du mal, malgré leur violence et leur durée. Noé devait rester patiemment dans l'arche, apparemment inactif, mais, bien qu'il n'y eut à perte de vue que l'immensité grise des eaux, il était soutenu au-dessus des flots de la peur et du désespoir. Ceux qui habitent un pays montagneux comprendront fort bien cette histoire de la Bible. En temps humide, les voiles grisâtres des brumes font disparaître les collines, et la pluie tombe jour après jour—si bien, tel un rêve, il semble impossible qu'il y eut jamais des pics couronnés de neige, brillant au loin dans le ciel bleu. Puis, se réveillant un matin, on sent un renouveau de joie indescriptible, un allégement du sombre désespoir, un léger bruissement du vent, une échappée dans les nuages et, de même que Noé après sa longue attente, on aperçoit les montagnes.

Quand nous semblons traverser une période de dépression et qu'il nous faut attendre avec patience un renouveau de l'activité, dans notre refuge conservons notre tranquille bonne humeur, et réjouissons-nous, sachant que les promesses de Dieu durent pour toujours. Sains et saufs, nous surmonterons les flots menaçants jusqu'à ce que les eaux se retirent et que les conditions normales reparaissent. C'est alors que nous pourrons élever un autel à Dieu, Lui offrant un sacrifice d'actions de grâce, et nous remettons à notre travail, comblés de joie; car lorsque l'erreur est détruite sa place ne peut rester vide, il nous faut réaliser la présence des idées du bien.

De même que Noé entra dans l'arche, lui et sa famille, avec deux de chaque espèce de tous les animaux, des oiseaux et des reptiles qui rampent sur la terre, il nous faut renfermer dans notre conscience du bien toutes les idées de l'Entendement à mesure que nous les apercevons. Nous avons besoin de toutes ces idées dans notre refuge. Mais notre refuge n'est pas un endroit matériel; c'est une condition, spirituelle et mentale, de confiance, de foi et de lumière, qui ne peut être bâtie en nous-mêmes en un seul jour. Nous la bâtissons heure par heure; nous y entrons en triomphant maintes fois de la peur et de l'égoïsme; en essayant maintes fois avec dévouement d'obéir à la loi de Dieu, dans notre vie quotidienne et dans notre conversation. Notre lieu de défence, c'est la "retraite du très-Haut" dont parle le quatre-vingt-onzième Psaume. C'est un refuge où nous nous tenons en toute sécurité à l'abri des flots de la peur, des tempêtes de la passion et de la propre volonté, des vagues du chagrin qui peuvent menacer notre santé et notre bonheur. Ceux qui reposent en cette arche sacrée de la sécurité sont protégés pendant l'orage, et seront sauvegardés par la bonté aimante et toujours présente de Dieu.

Quand la destruction du mal semble imminente, puissions-nous, de même que Noé, entendre ce commandement de Dieu: "Entre dans l'arche, toi et toute ta famille." En domptant la tentation qui nous pousse à craindre les conditions de ce monde, ou à nous déprimer ou à nous décourager, nous serons exaltés jusqu'à ce que nous percevrons un jour un sens plus haut de la Vie et de ses joies abondantes; et c'est alors que sur les nuages les plus sombres de notre expérience, brillera l'arc-en-ciel de l'espoir en Dieu, proclamant la délivrance céleste.

Pour tous renseignements sur les publications de la Science Chrétienne en français écrire à La Société de Publications de la Science Chrétienne (The Christian Science Publishing Society).

Breaking Camp

Farewell, wild hearth where many
logs have burned!
Among your stones the fireweed
may grow.
The brant are flown, the maple
leaves have turned,
The goldenrod is brown—and we
must go.

Good-by, calm nights and unrepented days
Of brave, free life devoid of care
and wrong,
Of hunters' fare, of merry-chorused
days,
And woodland hush more sweet
than any song.

The owl shall hoot across the lonely
lake
In whose full depths our moon
imprisoned shines,
Whose drowsy waves no flashing
paddles break,
Whose pebbled shores are fringed
with dreaming pines.

The buck shall stamp and lift a furtive hoof—
Where once we dwelt the bear
shall make her den;
The bat shall hang beneath a broken
roof
Whose birchen cover knew the
dreams of men.

—ARTHUR GUITERMAN, in "Mirthful Lyre."

An Omnibus In the Garden

A large omnibus arrived in the garden this morning. It is of the London variety, of that bright scarlet that cheers so many of our drab streets. It is picked out with broad white lines, and the word General is very prominent in big gold letters on its side. In front, over the driver's seat, the places on its route are clearly indicated—Hammersmith Broadway, King's Road, Victoria Street, Charing Cross, Walham Green, Sloane Square, Whitehall, Strand. There are also advertisements with attractive pictures, and the number of the bus, 125, is marked clearly for all to see. It is a complete omnibus, with plenty of accommodation inside and out, its wooden seats, which have no cushions, being neatly painted red and white. It is a covered-in bus, and has no glass in its windows, so that on a hot day it must be pleasantly airy, while the conductor must positively enjoy running up and down those scarlet steps with their fine scarlet balustrade.

Its present position is on a gravel path, between a green lawn covered with daisies and a bed of blue delphiniums, very blue lobelia, yellow snapdragons, scarlet geraniums, and tall hollyhocks just bursting into bloom. If it runs forward, it will go under an arch of pink roses and purple clematis; if backward, it will slide down a steep bank into the dining-room window. But at present it is stationary. Its owner, who is also the driver and conductor, is away on more important affairs. Before going, however, he filled the bus with daisies, which is just as well, as the wooden seats might be uncomfortable for more critical passengers. On other occasions small bricks, a tea-set and animals out of a Noah's Ark have been accommodated. The bus has also been the receptacle for sticky sweets, a half-eaten biscuit, and a headless doll.

The owner's sister, who is a year younger than the owner, was as she described herself "a burfday girl" yesterday, and had three candles on her cake to show she was six. Or so she informed the company. It may be that she is supremely indifferent to her age, but she certainly looks more like three candles than six, and it is well known that the bus owner, driver, and conductor is her senior, and will have only five candles on his cake next October. At the moment, leaving the daisies to wait in vain for Hammersmith Broadway, he is flying down a distant path on a scooter. His hair, nut-brown with some gold in it, comes through a rent in the conductor's cap which with a shoulder-strap full of tickets, proves his proprietorship of the bus. He is now rounding a bend in the path where blue lupins and white foxgloves tower above him, and the bronze darkness of a copper-beech sighs over his head. His sister, who in these days of women's activities should certainly be cleaning the bus, is engaged in running after him, to beg for a ride. As she never yet succeeded in getting one foot on the scooter and the other on the ground, the bus conductor takes no notice of her, and she returns gleefully to a wheelbarrow that is full, alternately, of stones and a puppy.

In the meanwhile the bus, so splendidly complete in all its appointments, stands patiently on the path near the lemon-colored snapdragons. So it will wait all day. It is a wonder no bird has appropriated it. But its turn will come; and, daily expectant of their destination, the daisies will set out for Hammersmith Broadway.

"Make thee an ark"

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

WHEN threatened by danger or distress, the first thing one thinks of is to find a refuge. In the days of Noah, after a period of material prosperity, came a time of calamity which utterly overwhelmed those who had made no provision for their safety. Noah, who kept mentally close to God, had been warned, "Make thee an ark." He obeyed, spending much time and thought in its preparation. It must have taken consecration of purpose and stern resolve to persevere in the work of building the ark while all around were supposing that ease in matter would last forever. When the waters came which were to destroy corruption from off the face of the earth, those who had made no refuge from the floods of fear and lack were carried away by them; but Noah, and they who were with him, were upheld in safety, for it is written, "The Lord shut him in." As far as the eye could reach men were being drowned in destruction through their foolish living and wrong thinking.

It is the spiritual sense of the Scriptural record which makes it useful and valuable to us today, showing by actual demonstration of dominion over evil that Truth remains unchanged as eternal Principle. In "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" (p. 581) Mrs. Eddy defines "ark" in part as "safety"; also, as "the understanding of Spirit, destroying belief in matter." And she further explains that "the ark indicates temptation overcome and followed by exaltation."

So, today, if we heed the command of God, we shall find for ourselves a place of safety. We shall patiently build it up in consciousness, holding therein all that we love; and we shall make it strong, so that it will withstand any storm of evil, however violent or long continued. Noah had to wait patiently in the ark, apparently doing nothing; but though there was nothing to be seen but the monotonous gray waste of waters, he was buoyed up above the floods of fear and gloom. Those who live in a mountainous country can well appreciate the Bible story. In wet weather, when gray curtains of mist blot out the hills, the rain falls day after day, till it seems almost a dream that snow-clad peaks ever shone against a blue sky. Then, on awakening some morning, there is an indescribable sense of freshening joy, a lifting of the gloom, a faint stirring of wind, a break in the clouds, and the tops of the mountains are seen, as Noah beheld them after his weary waiting.

When we seem to go through a period of depression, when we must wait patiently for a time of activity, in our refuge we must hold fast to cheerfulness and rejoicing, knowing that God's promise stands forever. We shall be safely borne above the threatening flood till the waters abate and normal conditions once more appear. Then we can build our altar to Him, offer the sacrifice of thanksgiving, and go forth to our joyous work, for when error has been destroyed, we cannot leave its place empty; we must realize the presence of ideas of good.

As Noah brought into the ark his family and two of each kind of animal, bird, and creeping thing, so we must include in our consciousness of good all the ideas of Mind as we apprehend them. We need them all in our place of safety. But our safe place is not a material refuge; it is a spiritual and mental condition of confidence, faith, enlightenment. It is not built up in our consciousness in a single day. We construct it hour by hour; we enter it by countless overcomings of fear and selfishness, by many a consecrated endeavor to obey the law of God in our daily life and conversation. Our house of defense is "the secret place of the most High" spoken of in the ninety-first Psalm. It is a refuge in which we are perfectly safe from all the floods of fear, storms of passion and self-will, waves of sorrow that can threaten our health and happiness. Those who abide in this sacred ark of safety are protected through the storm and cared for by God's ever available loving-kindness.

When the destruction of evil seems imminent, may we, as did Noah, hear the command of God, "Come thou and all thy house into the ark." Overcoming the temptation to fear or to be discouraged or depressed by any world condition, we shall be exalted to perceive a higher sense of Life and its abundant joys; and the rainbow of hope in God henceforth shines on the darkest cloud of our experience, heralding a heavenly deliverance.

[In another column will be found a translation of this article into French]

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AMONG THE RAILROADS

By FRANKLIN SNOW

EXCELLENT travel prospects on the Chicago & North Western Railway were forecast by Mr. C. A. Cairns, passenger traffic manager, whose report was received too late for inclusion in a recent symposium of views of western passenger officials for the present season.

Mr. Cairns reports definite indications of an increase in travel on his line, with interest in the road's escorted tours to the National Parks showing a marked increase. Yellowstone, he notes, still maintains its lead in popularity, although Zion, Bryce Canyon and Cedar Breaks, in Utah, are attracting more passengers every year. The North Western has cut the duration of its escorted tours from Chicago to California to 15 days, with resultant increased patronage from tourists whose vacations preclude a longer journey.

To the "north woods," the Wisconsin Lakes Special and the Ashland Limited are proving popular—not only with fishermen but with golfers as well, he said.

He looks forward optimistically to the Chicago World's Fair of 1933 which, he states, will bring large numbers of persons from points on his line to Chicago.

Pullmans Exhibited

More than 1500 children and teachers took the time to inspect a sleeping-car parked at Wheaton, Ill., recently, the step being a novel and constructive move on the part of the Pullman Company to keep its product before the public by exploiting it in every way consistent with dignity. In San Francisco, the Lark, of the Southern Pacific—an entire train—was exhibited to high school pupils. The unusual feature of the displays is the number of visitors who have never before been in a Pullman car—a fact connoting future patronage by such visitors.

Coöperative Salesmanship

Railroad passenger and advertising officials are not unanimous in agreeing with previously-published comments in this column to the effect that the traveler's destination is his principal objective and that the route used in reaching it is secondary—hence, that joint promotional efforts such as institutional advertising by a combination of western railroads would benefit all participating lines proportionately through any increase in travel which would occur.

Yet the fact remains that to a substantial number of travelers, the names of railroads over which they travel is a matter of minor importance. Ticket agents can, and constantly do, route persons over routes which they recommend and to which the patron agrees without knowing the difference. As an example of this, the writer recalls on a Canadian National train leaving Winnipeg for the west, a young woman queried him as to what time the train reached Banff. Upon being informed that Banff was on the Canadian Pacific, and that the Canadian National operated via Jasper Park, she expressed surprise, stating that she had told the agent in San Francisco to make out her return ticket via Banff.

Passengers Routed by Agents

This is in no sense a comparison of the respective merits of Jasper Park versus Banff—both of which are in a class by themselves. The point is that the passenger had no knowledge of competitive routes through the Canadian Rockies—she had merely been sold on the thought of that territory, rather than an individual route to reach it.

Another traveler called at the offices of the Southern Pacific instead of the Western Pacific and used the former road merely because the ticket office was in the vicinity, all of which proves that the thought of promoting travel to a specific destination, rather than by one road in preference to another, is the most important objective for the railroad industry to consider. In such an effort, no line would gain greatly at the expense of others—in fact, it is obvious that all would benefit pro rata in an increase in travel.

Better Equipment Urged

From a reader of this column comes a comment concerning the first requisite in seeking to promote railroad travel. He states, as a result of observations of conditions on numerous railroads, "If the railroads are to indulge in a campaign to develop more interest in travel, it seems that every step possible should be taken to 'put their houses in order and to present themselves and their services to the public in the most attractive manner possible. This cannot be done by continuing to run obsolete equipment, untidy cars, or to countenance discourteous employees, reduce train service, or permit other inconsistencies so readily detected by the experienced traveler."

There are, admittedly, many occurrences on a system spread out over several thousand miles of line which cannot be guarded against, but many others are the result of supervision or the absence of it.

Long Pullman Train

Since the advent of powerful locomotives has enabled numerous railroads to operate longer and heavier trains, constant comments arise as to which road has handled the longest train. The question has been settled, seemingly for all time, with the publication in the Missouri-Kansas-Texas Lines Magazine of an account of the movement of a troop train from Kingsville to Houston, Texas, in 1916, with 49 sleeping cars in one section. A few days later, a 43-car Pullman train moved over the same line. To date, no other claimant for the title of record-breaking passenger-train-length has been heard from.

Of Interest to Travelers

The Pennsylvania has placed a 10-section, 3-double bedroom car in the Gotham Limited eastward and the Metropolitan westward, between Pittsburgh and Chicago, the beds being of normal size and equipped with box springs and mattresses. The bedrooms may be converted into lounges for use by day.

The Baltimore & Ohio has placed another air-cooled train in the New York-Washington route, this being the Capitol Limited northward and a companion train southward, these morning trains having the same air-conditioned cars as are used in the fast Columbian in the afternoon.

Labor Considers Canadian Party

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

WINNIPEG, Man.—Plans for the formation of a Canadian Labor Party along the lines of the British Labor Party were discussed at a meeting of western Canadian labor leaders in Winnipeg. Representatives were present from the provinces of Alberta, Manitoba and Saskatchewan. There are at present separate organizations, known as the Independent Labor Party, in Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

The conference condemned the proposal to enlist single unemployed men under the department of militia and defense for the construction of public works by day labor.

Dealing further with unemployment, the conference advocated a reduction of the hours of labor to insure employment; discontinuance of the policy of giving mere relief to unemployed on public works in favor of the payment of the current rate of wages and inauguration of a Dominion system of unemployment insurance.

Marine Reductions Eliminate 315 Men

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 (AP)—Curtailment of first enlistments ordered early in June to reduce the strength of the Marine Corps from 17,500 to 16,000 with an expected saving of $1,000,000 this year has cut the enlisted strength thus far to 17,185.

Maj.-Gen. Ben H. Fuller, commandant of the Marine Corps, said yesterday he expected the total would touch 16,000 by Dec. 1, when recruiting would be increased to maintain the force at that level.

The reduction planned was General Fuller's response to President Hoover's request for all possible economy. Recent withdrawal of 500 marines from Nicaragua and the prospect that the remainder will be withdrawn after the elections in 1932, made the reduction practicable.

It also is expected that a smaller marine force will be maintained in Haiti as a result of changes in the administration of that island announced yesterday.

American Hotels In Billion Class

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 (AP) — American hotels do a business of more than $1,000,000,000 annually.

Preliminary figures announced yesterday by the Census Bureau placed the 1929 receipts of 15,577 hotels at $1,039,363,000. Those operating throughout the year reported receipts of $962,801,000; resort hotels, $76,562,000.

The census covered hotels having 25 or more guest rooms. It did not include apartment houses, boarding houses, clubs, Y. M. C. A.'s or Y. W. C. A.'s.

Of the 13,328 year-round hotels, 10,907 operated on the European plan; 1097 on the American plan and 1324 on the mixed plan. Of the resort hotels 370 operated on the European plan, 1537 on the American plan and 342 on the mixed plan.

Loans to Soldiers Total $819,982,850

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 (AP)—The Veterans Bureau yesterday informed President Hoover that 2,128,097 loans on adjusted service certificates had been made to July 31, totaling $819,982,850.21.

These figures covered loans made under the recently enacted law permitting veterans to borrow up to 50 per cent of the face value of their certificates.

From the week ending June 13 the total weekly amount of loans dropped from $10,407,000 to $4,353,000 in the week ending July 31.

On Aug. 1 the Veterans Bureau had received 7521 applications for loans upon which no action had been taken.

The total loans outstanding of July 31, including Government life insurance and previous loans on adjusted service certificates amounted to $1,187,386,415.82.

HOTELS

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The Warwick
HOUSTON, TEXAS
"The South's Finest Apartment Hotel"
Rooms, Suites, Apartments facing beautiful Hermann Park with its Municipal Golf Course. Transient rates $3 per day and up.

Canada

Dominion Hotel
VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA
DINING ROOM and ENGLISH GRILL
Central and Modern—200 Rooms—100 with Bath. Rates from $1.50
Near Christian Science church
Garden 4126
FREE BUS STEPHEN JONES

Windermere Hotel
VICTORIA, B. C.
Courtney Street, near Douglas
Central Location yet Quiet and Comfortable. Good Meals and Very Moderate Rates. Generous accommodation. Large dining room, lounge, lobby, sun room, etc. Magnificent view of sea and mountains. Comfortable rooms with or without baths. Garden 4194.

TORONTO, CANADA

Prince George
Magnificently Furnished. Liberally Conducted. Cuisine Unexcelled. Courteous and Prompt Service. European Plan.
E. WINNETT THOMPSON, *Managing Director*

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NEW YORK'S BIGGEST VALUE
• FINE ROOM and BATH •
$2.50 SINGLE / $3.00 DOUBLE
A modern, new hotel located in heart of New York, 100 feet West of Broadway yet quiet and cool. Each room has bath, circulating ice water, electric fan, Beauty-rest mattresses, exceptional furnishings and atmosphere.
Hotel Piccadilly
227 WEST 45th ST. NEW YORK

HOTEL VICTORIA
7th Ave. at 51 St., New York
announces that
MR. WILLIAM B. CRAVIS
(formerly of the Knickerbocker Hotel, Atlantic City)
has assumed the duties of Managing Director

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE YOU that the Hotel GOVERNOR CLINTON
one of New York's Finest gives more for your Money than any other Hotel
1200 ROOMS, EACH WITH RADIO, BATH, SERVIDOR, CIRCULATING ICE-WATER
FROM $3.00 DAILY
OPPOSITE PENNA R.R. STATION
B. & O. BUSES STOP AT DOOR
NEAR EVERYTHING
HOTEL GOVERNOR CLINTON
31st STREET and 7th AVENUE
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ONE OF NEW YORK'S DISTINGUISHED HOTELS
Located in the fashionable Park Avenue section, easily accessible to shops and theatres. Delightful atmosphere, excellent cuisine.
DAILY RATES
Single, with bath $5
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Weekly or monthly rate on request
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Madison Ave. at 50th St.
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Eighteen Gramercy Park SOUTH
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Rooms $15 to $22.50 Weekly
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Single rooms, bath, from $2.50
Double room, bath, from $3.00
Parlor, bedroom, bath, $5.00 from
Special weekly rates
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Under KNOTT *Management*

A Visit to NEW YORK CITY
is pleasant and can be *thrifty*
The Albert offers every modern comfort and a dignified, pleasing atmosphere. Near to business interests, one block from 5th Ave.
Room with running water, $1.50
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University Place at 10th St.
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Prominent Residential Hotel for Women
Offers excellent accommodations at moderate rates
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Rooms with Running Water
Single . . . 1.75, 2.00
Double, 2 persons . . . 2.25
Rooms with Private Bath
Single 2.50, 3.00
Double 2 persons 2.50, 3.00, 3.50
No Higher Rates
Excellent Restaurant
HOTEL MARTHA WASHINGTON
29 East 29th St. 30 East 30th St.
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Write for Special Weekly Rates

DESIRABLE APARTMENTS
for Day, Month or Year
Available at a distinguished address . . . The MAYFLOWER. Ideally located opposite beautiful Central Park. Easily accessible to all parts of the city.
Near Christian Science church and Reading Room.
Superb service and appointments. Owner-managed restaurant. $5.00 up per day. Special monthly rates.
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61st to 62nd Streets
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New Hotel
PLYMOUTH
49 ST. EAST of B'WAY, N.Y.
$2.50 daily
ROOM, BATH and RADIO
SINGLE $2.50-$3.50
DOUBLE $4.00-$5.00
FREE GARAGE

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Broadway and 55th Street
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Located on the very edge of this glittering section — a hotel whose quiet refinement and air of exclusive dignity is a direct contrast to gaudy scene a few blocks below.
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129 WEST 48th STREET
HAS ALWAYS BEEN THE LEADING HOTEL IN MIDTOWN
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ROOM with BATH
Single $2.00 to $4.00
Double $3.00 to $5.00
FAMOUS TABLE D'HOTE RESTAURANT
Breakfast from 20c
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SUCCESSFUL PEOPLE

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NEW YORK'S MOST POPULAR HOTEL
RALPH HITZ, *Managing Director*
34th Street at 8th Avenue, New York
Tunnel to Pennsylvania Station

1½ BLOCKS FROM PENN. STATION
HERALD SQUARE HOTEL
116 West 34th St.
Just off Broadway
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NEWLY FURNISHED
NEWLY DECORATED
NEW MANAGEMENT
Large, Airy, Comfortable Rooms
Single Room $2.00 to $3.50
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Refined :: Quiet :: Homelike
Special Weekly and Permanent Rates

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Between Fifth and Sixth Avenues
Single Room with Bath.....$3.00 up
Special Rates by the Week
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5 MINUTES WALK TO FORTY THEATRES AND ALL SHOPS
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Rates and Booklet on application

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DAILY $1.50 Without Bath With Bath from $2
WEEKLY Without Bath from $7 With Bath from $10
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106 West 47th Street
NEW YORK CITY
With the Atmosphere of an Exclusive Club for Business and Professional Men. Complete Service. Clean, Quiet, Attractive Rooms.
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New York State

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Beautifully situated facing Capitol Park. A new hotel . . . friendly, comfortable. 500 outside rooms with bath. Rates from $3.50. Come . . . we'll make you happy.
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A Knott hotel

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Buffalo's Largest Apartment Hotel
BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH
Restaurant under our supervision.

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NEWBURGH, N.Y.
THE MODEL HOTEL OF THE HUDSON VALLEY

FOREST HOUSE NOW OPEN
Tel. Mahopac 373
On the Lake Shore of the Edge of the Woods. Quiet and Restful. With All Out-of-Door Sports Near-by.
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One of America's Newest Hotels
700 ROOMS—700 BATHS
Make This Hotel Your Home When in Baltimore.
RADIO IN EVERY ROOM

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BEAUTIFUL VIEW OF THE CHARLES RIVER AND ESPLANADE
Fensgate Hotel
Rooms, all with Bath
Moderately Priced
Excellent Cuisine
534 Beacon Street
Not far from The Mother Church
SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES
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THE
Charlesgate Hotel
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Situated in the most beautiful part of the Back Bay District, at the corner of Beacon, Charlesgate East and Marlboro Streets with an unobstructed view of the Fenway and Charles River Basin.
SPECIAL SUMMER RATES—EUROPEAN PLAN
From June 1 to October 1
Per Day
One room, with bath, for one..... $3.00-$4.00
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Parlor, bedroom and bath, for two 6.00-8.00
Parlor, 2 bedrooms and bath, for two 10.00-12.00
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"The Hotel with the Home Atmosphere"
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New Fireproof Garage
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Always cool and comfortable
Five minutes by trolley passing hotel to Christian Science church.
Abundant parking space.
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BOSTON
Seven minutes' walk from Christian Science church.
All rooms with bath.
Single, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50
Double, $2.50, $3.00
Four—suite of parlor, bedroom, bath, $5, $6 a day
Weekly rate one day off in seven
Meals served in rooms without extra charge.

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"Service with a Smile"
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Modern, homelike, comfortable and convenient. Single with bath, $2.50 to $3.50. Double, $4, $5.
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Special Rates for Tourists During Summer Months
CONVENIENT TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCH

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Modern in every detail The HOTEL SHERATON, because of its unusual location on an exclusive residential street on the banks of the Charles River, yet not more than ten minutes from the business and shopping district, has become a most popular hotel for persons seeking a home or transient accommodations.
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A quiet, charming, homelike hotel within easy walking distance of Christian Science church.
Excellent Cuisine
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Pres. and Treas., M. E. FRITZ
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Technology Chambers
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Near Back Bay Station

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Quiet place for women, three blocks from Christian Science church, Boston. Rates from $12.00 up a week with meals. Club Annex reserved for families.
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BEACON STREET, BOSTON
NEXT TO STATE HOUSE
Cafeteria Restaurant
Rooms with bath, $3.50 up

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Centrally located on beautiful Copley Sq.
Special Rates: Single room and bath $2.00
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Enjoy Dinner on the Roof Garden

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A "Real New England Inn" at PETERSHAM MASS.
NICHEWAUG INN
In a delightful historical section. Beautiful drives in all directions.
2 Golf Courses, Tennis, Fishing, Trails. Orchestra. Booklet.
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A Summer Hotel with non-housekeeping cottages, especially adapted for families with growing children. Open until October 1. Vegetables from our own garden. $25 to $40 per week American plan. Boating, Bathing, Golf, Tennis.
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Offering Every Service to a Distinguished Clientele
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18TH AND FARNAM STREET
YOUR HOME

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ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST, CENTRALLY LOCATED FIREPROOF
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Known for its Excellent Table and Home-like Atmosphere

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New & Modern, European Plan
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Telephones in All Rooms Rates $2.00 and Up
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Bath House Free to Guests
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The Pre-eminent Hotel Achievement

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"Comfort Without Extravagance"
$2.50 up European $5 up American
Capacity 400
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Charm of atmosphere . . . plus excellent food . . . plus the convenience of an established "No Tipping" service.

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14th and K **HOTEL** Downtown

Two blocks from Christian Science church
Radio in every room.
Swimming pool free to guests.
550 rooms from $3.50 up
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Five Minutes' Walk to Everything

For a day or a month you find the comfort of a home and the perfect service of a modern hotel of 500 rooms. Appetizing food; beds for restful sleep.

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A guest at the Morrison enjoys all the luxuries that only a hotel of premier standing can offer. Yet rates are remarkably low. Sub-rentals pay all the ground rent. The saving is passed on to guests.

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Corner of Madison and Clark Streets

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Our large luxurious beds induce that restful sleep desired by the traveler.

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For a few wonderful days
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A Revelation in Hotel Living

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"An Address of Distinction"

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Under Blackstone Management

GREEN GABLES
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Telephone ATLantic 1605

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8th and St. Charles Room and Bath $3.00 UP

THE NEW **LENNOX**
9th and Washington Room, Bath and Shower $3.00 UP

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West Pine at Kingshighway
Room and Bath $2.50 to $4.50

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Chestnut Street at Ninth
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Where guests are assured personality with Philadelphia's notable conditions. 1200 Rooms, each with bath. Garage facilities.

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Rates Commence at $4

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"MOBILE'S MODERN HOTEL"
FREE PARKING SPACE
300 Rooms
Official "AAA" Headquarters
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500 Rooms 500 Baths
1 person $2.50-$5.00
2 persons $4.00-$8.00

On the shortest and fastest Coast to Coast motor highway.

400-car fireproof garage in connection.

HOTEL **PÈRE MARQUETTE**

EVANSHIRE HOTEL
A QUIET HOTEL HOME
IDEAL TRANSPORTATION
Main at Hinman, EVANSTON, ILL.

Hotel Illinois
Bloomington's Only Fireproof Hotel
Rates, $1.50 and up
Moderate Price Café in Connection
S. A. WARREN, *Manager*

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190 E. Pearson St. Chicago

A cultured hotel-home, where women who live alone . . . or families . . . will find all of the niceties in appointments that bespeak refinement. Outstanding facilities for transient guests . . . and an extraordinary restaurant. All at decidedly attractive rates.

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ROOMS, with bath (formerly $3.00 and $4.00).....$2.50 and $3.00
ROOMS, without bath (formerly $2.00 and $3.00).....$1.50 and $2.00

Excellent Meals—Moderate Prices

Our Annex especially caters to women traveling alone.

Private auto entrance direct to hotel lobby.

Free auto buses meet trains

The Langham
Apartment Hotel . . . Fireproof
DINING ROOM
OUTDOOR SWIMMING POOL
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For Information—Any Cuban consul, any transportation ticket office, or Cuban National Commission, Palacio del Distrito Central, Havana, or 10 East 40th Street, room 3807, New York City.

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HEAVINESS IN RAIL STOCKS FEATURE TODAY

Central, New Haven and Pennsylvania Weak—Industrials Steady

NEW YORK, Aug. 7 (AP)—Heaviness of the railroad issues persisted in today's security markets, although the share market as a whole held its ground, in listless trading. Recovery of the German Government issues was a feature of the bond market. The international outlook, however, was still somewhat clouded by continued pressure against the British pound sterling.

The stock market oversold for a time in the morning, rallied a little during the first half-hour, but was dragged down by the rail shares later. Trading slackened close to a standstill after midday.

Rails Are Heavy

In the rails, Atchison lost 4 points, and declines of a point or two appeared in New York Central, Pennsylvania, Baltimore & Ohio, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific New Haven, and others, several registering new lows for the past several years.

General Railway Signal lost 4 points. A few of the utilities sagged a point or so, including North American and Public Service of New Jersey. Changes in most of the pivotal industrials were limited to small fractions.

While new developments in the railroad situation were lacking, publication of a tabulation of results of the first half of the year by the Bureau of Railway Statistics again attracted attention to the low state of carrier revenues. Of 171 Class 1 railroads, 41 operated at a loss during the first half.

The weekly brokerage loan statement, showing a reduction of $44,000,000 in loans in a week of extremely light trading and little change in values, was surprising. Liquidation of loans has progressed almost steadily since the last week of last September, when loans stood at $3,222,000,000. In the past 45 weeks, loans have been reduced in all save eight weeks.

Call money was available at 1 per cent in the outside market, although the official rate of 1½ per cent was maintained.

In the last hour advances of a point or two were registered by U. S. Steel, American Telephone, du Pont, Allied Chemical, Case, Eastman, Johns-Manville, United Aircraft and Montgomery Ward.

Losses of 2 to 4 points, however, remained in a few issues. Sales were around three-quarters of a million shares.

Bond Changes Mixed

Irregular price fluctuations and activity in sporadic issues characterized the bond market.

Railroad obligations continued to decline, but most of their losses were fractional. A few issues, such as Delaware & Hudson 4s of 1942, St. Paul of 2000, and Chicago & Northwestern 4¾s of 1949 gained fractions.

Although some sharp declines occurred among foreign loans, as a group they had an irregularly higher trend. The recently weak German 5½ and 7s were each about 1 point higher and sales of them continued large.

Unitd States Treasury 3⅜ of 1940-43 were the most active of the loans of the Federal Government. Trading in other bonds of this group continued moderate but they showed a firm tone.

Public utility and industrial obligations fluctuated within narrow limits. A firm tone was noticeable in the former but the latter were inclined to recede.

Stocks privilege loans sagged from the heaviness in the stock market.

BOSTON STOCKS

Closing Prices

Sales		High	Low	Last Aug. 7	Last Aug. 6
546	Am T&T	167½	165⅝	167⅛	165¼
10	Amoskeag	9	9	9	..
25	Big Sanf	33	33	33	..
115	Bos El	91½	91¼	91¼	91
20	Bos El pf	100	99⅞	99⅞	100
5	Bos El 1 pf	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	110
124	Bos El 2 pf	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾
8	E G&F pf	92½	92½	92½	..
25	Edison Elec	252	252	252	251
245	First Nat S	58⅛	57⅞	58⅛	57⅞
100	Jenk Tel	5	4½	5	5
8	Loew's Thea	8¼	8¼	8¼	..
16	Me Cent	35	33	33	..
50	Mass Util	4	4	4	4
20	Nash	25½	25⅜	25⅜	..
90	Nat Ser	1⅜	1½	1½	1⅜
50	NE Equity	27	27	27	..
63	NE Tel	137½	137	137½	136
200	No Butte	1 1/16	1 1/16	1 1/16	1⅛
180	Shawmut	13¾	13⅝	13¾	..
100	So Sur	2½	2½	2½	..
50	Stone Web	28¼	28	28¼	..
10	Sull Mach	14	14	14	..
200	Swift & Co	26	25¾	26	26
20	Torrington	44	44	44	45
90	Uni Found	5	4¾	4¾	4⅞
363	Uni Shoe	51½	51	51½	51
35	US&El Pow	4	4	4	3½
20	US Mining pf	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞	..
165	Util Hyd	3	3	3	3⅛
150	War Bros	18¾	18¾	18¾	..
50	Warren (SD)	35	35	35	36
	BONDS				
$1000	Chi Jct 5s	103¾	103¾	103¾	102½

NATIONAL DAIRY PRODUCTS CORP.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—National Dairy Products Corporation reports for six months ended June 30 (including results for entire period of properties acquired during period) consolidated surplus $10,552,826 after depreciation, interest, federal taxes, subsidiary dividends and preferred dividends of National Dairy Products Corporation, equal to $1.68 a share on 6,263,141 common shares outstanding at end of period, compared with surplus for the six months ended June 30, 1930, of $12,947,211, equal to $2.16 a share on 5,971,636 common shares outstanding at end of that period.

SOUTHERN NATURAL GAS CORP.

Southern Natural Gas Corporation reports for the six months to June 30 balance after expenses, ordinary taxes, etc., but before depreciation, interest and other charges, of $875,782. Interest requirements for the six months were $535,095 on $17,836,500 first mortgage 6 per cent gold bonds outstanding.

LONDON QUOTATIONS

LONDON, Aug. 7 (AP)—Consols for money today were 57½. De Beers was 3⅜, Rand Mines 2¾. Money was 3¾ per cent. Discount rates on short bills were 4 1/16 per cent; three months 4 1/16 to ⅜ per cent.

WEEK'S BOND OFFERINGS

New Bond offerings for the week totaled $8,750,000, a sharp drop from $84,339,350 during the preceding week, and $70,940,000 in the corresponding week last year.

DAYTON AIRPLANE ENGINE

Dayton Airplane Engine Co. has acquired control of American Aeronautical Corp. through exchange of more than 60 per cent of the stock of the latter.

FORD EMPLOYEES REMAIN AT WORK

BARCELONA, Spain, Aug. 7—There are 62,000 strikers in this region, but the unions have authorized Ford employees to keep working because of high wages.

FRIDAY'S NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Closing Prices

1931 Range High	1931 Range Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last Aug. 7	Last Aug. 6
14⅛	3½	..	Abitibi Pow & P	200	4	4	4	..
106½	100	7	Abraham & S pf	10	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	..
23½	11¼	1	Adams Express	900	14	13¾	14	13½
32¾	22⅛	2	Adams Mills	500	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛
103¾	70¾	3	Air Reduction	1400	77	75	76¼	75
10⅛	4⅛	..	Airway Elec App	200	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	..
20⅛	7	.40	Alaska-Juneau	2900	15⅛	14⅝	14⅞	14⅞
12¾	4⅛	..	Alleghany Corp	400	5½	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
59⅛	20⅛	5½	Allegh pf ww xxx	200	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
182⅞	102¾	6†	Allied Chem	3500	108⅞	106	108⅞	107
126	121⅞	7	Allied Chem pf	200	123¾	123¾	123¾	123¼
42¾	18⅞	2	Allis Chalmers	100	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	..
33	15½	2	Amerada	400	18	17⅞	18	18⅛
29¾	11½	..	Am Ag Ch Del	100	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	..
62¾	34⅞	3†	Am Bank Note	200	34	34	34	34
66¼	54	3	Am Bank Note pf	30	62	62	62	..
4¾	1½	..	Am Beet Sugar	200	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	..
17⅞	7	..	Am Beet Sug pf	110	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
38	25⅝	2.40	Am Brake S&F	300	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅝
129¾	89⅛	5†	Am Can	14200	91¼	89⅞	90⅞	89⅞
38⅞	14	1	Am Car & Fdry	500	16	15⅛	16	16
86	54	7	Am Car & F pf	70	60⅞	56⅝	60	61
43⅞	14⅞	..	Am Chain	400	14⅞	13	13	..
88	67	7	Am Chain pf	100	71	71	71	..
48⅛	38¼	3†	Am Chicle	400	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛	42⅜
14⅛	5⅜	..	Am Com Alcohol	100	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅞
33⅛	18⅞	..	Am European	200	19¼	19¼	19¼	19
51¾	21¼	..	Am & For Pow	9700	26⅞	25⅝	26⅜	26¼
90	74	6	Am & For Pow 6	200	74½	74	74	75
100	85¼	7	Am & For Pow 7	200	86½	86⅛	86⅛	86⅝
79⅛	46½	..	Am & For Pw 2pf	100	48	48	48	..
8	1⅝	..	Am Hide & L	100	5	5	5	..
31⅝	18¼	3	Am Ice	1200	18⅝	18¼	18½	18½
77⅜	61	6	Am Ice pf	300	60	60	60	..
26	9¼	..	Am International	400	13	12¾	13	13
7	2	..	Am Mach & Met	100	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	..
33¾	8⅛	..	Am Metal	200	10⅝	10½	10⅝	10
39⅞	5	..	Am Nat Gas pf	110	9	9	9	9¼
64⅞	30⅜	1	Am Power & Lt	1800	34	33	33⅝	34¼
102	88	6	Am P&L 6% pf	100	90	90	90	..
21½	11½	.60	Am Radiator	300	12⅜	12¼	12⅜	12¼
37⅞	15⅛	..	Am Rolling Mill	200	20¼	20	20	20
58½	24⅞	2	Am Smelt & Ref	400	30	29⅞	30	29⅞
4½	1	..	Am S lvents & C	200	1	1	1	1
11½	2¼	..	Am Solvents pf	600	2⅜	2¼	2¼	2⅜
31¼	11⅞	1	Am Steel Fdries	100	15½	15½	15½	15½
48⅛	37	2½¶	Am Stores	200	43¾	43¾	43¾	44
108½	96	7	Am Sug Ref pf	100	107½	107½	107½	108⅛
201¾	156½	9	Am Tel & Tel	12100	168⅛	165⅝	167⅞	166½
80¾	40⅞	3	Am Wat W&E	900	46¾	46⅛	46⅛	47
79	38	3	Am WW&E ct	200	43¼	43¼	43¼	43¾
40	20⅜	..	Am Woolen pf	3200	35	33⅜	34⅞	34
4	1½	..	Am Writ Pap ct	100	1½	1½	1½	1½
43¼	18¾	1½	Anaconda Cop	3500	24⅜	23⅝	24⅜	23⅝
18	8	..	Archer Daniels	300	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	..
4½	1½	..	Armour Ill A	100	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
2⅞	1	..	Armour Ill B	200	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1¼
9	3⅜	..	Arnold Constable	400	6	5¾	6	6¼
28⅞	5¾	2¶	Asso Apparl Ind	3700	9	8⅛	8⅞	8¼
203⅜	132¾	10	Atchison T & SF	3000	146½	143	145	147
108¼	100½	5	Atchison pf	200	105½	105½	105½	105¼
23⅝	11⅛	1	Atl Refining	400	14¾	14⅛	14⅝	14¼
99⅞	84⅝	6	Atlas Powder pf	50	88	88	88	88
295½	101½	4§	Auburn Auto	3800	133¾	126⅛	131¼	130
2½	1	..	Auto Sales	700	1½	1½	1½	1½
6⅛	3	..	Aviation oCrp Del	2600	4⅜	4¼	4¼	4½
			—B—					
87⅞	73½	5	Balt & Ohio	700	46½	45⅛	46½	46
80½	65½	4	Balt & Ohio pf	600	68	67	67	..
10	2⅞	..	Barker Bros	17000	3⅛	3	3	..
21½	1	..	Barnet Leather	100	1	1	1	..
14½	5¾	..	Barnsdall A	400	7⅜	7⅛	7⅜	7¼
81	53½	4	Beatrice Cream	200	58½	58½	58½	58½
62	44½	3	Beech-Nut Pack	100	51½	51½	51½	..
80¾	74⅜	4.13	Belg Nat Rys ppf	100	75⅛	75	75	74⅜
25½	14⅞	1	Bendi Aviation	1200	20⅞	20	20⅞	20
46¼	31¼	2	Best & Co	100	36⅜	36⅜	36	..
70⅜	34¼	2	Bethelhem Steel	7500	37⅝	37	37⅝	37⅛
123⅞	96⅜	7	Beth Steel pf	200	105	105	105	104
40½	20¾	1½	Bohn Alum & Br	1300	37	35⅜	37	35⅞
76½	47	3¶	Borden	1900	58	56⅞	57¾	57⅜
30¾	14½	1	Borg Warner	200	19	18¾	19	18¾
3¾	1¼	..	Botany Mills A pf	2000	2½	2½	2½	2½
22¾	8¼	1½	Briggs Mfg	1200	13¼	13	13¼	13¼
69⅜	53⅞	4	Brooklyn Man T	100	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛	58⅞
13⅜	7½	..	Brooklyn Queens	500	11½	11½	11½	..
129⅜	99	5	Brooklyn Un Gas	200	106½	106½	106½	107
9½	3	..	Bruns Terminal	100	6¼	6¼	6¼	5¾
20⅞	6¼	1	Bucyrus rie	3500	8¼	6¾	8¼	6⅜
34⅞	13½	2½	Bucyrus E cv pf	1000	13½	12⅝	13⅛	13½
13	7⅛	1	Budd Wheel	100	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
23	8½	..	Bullard	200	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
15⅞	8½	1½	Bulova Watch	200	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	..
32¼	19⅝	1	Burroughs Add	300	22	21⅞	21⅞	22
31	17	2½	Bush Terminal	300	20½	20	20½	..
69¾	23⅞	..	Byers	500	27⅞	27¼	27⅞	27⅝
			—C—					
53	20½	2	Calif Packing	100	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	23¾
1⅜	½	..	Callahan Z & L	100	½	½	½	½
16⅜	10¼	1	Campbell Wy&C	400	12½	12¼	12½	12¼
43⅜	23½	..	Calumet & Ariz	200	36½	36¼	36¼	37
45	29⅞	3	Canada Dry	500	36⅜	36¼	36⅜	36¾
45⅞	24⅛	1½	Canadian Pacific	13200	23¼	22¼	22½	23¼
102	93¾	5	Caro C&O st	30	97¾	97¾	97¾	..
131⅞	51¼	6	Case Thresh	22500	55⅞	53⅛	54⅞	53⅝
37¾	14	..	Celotex Co pf	20	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	..
52½	21⅞	3	Caterpillar Trac	2300	23⅝	23	23	23¼
30⅞	14	..	Cerro de Pasco	300	16	15⅞	15⅞	16⅛
7¼	2	..	Certain-Teed	500	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	..
23¼	7	..	Checker Cab Mfg	100	8	8	8	8
54⅛	27½	3	Chesapeake Corp	1000	35¼	34¼	35¼	35
46½	27	2½	Ches & Ohio	1200	35⅜	34¼	34⅝	35
7⅞	4	..	Chi & Gt West	200	5⅞	5⅜	5⅞	6
27½	15¾	..	Chi & Gt W pf	700	24½	24½	24½	24⅝
8⅞	3⅛	..	Chi Mil & St P	500	4⅝	4½	4½	4½
15⅜	4¾	..	Chi Mil & St P pf	300	7⅞	7⅜	7⅜	8
45½	25	4	Chi & N'western	100	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	25½
15⅛	6½	..	Chi Pneu Tool	100	8	8	8	..
35	15½	..	Chi Pneu T pf	100	19	19	19	..
65½	22½	..	Chi Rock Isl & P	2800	36⅜	35⅛	35½	36
33¾	14¼	..	Childs Company	100	15½	15⅛	15½	..
25¾	12½	1	Chrysler	18400	23⅞	22⅞	23⅞	22⅞
37⅞	30	3.60§	City Ice & Fuel	300	32	32	32	..
90	77⅛	6½	City Ice & F pf	10	82½	82½	82½	..
170	133	7.50	Coca Cola	400	145¾	145¼	145¼	145
104½	101¾	6	Colgate-Palm-P pf	100	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103½
45⅞	20⅝	2§	Columbia Gas	1500	29	28⅞	29	29
109½	98	6	Columbia G pf A	400	104¾	104½	104½	105
11⅛	6	.56	Col Graph ct	900	7¾	7⅝	7⅝	..
111⅝	55	5¶	Columbian Carb	800	69⅞	68¾	69	69⅞
16⅞	6	.56	Columbia Graph	300	7½	7½	7½	7⅜
89	76½	6½	Comm Cred 1pf	20	88½	88½	88½	88½
35⅞	30⅞	3	Comm Cred A	100	34	34	34	..
34	20	2	Comm Inv Tr	600	23⅝	23½	23½	23½
21½	10¾	1	Comm Solvents	2200	16⅜	16	16⅜	16⅜
12	6⅞	.40	Comwlth & So	4800	7⅞	7¾	7¾	8
100⅜	90	6	Comwlth &S 6pf	400	97	96⅞	96⅞	97½
13½	6⅞	1	Congoleum Nairn	400	13	12⅝	13	13
15	3¾	..	Consol Film Ind	100	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜
109⅜	82⅛	4	Consol Gas	4400	91½	89⅞	90¾	90½
107	101½	5	Consol Gas pf	100	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	106
1¾	¼	..	Consol Textile	100	¾	¾	¾	..
8½	3	..	Container A	100	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
3	1	..	Container B	100	1	1	1	1
30	9¼	..	Cont Baking A	200	12¼	12¼	12¼	..
3⅜	1¼	..	Cont Baking B	100	1½	1½	1½	1½
62¾	40⅞	2½	Cont Can	200	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	46¼
51⅞	34	2.40	Cont Insurance	900	39¾	39	39	..
4½	2¼	..	Cont Motors	400	2⅜	2¼	2⅜	2⅜
12	5	..	Cont Oil	800	8⅛	8	8⅛	8⅛
12	3½	..	Cont Shares	1600	3⅝	3½	3⅝	3½
86⅞	55⅞	3¶	Corn Products	2500	63½	62	63	63
18	6¼	..	Coty	200	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞	..
34½	26½	2¶	Cream of Wheat	200	28	26⅞	28	..
63	30¾	..	Crucible Steel	400	40¾	38⅛	38⅛	39⅝
106	80	7	Crucible Steel pf	60	87½	87	87	87½
35	16	..	Cuban Am S pf	10	30¼	30⅛	30⅛	..
48⅞	35¾	4	Cudahy Packing	100	40	40	40	40
100	68	4	Curtis Publishing	400	69¾	68	68½	69½
118⅝	112	7	Curtis Pub pf	200	113⅝	113½	113½	..
5⅞	2⅛	..	Curtis-Wright	800	3	2⅞	3	2⅞
8½	3	..	Curtis-Wright A	100	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4¼
23	9⅝	..	Davison Chem	300	10¼	10¼	10¼	10½
			—D—					
102	45¼	4	Del Lack & W	100	50	50	50	..
23	14⅞	1	Diamond Match	300	18¾	18⅝	18⅝	18¾
28	24⅜	1½	Diamond M pf	100	27½	27½	27½	27½
13½	8⅞	1	Dome Mines	100	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾
24	14⅛	1.20	Dominion Stores	200	21½	20¾	21½	20⅞
107	71	4¶	Du Pont de Nem	6900	85⅛	83	84¼	83⅞
124	118¾	6	Du Pont deb	300	123⅜	123	123	124
			—E—					
185¾	118	5¶	Eastman Kodak	1800	135¾	133	135¼	133⅞
21⅞	9¼	1.60	Eaton Axle & Spg	200	14¼	14¼	14¼	..
74⅜	34⅛	6	Elec Auto-Lite	800	40¾	40⅛	40¾	40
110	106	7	Elec Auto-L pf	10	107	107	107	..
4½	2	..	Elec Boat	200	3½	3½	3½	3½
9⅞	7⅜	..	Elect & Mus W I	100	7¼	7¼	7¼	7
60¾	30⅛	1	Elec Pow & Lt	2000	38	36⅞	38	37⅜
108⅛	92⅝	7	Elec Pow & L pf	100	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99¾
6	⅞	..	Elk Horn Coal pf	30	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
49	28½	2	Engineers Pub S	100	36	36	36	..
39¾	13½	..	Erie RR	500	19	18⅞	18⅞	..
			—F—					
29⅝	13	1.60	Fairbanks Morse	100	13	13	13	..
109⅞	73¼	7	Fairbanks M pf	10	73	73	73	73¼
12	4¾	..	Fairbanks pf ct	100	5¼	5¼	5¼	..
6½	3⅝	..	Fashion Park	100	4½	4½	4½	4½
30	11¼	2.40	Fed Watr Serv	200	14½	14¼	14¼	14½
56⅛	36¼	2.60	Fidelity Phe F In	600	44½	43¾	44½	44
22	16	..	Filenes Sons Co	100	18	18	18	..
59	41	2½	First Natl Stores	400	59	58	59	58¾
⅞	⅜	..	Fisk Rubber	100	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
3	1	..	Fisk Rub 1pf	100	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛	1⅜
19¾	8	..	Follansbee B	100	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	11
64½	21	2	Foster-Wheeler	800	21¼	20¼	21¼	21⅛
17½	4⅞	..	Foundation	100	9	9	9	8¼
38⅜	11⅞	2½	Fox Film A	8500	13⅛	12⅛	13	13
43¼	22	3	Freeport Texas	100	26	25⅝	26	25¾
			—G—					
73⅛	52⅞	4	Gen Am Tnk Car	400	58½	58	58½	58
47	15¼	3	Gen Asphalt	400	18⅞	18¾	18¾	18¾
9⅞	5	..	Gen Bronze	100	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7¾
13	3¼	..	Gen Cable	100	5½	5½	5½	..
54¾	36	1.60	Gen Electric	10900	40¼	39⅛	39⅞	39⅝
12⅛	11⅛	.60	Gen Elec Sp	700	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅛
56	43	..	Gen Foods	1000	49⅜	48⅞	49¼	48⅞
8⅛	4⅛	.30	Gen Gas & E A	1600	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
10	4	.30	Gen Gas E B	100	8	8	8	..
76¾	54	6	Gen G & E cv pf	100	46½	45	45	47
35¾	27	2.62	Gen Ital Edison	100	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	..
50	35	3	Gen Mills	100	38¾	38¾	38¾	..
48	31⅝	3	Gen Motors	21600	37⅛	36⅝	37	36½
105⅝	95	5	Gen Mot 5% pf	100	105	105	105	103
28	10⅝	..	Gen Out Ad A	100	11	11	11	..
23	8⅛	..	Gen Pub Service	100	12¼	12¼	12¼	12¼
84⅛	46½	5	Gen Ry Signal	1000	50	46¾	46¾	..
114	104⅝	6	Gen Ry Sig pf	10	109⅜	109⅜	109⅜	..
9½	2¾	..	Gen Realty	100	3	3	3	3⅛
57⅞	29	3	Gen Refractories	100	33	33	33	33
15½	3	..	Gen Thea Equip	7500	3⅛	2⅞	2⅞	3⅛
38¾	18⅝	..	Gillette Saf Raz	800	20⅞	20½	20⅞	20⅞
7⅞	4	..	Gimbel Bros	100	5	5	5	5
50⅞	36½	7	Gimbel Bros pf	100	48½	48½	48½	48½
16⅛	7¾	..	Glidden	100	9½	9½	9½	9½
9⅞	4	..	Gobel (Adolf)	200	7¼	7	7¼	7⅛
42⅛	21	2½	Gold Dust	1400	26¾	26⅛	26½	26¾
52¾	30⅝	3	Goodyear	400	39¾	39	39¾	38¾
52¾	20⅝	3	Goodyear	400	39¾	39	39¾	38¾
13¾	4⅞	..	Gotham Silk Hos	100	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅜
6½	2¾	..	Graham Paige	500	3	2¾	3	2⅞
22⅝	10	1	Granby	100	12¼	12¼	12¼	12½
25½	13	1§	Grand-Sil Stores	100	15	15	15	15⅛
18⅞	10⅝	..	Grand Union	100	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
39⅞	25¾	1	Grant (WT)	100	37½	37½	37½	37½
69¾	41½	4	Great Nor pf	500	39	37½	39	38⅞
23½	17½	2	Great Nor Ore	100	18¼	18¼	18¼	18⅝
6¾	2⅝	..	Grigsby-Grunow	1000	3¼	3⅛	3¼	3⅛
			—H—					
30	26½	1¾	Hack W pf A	30	28	28	28	..
9¾	4½	..	Hahn Dept Sto	100	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5¼
44¼	24½	2	Harbison Walker	100	25	25	25	..
19⅛	5⅜	..	Hollander	1000	14	13¾	13¾	14
9¾	4¼	..	Houdaille Her B	600	5¾	5¾	5¾	5⅞
14⅛	6	..	Houston Oil new	300	8½	8¼	8½	8¼
29½	13	2	Howe Sound	100	18½	18½	18½	..
26	11	1	Hudson Motor	400	14	13⅞	13⅞	13½
13⅛	5¾	..	Hupp Motors	1000	7¾	7⅜	7¾	7⅜
			—I—					
81	40	4	*Ill Central	800	40	39⅞	39⅞	40½
12¾	9⅝	..	Insuranshare Del	400	9½	9½	9½	9⅝
9⅝	5⅜	.60	Insuranshare Md	200	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜
¼	⅛	..	Insuranshare ct	6000	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
179⅞	117	6†	Int Business M	200	139	139	139	138
13⅝	6⅝	.50	Int Carriers	200	8	8	8	8¼
62⅞	27⅜	4	Int Cement	100	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼
4	1⅛	..	Int Combustion	100	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
60⅛	37⅜	2½	Int Harvester	1800	39⅞	38⅞	39⅞	39⅞
31	16⅜	2b	Int Hydroelec	800	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛
73¼	48⅞	4	Int Match pf	400	50	50	50	50⅛
20⅛	9½	.40	Int Nickel	8000	12⅜	12⅛	12⅜	12⅛
4½	1⅞	..	Int Pap&Pow C	300	2½	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
43⅛	18⅜	..	Int Pap&Pow pf	100	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	21
16⅞	7	..	Int Print Ink	100	12	12	12	..
42	29¼	3	Int Salt	400	34⅜	33⅞	34⅜	33¼
54	46⅛	3	Int Shoe	800	50⅜	50	50⅜	50¼
38⅝	18⅞	2	Int Tel & Tel	4600	27¼	26¼	27	26⅞
9⅝	3⅜	..	Investors Equity	400	5⅜	5¼	5⅜	..
			—J—					
80¾	40⅝	3	Johns Manville	4400	47⅞	45¾	47	46¼
			—K—					
18	12	1	Kaufman D St	100	14	14	14	..
24⅞	10½	1	Kayser (J) & Co	200	13½	13	13½	13
3½	1⅞	..	Kelly-Springfield	300	2	2	2	..
25	9⅛	..	Kelly-Sp 8%	100	13	13	13	13
29¾	8	..	Kelsey Hayes Wh	400	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9½
15⅛	8⅛	..	Kelvinator Corp	1300	11⅛	10⅞	11⅛	11
60	20	6	Kendall Co pf	20	50	50	50	..
31⅛	14⅜	2	Kennecott Cop	1600	17¾	17¼	17¾	17⅝
41	30¾	2½	Kimberly Clark	100	33	33	33	..
29	25	1.60	Kresge	800	26½	26¼	26¼	26⅝
27¾	17½	1.61	Kreuger & Toll	3800	18¼	17⅝	18⅛	18
35½	18	1	Kroger Groc & B	1500	30	30	30	29⅞
			—L—					
4⅜	2¼	..	Lee Rubber	200	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	..
69⅝	45¾	3	Lehman Corp	100	52⅞	52⅞	52⅞	52⅝
20⅞	11¼	..	Libbey-Owens-F	200	14¼	14¼	14¼	14½
55⅛	20⅜	3	Liquid Carbonic	200	26½	26¼	26	27
63⅛	36⅞	3	Loew's Inc	1400	45⅝	44⅝	45	45
6⅛	2¾	..	Loft Inc	200	5	5	5	5
54⅞	40⅜	2.60†	Loose-Wiles Bisc	100	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	..
19	8⅛	..	Ludlum Steel	400	11⅜	11	11	..
			—M—					
26⅛	19¾	1	McIntyre Porcu	100	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾
103⅞	71⅛	4†	McKeesport Tin	3300	72⅜	71⅛	72	73
43⅞	21⅞	3	Mack Trucks	1300	28⅞	27⅞	28⅛	28⅛
106⅛	66⅛	3§	Macy (RH) & Co	400	79⅛	78⅞	79⅛	79
27⅞	10⅞	2	Magma Cop	100	14	14	14	14
3⅜	1	..	Maracaibo Oil	100	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	..
24¼	18¼	1.20	Marine Mid	1000	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
24⅝	14	3	Maytag pf ww	200	14	14	14	14
10	2	..	Marmon Motor	100	3	3	3	3
32⅝	23⅛	2½	Marshall Field	1000	25	25	25	25
31½	17⅝	2	Mathieson Alkali	300	22¼	22	22¼	22¼
71⅛	60	6	Maytag 1pf	100	25	25	25	..
34	22¼	2	Melville Snoe	100	26	26	26	25¼
27	22	1.89	Met-Gldwyn pf	200	25	25	25	..
20¾	10⅝	..	Mex Seaboard	1300	14⅛	13⅝	13⅝	14
16¾	5¾	..	Mid-Cont Pet	800	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
58⅛	36⅛	3¶	Min Honeywell	100	32¼	32¼	32¼	33
¾	¼	..	Min & StL	100	¼	¼	¼	..
26⅜	9⅞	..	Mo Kan & Tex	200	12⅜	12⅛	12⅛	12⅜
42¾	14	..	Mo Pacific	800	21⅛	20½	20½	21¼
107	50	5	Mo Pacific pf	400	59⅜	58	59⅜	58
28	18⅛	1¼	Monsanto Chem	200	27⅜	26⅛	26⅛	26½
29⅛	15⅜	..	Montgomery Ward	3700	21	19⅞	20	20⅛
¾	⅜	..	Mother Lode	300	½	½	½	½
47⅜	23⅞	2	Motor Products	100	27	27	27	27
36⅞	8⅜	..	Mullins Body	200	30	29	30	29⅜
45½	36	2	Myers & Bro	100	36⅜	36⅜	36⅜	..
			—N—					
40⅞	20	4	Nash Motors	1500	25⅝	25⅛	25¼	25⅝
10	3¼	..	Nat Bellas Hess	300	5⅝	5½	5⅝	6⅞
83⅜	55⅛	2.80	Nat Biscuit	800	57	56⅛	57	56⅞
39¾	18⅜	..	Nat Cash Reg	400	25¼	25	25	25
50⅞	26⅜	2.60	Nat Dairy Prod	1200	33⅝	33⅛	33⅝	34⅛
27⅞	18	..	Nat Enam & St	200	18	18	18	17¼
143	136	7	Nat Lead pf A	10	140	140	140	..
44⅛	20¼	1*	Nat Pow & Lt	800	24⅛	23½	24⅛	23⅞
58	33	2	Nat Steel	100	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	37
70¼	20¼	2	Nat Supply	200	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	20¼
76½	31	2	Nat Surety	200	30	29½	30	30
14⅞	6⅛	1	Nevada Cons Cop	300	8⅛	8	8	8⅛
53	41	3	Newport A	200	55	55	55	54⅜
132¼	71½	6	NY Central	9800	71⅞	70⅛	71⅛	71⅞
94	32	..	NY C & StL pf	100	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	35
94⅞	63	6	NY NH & H	3200	62⅛	59⅜	62¼	62
114⅝	104½	7	NY NH & H pf	100	108	108	108	..
12⅜	5⅜	..	NY Shipbuild	200	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛	6⅞
13⅞	5⅝	..	NY Ont & W	400	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
72	31	..	NY Ship pf	30	70	69⅞	70	70
29½	15⅜	..	Noranda M	300	17⅞	17⅝	17⅝	17½
217	139	10	Norfolk & West	100	165	165	165	164
90¼	56¾	10a	North American	3700	65⅜	64⅝	65⅛	65
57	53	3	North Amer pf	400	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛
11	4⅜	..	No Am Aviation	100	8	8	8	8
106¼	102	6	Nor Am Edison pf	100	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	..
60⅞	30½	5	Northern Pacific	500	33¾	33⅜	33⅜	33⅞
			—O—					
85	68	8	Omnibus pf	200	75	75	75	..
75	35	8	Orpheum Circ pf	30	45	45	45	44½
58⅛	31⅞	2½	Otis Elevator	500	39	38	38½	39½
39¾	25½	3	Owens Ill Glass	400	31½	31	31½	31½
			—P—					
7	1¼	..	Pacific Coast	100	2	2	2	..
54⅞	38	2	Pacific Gas&El	800	45⅝	45	45⅝	45⅞
69½	48½	3	Pacific Lighting	100	51	51	51	50⅝
11⅞	5¼	.40	Packard Motor	2300	6⅝	6½	6⅝	6⅝
50¼	19⅝	2½	Paramount Pub	2400	22⅞	22⅜	22⅜	22⅞
2⅞	1	..	Pathe Exchange	500	1⅝	1½	1⅝	1½
8⅜	3	..	Pathe Exch A	100	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
46½	28½	1	Penick & Ford	1500	38	38	38	38
39⅞	28⅛	2.40	Penney (JC)	1300	37⅝	37⅛	37⅝	36⅞
99⅝	90	6	Penney (JC) pf	200	97⅛	97¼	97½	97⅛
64	42⅛	3	Pennsylvania RR	4700	42⅝	42	42⅛	43⅝
250	183¼	8	Peoples GasLt&C	100	194	192	194	193
80	48⅞	5	Pere Marq pf	10	48	48	48	..
92¼	49	5	Pere Marq ppf	50	50	50	50	..
10⅞	6	1	Petroleum	500	7⅝	7⅛	7⅛	7½
25⅝	11	1	Phelps Dodge	400	11½	11½	11½	11½
102¾	95½	6	Phila Co pf n	100	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	..
12¼	6⅜	..	Phila & Reading	200	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
16⅞	4⅞	..	Phillips Pet	1300	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
72¾	58½	6	Pierce-Arrow pf	100	62	62	62	..
37	25	2¶	Pillsbury Flour	400	29	28½	28½	29½
80	40	..	Pitts Coal pf	100	50	50	50	..
86	49½	6	Pitts & W Va	100	30	30	30	..
26⅛	14⅜	3¶	Prairie Pipe Line	100	17	17	17	17
71¼	56	2.40	Procter & Gam	400	64¼	63⅝	64	63½
6	1⅞	..	Prod & Refiners	100	2½	2½	2½	..
16	6½	..	Prod & Ref pf	10	8	8	8	..
96½	72	3.40	Public Service	1400	77⅝	76½	77⅜	77½
102½	95	5	Pub Serv 5%	400	101⅞	101¾	101¾	101⅝
118⅜	109⅜	6	Pub Serv 6%	100	119	119	119	118½
58⅛	28	4	Pullman	400	30	29⅜	29½	29¼
2	⅜	..	Punta Alegre Sug	2300	½	½	½	½
11⅞	5½	..	Pure Oil	100	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
55¼	24¼	3	Purity Bakeries	400	26⅞	25¼	26⅞	25⅝
			—R—					
27½	12	..	Radio Corp Amer	8900	17¾	17	17½	16¾
55⅛	45	3.50	Radio pf A	200	49	49	49	..
60	31½	5	Radio pf B	400	39½	38	39½	37
24½	11¼	..	Radio-Keith-O	2400	13⅝	13⅜	13⅝	13⅝
61	36	4	RR Securities	20	35	34	34	..
97½	60	4	Reading	300	65	65	65	65
30⅞	5	..	Real Silk Hosiery	100	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
1⅞	⅝	..	Reis & Co	100	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
19¾	5⅞	..	Remington Rand	1200	8¼	7⅞	8¼	8
10⅛	6	.40	Reo Motors	400	6	5⅞	6	5⅞
25⅜	10	..	Republic I & S	400	12¾	12½	12½	13
58	27	..	Aepub I&S pf	100	29½	29½	29½	30
10¾	3⅛	..	Rio Grande Oil	100	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	4
26	15¾	2.20	Rossia Ins Co Am	100	18½	18¼	18¼	18⅛
42⅝	24⅞	1.87	Royal Dutch	200	25⅝	25½	25½	25½
			—S—					
65⅝	38⅝	5	Safeway Stores	1300	62½	61¼	61½	61¼
97	86	6	Safeway S 6%	20	95	95	95	95
108	98	7	Safeway S 7%	10	108½	108½	108½	108¾
30¾	14¼	1	St Joseph Lead	400	16⅜	16	16	16¼
62¾	9	..	StL & SF	100	15	15	15	15⅛
76	15⅛	6	StL & SF pf	100	26½	26½	26½	..
60	16	..	StL S'western pf	100	30	30	30	..
20¼	12⅛	2	Savage Arms	100	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¾
50	40	1.40§	Scott Paper	50	50	50	50	..
1⅜	⅜	..	Seaboard Air L	200	½	½	½	⅝
63⅛	44⅞	2½§	Sears Roebuck	1400	56	55	56	55⅛
6½	2½	..	Second Nat Inv	100	3½	3½	3½	..
11¾	4⅞	..	Servel Inc	600	7½	7¼	7½	7¼
21	10⅛	..	Sharp & Dohme	1000	10⅛	10	10⅛	10⅛
29½	16¼	1¶	Shattuck (FG)	100	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼
10¼	4½	..	Shell Union Oil	1400	5¼	5	5¼	5
78	25⅛	5.50	Shell Un Oil pf	1300	33⅛	33	33	33
23¾	10⅛	..	Simmons	400	14¼	14⅛	14¼	14¼
15⅞	6¼	..	Sinclair	1500	9¾	9½	9½	9¾
12⅞	3⅛	..	Skelly Oil	100	4½	4½	4½	5
62	10	6	Skelly Oil pf ww	100	22	22	22	..
18⅜	17⅜	..	Socony Vac	1300	17⅛	17⅜	17⅜	17½
54½	36	2	So Calif Edison	400	41⅞	41⅜	41¾	41¾
109½	67⅛	6	Southern Pacific	1300	74⅜	73¼	74⅜	74½
17½	7¼	..	So P Rico Sugar	100	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞
65⅞	27	4	Southern Ry	400	26	25⅞	26	25⅞
83	53	5	Southern Ry pf	100	51	51	51	..
36	21	2	Spalding & Bros	200	20½	20¼	20¼	21
17⅜	8⅝	..	Spicer2Mfg	100	8⅜	8⅛	8⅛	8⅞
20½	14⅞	1.20	Stand Brands	1400	18¼	18	18⅛	18
88⅝	55⅛	3 50	Stand Gas & El	100	61⅝	60¼	61⅜	59⅞
109¾	101	7	Stand G&E 7%	100	102½	102½	102½	..
51¾	31½	2.50§	Stand Oil Calif	1200	35⅞	35⅝	35¾	35¾
105¼	99⅞	5	Stand Oil Export	100	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞	102¾
52½	30⅝	1¶	Stand Oil NJ	400	37⅞	36⅞	37⅛	36⅞
26	13⅞	1.60	StandOil NY	4100	17⅝	17¼	17⅝	17⅜
34⅛	16⅛	2¶	Starrett Co	100	17⅝	17	17⅝	16⅞
5⅞	2½	..	Sterling Secur	100	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	..
9¾	5	1.20	Sterling pf	800	5½	5¼	5¼	5¼
40	30¼	3	Sterling cv pf	100	33¼	33¼	33¼	34
21⅞	8	..	Stewart Warner	100	11	11	11	10¾
54½	25½	3	Stone & Webster	400	28⅛	28	28	..
26	15¼	1.20	Studebaker	400	17½	16⅞	16⅞	16½
104½	94	6	Sun Oil pf	70	101¼	101¼	101¼	..
			—T—					
9½	5⅛	.50	Tenn Cop & Ch	600	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
36¼	18	2	Texas Co	1200	23¼	22⅞	23	23¼
55¾	29⅛	3	Texas Gulf Sul	300	34	33½	34	33⅝
6½	2⅛	..	Texas & Pac Coal	300	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
17⅞	7⅛	..	Texas & P Land	200	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜
9	4	..	Termoid	400	4⅛	4	4	..
15¼	5½	..	Third Ave Ry	100	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	..
23	18⅛	2.40	The Fair	200	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼
9	4	..	Tide Water Asso	700	5½	5⅜	5⅜	5⅛
59	28½	3	Timken Roller	1200	30⅛	30	30½	30
18	6⅝	.40	Transamerica	3200	7	6⅞	7	7
94¼	91½	6	Tri Cont pf	100	91	91	91	91½
10	3¾	..	Truax Traer Coal	100	4¾	4¾	4¾	..
			—U—					
75¾	40	5	Underwd El Fish	200	40	40	40	40¼
13½	8¼	..	Union Bag & P	200	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	13
72	43½	2.60	Union Carbide	2400	48⅞	47⅞	48½	48
26⅛	14	2§	Union Oil Calif	400	15	14⅞	15	15
205⅛	137	10	Union Pacific	2400	146¼	144	145⅛	146
87	83⅝	4	Union Pacific pf	200	85	84⅞	85	85
25⅞	20	1.60	Union Tk Car	100	21	21	21	20½
36⅞	20⅞	..	United Air &Tr	2800	27⅛	26⅜	26⅝	26¼
38⅞	13	..	United Carbon	100	15	15	15	..
31¼	16⅛	.75	United Corp	600	22	21⅝	22	21⅞
52⅛	44⅞	3	Uni Corp pf	200	50⅝	50⅛	50⅛	50⅛
67⅞	48¼	4	United Fruit	200	54⅜	54⅛	54⅜	54⅜
37⅛	25⅜	1.30	United Gas Im	4200	28½	28	28⅛	28⅜
30½	10⅞	..	US Freight	100	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝
77⅞	24⅜	..	US Indus Alco	200	28	28	28	27⅞
10⅛	3⅛	..	US Leather	100	6	6	6	5⅞
37⅛	20	2	US Pipe & Fdry	200	21⅛	21	21	20⅞
20⅞	10⅛	..	US Rubber	200	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	12⅞
36⅛	17	..	US Rubber 1pf	200	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼
47	40	3.50	US Smelt pf	100	41	41	41	..
152⅜	83¼	4	US Steel	13800	86⅛	84⅛	86	84⅝
150	136½	7	US Steel pf	200	138¼	137⅞	138	138¼
57⅞	24	8	Univ Pictures pf	10	42	42	42	38⅛
31	19½	2	Utilities P&Lt A	2200	21¾	21¼	21⅜	21⅛
			—V—					
76⅜	23⅛	..	Vanadium	7400	26⅜	25¼	26⅛	25⅜
17	7⅛	..	Va-C Chem 6%	100	8	8	8	..
109	98¼	6	Va El & Pow pf	40	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	..
71⅛	38⅛	4	Vulcan Detin	10	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝
			—W—					
38	8	..	Wabash RR	200	11	11	11	..
27⅞	21	1.50	Waldorf System	100	25⅞	25⅝	25⅝	25⅛
27⅞	6¼	..	Ward Baking A	100	13	13	13	..
20⅝	4⅝	..	Warner Bros A	4500	7½	7	7	7
46⅞	14½	2	Warren Bros	200	19¼	19	19	18⅞
36¼	17⅞	2	Wesson Oil	200	18½	18⅛	18½	18⅛
108	92	6	W Penn El pf	10	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	97½
112	102½	7	W Penn El 7%	10	105	105	105	105
12⅛	4⅝	..	Westn Dairy P B	200	8	8	8	7⅛
19⅝	9	..	Westn Maryland	1600	11¾	11⅛	11⅛	..
150¾	96½	8	Westn Union	1300	108⅝	106¾	108½	107¾
107⅞	54½	4	Westing Elec	6200	59¾	58¼	59⅝	58⅞
119½	87⅛	4	Westing El pf	10	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95½
28	16	1	Weston El Instru	100	16	16	16	..
9⅝	3½	..	Wilcox Oil & G	100	4½	4½	4½	4⅛
47¾	36½	4	White Rock	100	38¼	38¼	38¼	..
8	3⅝	..	Willys-Overland	400	4	4	4	4
3⅝	1⅛	..	Wilson & Co	100	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
51¾	21	..	Wilson & C pf	200	31¼	31¼	31¼	..
72⅞	54⅝	2.40	Woolworth	2900	68⅞	68	68½	68¼
106⅞	37⅞	..	Worthington Pump	2800	41¼	39½	41¼	40⅝
80¾	66¼	4	Wrigley	200	73¾	73¼	73½	73⅝
			—Y—					
15⅞	5⅝	..	Yellow Truck	200	7¾	7⅝	7¾	7⅝

*Ex-dividend. †Ex-rights. ‡Ex-stock dividend. §Exclusive of stock dividend. ¶Exclusive of extras. aPayable in stock. bPayable in cash or stock. cPayable in scrip. dPaid in 1930. eLast payment.

RAILROADS EARN 2.15 PER CENT ON THEIR INVESTMENT

Class I railroads of the United States for the first six months of 1931 had a net railway operating income of $238,550,140, which was at the annual rate of return of 2.15 per cent on their property investment, according to reports just filed by the carriers with the Bureau of Railway Economics. In the first six months of 1930 their net railway operating income was $377,379,211, or 3.46 per cent on their property investment.

This compilation as to earnings for the first six months of 1931 is based on reports from 171 class I railroads representing a total of 242,878 miles.

Class I railroads for June alone had a net railway operating income of $50,162,553, which, for that month, was at the annual rate of return of 2.33 per cent on their property investment. In June, 1930, their net railway operating income was $69,162,585 or 3.27 per cent.

TIMKEN FIRST HALF PROFIT DECREASES

CANTON, Ohio, Aug. 7—Timken Roller Bearing Company reports for the six months ended June 30 net profit was $2,462,714 after charges and federal taxes, compared with $6,120,023 in the first half of 1930.

For the quarter ended June 30, net profit was $1,148,075, compared with $1,314,639 in the previous quarter and $3,013,364 in the June, 1930, quarter. Six months' earnings are equal to $1.02 a share on 2,411,638 no-par shares stock, compared with $2.54 on 2,413,967 shares in the first six months 1930.

June quarter net profit equals 48 cents a share, compared with 54 cents in the previous quarter and $1.25 in the June, 1930, quarter.

The company has received an order from the Pennsylvania Railroad for $400,000 of bearings to equip 150 new electric locomotives.

SASKATCHEWAN PLANS $12,000,000 IN RELIEF

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

REGINA, Sask.—At least $12,000,000 will have to be expended on relief next winter in Southern Saskatchewan, according to Mr. J. F. Bryant, Minister of Public Works, who dealt with the drought and unemployment situation in a public speech here.

Mr. Bryant analyzed the required expenditures as follows: $1,000,000 for school purposes; relief in the dried-out areas at the rate of $5 a week for each family, $8,000,000; fuel, $1,500,000; clothing, $1,000,000. In addition another $19,000,000 would be needed if the Government were to try to supply food to the 300,000 horses and 387,000 cattle in the southern part of the province, the minister said.

Public Utility Earnings

AMERICAN TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH
(Report to Commerce Commission)

	1931	1930	1929
June gross	$9,053,567	$9,504,339	$[illegible],827,699
Oper inc	2,813,720	2,509,396	2,895,900
6 mos gross	56,400,894	58,189,588	54,696,001
Oper inc	17,442,505	17,686,535	2[illegible],314,529

CORPORATE FINANCING

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—Corporate stock and bond financing in July registered a sharp drop from the June figures of $291,400,000 and was practically one-third of the July, 1930, financing, a compilation by Standard Statistics Company shows. Bonds amounting to $168,900,000 made up more than 91 per cent of the total of $184,700,000. Public offerings of common and preferred stock amounted to only $8,400,000.

INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY EXPORTS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7—June exports of industrial machinery totaled $15,668,000, or over $3,000,000 in excess of May and higher than any month since July, 1930. The feature was the sharp increase in metal-working machinery to $5,280,000, or about 72 per cent in excess of similar sales the previous month and 43 per cent above June, 1930.

ST. JOSEPH LEAD LOSS

St. Joseph Lead Company reports for six months to June 30, 1931, net loss of $983,670 after depreciation, depletion and minority interest, compared with net profit of $2,025,825, or $1.04 a share on 1,950,460 shares, in the first half of 1930. Balance sheet as of June 30, 1931, shows current assets of $14,283,298, current liabilities of $2,424,101 and net working capital of $11,859,197.

SAFEWAY STORES INCOME

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 7—Safeway Stores, Inc., reports for six months ended June 30 net of $2,000,961 after expenses, federal taxes, etc., equivalent after dividend requirements on the 7 per cent and 6 per cent preferred to $2.61 a share on 635,669 no-par shares of common, compared with $1,711,012 or $2.15 a share on 632,996 common shares in the first half of 1930.

LUDWIG BAUMANN & CO.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—Ludwig Baumann & Co. and Elbeco Realty Corporation report for the year ended June 30 net of $385,089 after depreciation, interest, federal taxes, bad accounts written off, etc., equivalent after allowing for dividends on the 7 per cent first preferred and 6½ per cent second preferred to $1.03 a share on 150,000 no-par shares of common, compared with net of $306,533, equal to 49 cents a share on the common in the preceding fiscal year. Net sales for the year totaled $13,666,793, compared with $11,751,559.

JULY AUTO OUTPUT

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—July automobile production in the United States and Canada was 221,485 cars and trucks, compared with 256,297 in June and 275,721 in July of last year, according to an estimate by the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce. Production in the first seven months of 1931 was 1,855,933 units, compared with 2,584,986 in the like period of 1930.

CONTINENTAL BAKING CORP.

Continental Baking Corp. is calling for payment at par and interest Sept. 1, $1,000,000 6 per cent bonds, due March 1, 1940, of Shults Bread Co., a subsidiary. Funded debt of Continental Baking Corp. subsidiaries amounted to $3,944,652 on June 20 last, compared with $3,150,352 on Dec. 27 last and $5,596,952 on Dec. 28, 1929.

SOUTHEASTERN GAS BONDS

A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc., Bond & Goodwin, Inc., and Mark C. Steinberg & Co. are offering today at 95 and interest, to yield about 6.70 per cent, a new issue of $1,000,000 Southeastern Gas & Water Company first lien sinking fund gold bonds, 6 per cent series, due June 1, 1941.

KNOTT CORPORATION

The Knott Corporation, operating 30 hotels in New York City and eight in other cities, reported for the first half net earnings of $268,231, compared with $262,702 in the corresponding period last year.

MARKETS AT A GLANCE

By the Associated Press

NEW YORK

Stocks: Steady; pivotal utilities slightly higher.

Bonds: Irregular; utilities firm.

Curb: Steady; Cities Service heavy.

Foreign Exchanges: Easy, sterling declines.

Cotton: Lower; easy cables, favorable weather.

Sugar: Quiet and featureless.

CHICAGO

Wheat: Firm; higher cash markets, large export sales to China.

Corn: Firm; damage reports Nebraska.

Cattle: Steady to lower.

Hogs: Lower.

FOREIGN

London: Stocks quiet; movements generally narrow; dealers not inclined to enter new commitments in view of uncertainties of situation. German bonds, however, closed strong on continental support.

Paris: Bourse continued cheerful and firm on direction of exchange quotations, notably sterling.

Berlin: Boerse closed.

RADIO'S HALF-YEAR EARNINGS HIGHER

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—Radio Corporation of America reports for the quarter ended June 30 net of $1,072,183 after interest, depreciation, compared with $1,566,519 in the preceding quarter. Six months' net was $2,638,703 after all charges, compared with $505,098 in the first half of 1930.

Net for six months of $2,638,703 after expenses, depreciation, amortization, interest, federal taxes, etc., is equal after dividends paid on preferred stocks to less than one cent a share on 13,160,750 no-par shares of common, compared with net in the first half of 1930 of $505,087, equal to $1.27 a share (par $50) on 395,597 shares of 7 per cent preferred A stock.

Net for the quarter ended June 30 was $1,072,184 after above deductions, equivalent after dividends paid on the 7 per cent preferred A stock to 91 cents a share on 803,375 no-par shares of $5 preferred B stock. This compares with net in the preceding quarter of $1,566,519, equal after dividends on the preferred stocks to two cents a share on 13,160,750 common shares.

NEW YORK COTTON

(Reported by Clark, Childs & Co., Boston)

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale	Prev. Close
September	7.87	7.87	7.87	[illegible]	[illegible]
October	8.02	8.05	[illegible]	8.01	[illegible]
December	8.22	8.28	8.18	8.24	[illegible]
January	8.35	[illegible]	8.24	8.35	8.36
March	8.5[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible].44	8.55	[illegible]
May	8.6[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible].62	8.72	8.73

Spots 7.5[illegible] [illegible]. Tone at close quiet.

New [illegible] Cotton

	Open	High	Low	Last	Prev. Close
September	7.74	[illegible]	7.74	7.79	7.79b
October	7.99	8.05	7.90	8.04	8.04
December	8.20	8.27	8.14	8.26	8.30
January	8.31	8.35	8.25	8.36	8.37
March	8.51	8.55	8.50	8.56	8.63
May	8.69	8.74	8.64	8.73	8.73

b—Bid. Tone at close quiet.

Chicago Cotton

	Open	High	Low	Last	Prev. Close
October	8.09	8.17	8.02	8.17	8.12
December	8.30	8.37	8.24	8.37	8.34
January	8.41	8.46	8.39	8.46	8.41
March	8.62	8.66	8.60	8.66	8.66
May	8.79	8.82	8.75	8.81	8.85

Tone at close quiet.

Liverpool Cotton

	Open	High	Low	Last	Prev Close
July	4.59	4.61	4.55	4.59	4.63
October	4.25	4.28	4.21	4.26	4.29
December	4.30	4.39	4.30	4.33	4.37
January	4.37	4.37	4.37	4.37	4.41
March	4.45	4.47	4.41	4.46	4.49
May	4.53	4.56	4.50	4.53	4.57

Spots 4.29, down 11 points. Tone at close quiet. Sales 6000; (American) 2000.

Wool Top Futures

	Open	High	Low	Last	Prev Close
September	73.00	74.20	73.00	74.20	74.10
October	73.00	74.20	73.00	74.20	74.10
November	73.00	74.20	73.00	74.20	74.10
December	73.00	74.20	73.00	74.20	74.10
January	73.00	74.20	73.00	74.20	74.10
February	73.00	74.20	73.00	74.20	74.10
March	73.00	74.20	73.00	74.20	74.10
April	73.00	74.20	73.00	74.20	74.10

Prices quoted as bid. Tone at close steady.

CRUCIBLE STEEL CORP.

Crucible Steel Corporation of America reports for the six months ended June 30 net of $482,830 after charges and taxes, equal to $1.93 a share on 250,000 shares of 7 per cent preferred, compared with $2,317,733 in the first half of 1930, equal, after dividend requirements on the 7 per cent preferred, to $2.62 a share on 550,000 common shares.

ONTARIO STEEL PRODUCTS CO.

MONTREAL, Aug. 7 — Ontario Steel Products Company, Limited, reports for the year ended June 30 net loss after all charges, including income tax, depreciation, sinking fund provision and interest, of $86,138, contrasted with net for the preceding 12 months of $28,972. After preferred and common dividends, the deficit was $173,265.

GENERAL ASPHALT COMPANY

General Asphalt Company and subsidiaries reported for the first half net loss of $170,660, compared with net profit of $206,680 in the first half of 1930. A statement said that the disparity in earnings is due largely to the prevailing low value for crude oil and sharp decline in receipts of royalty oil resulting from voluntary curtailment of production in Venezuela.

TRUSCON STEEL LOSS

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Aug. 7—Truscon Steel Company reports for the six months ended June 30 net loss of $280,586 after depreciation, taxes, etc., contrasted with net profit of $732,185, equal after preferred dividends to 92 cents a share (par $10) on 658,154 common shares in the first half of 1930.

PROTECTIVE COMMITTEES

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—Notice has been sent holders of Pennsylvania Dock & Warehouse Company, leasehold 6 per cent bonds, due 1949, of the formation of a protective committee in view of appointment of custodial receivers and failure to pay semiannual interest installment due Aug. 1.

MARINE MIDLAND CORP.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 7—Floyd L. Carlisle and H. Edmund Machold were elected directors of the Marine Midland Corporation. Mr. Carlisle is chairman of the Niagara Hudson Power Corporation. Mr. Machold is vice-president of F. L. Carlisle & Co.

MONEY CIRCULATION IN THE UNITED STATES DURING JULY HIGHER

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 (AP)—An indication that the hesitancy caused by the depression might be giving way to a little more spending was seen by officials today in Treasury figures showing money in circulation increased $15,274,262 in July over June, bringing the total to $4,837,207,719.

Per capita circulation rose 8 cents from $38.57 to $38.65. It was $35.90 on July 31, 1930.

The highest per capita circulation was $53.01 on Oct. 31, 1920, and the lowest, $16.92, Jan. 1, 1879.

The Treasury statement showed the total money in the United States was $9,152,338,017 at the end of July, a new high record. This was an increase of $908,755,566 over a year ago.

Of the total, $4,948,341,721 was in gold coin or bullion, while $3,761,704,365 was held by the Treasury. Of the gold and bullion held by the Treasury, however, $1,694,936,579 was held in trust against gold and silver certificates and treasury notes, while $1,858,356,378 was held for Federal Reserve banks and agents.

Total money outside of the Treasury amounted to $7,048,495,564, but $2,188,412,596 of that was gold and silver certificates and Treasury notes, for which the Treasury holds gold.

GRAIN PRICES RISE IN CHICAGO MARKET

CHICAGO, Aug. 7 (AP)—Bullish views, which leading houses expressed regarding the ultimate trend of wheat prices, gave a decided upward impulse to all grains late today. The change was based largely on the extreme low level of prevailing quotations and likelihood of big reductions of wheat acreage, domestic and foreign, together with probable improvement of general business.

European wheat reserve stocks were regarded as small, and better demand was reported for overseas shipment of wheat from North America.

Wheat closed firm, 2⅛c to 2⅝c higher, corn 1⅛c to 1⅞c up, oats ½c to ¾c advanced.

MANITOBA TO SEND HAY TO ARID REGIONS

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

WINNIPEG, Man.—The Manitoba Government has approved a measure by which at least 25,000 tons of hay will be made available to the farmers in the drought-stricken areas of Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

The Government, furthermore, is making lists of farmers who will have hay to sell. Arrangements have been made with the railways to reduce the rate on hay shipments into Saskatchewan territory by one-third, and it is now suggested that the provincial, Dominion and municipal authorities absorb this freight charge, thus making hay available to the needy farmers of Saskatchewan free of freight charges.

CHICAGO BOARD

(Reported by Clark, Childs & Co., Boston)

	Open	High	Low	Close	NetChg
Wheat					
Sept	.48	.50⅜	.47¾	.50¼	+2¼
December	.51⅞	.54⅛	.51¾	.53⅞	+2
March	.54⅛	.57	.54⅛	.57	+2¾
Corn					
Sept	.50⅜	.52¼	.50⅜	.52⅛	+2⅛
December	.40⅞	.41⅞	.40¼	.41½	+1⅜
March	.42⅞	.44½	.42⅞	.44⅜	+1⅛
Oats					
Sept	.21¾	.22½	.21⅝	.22⅜	
December	.24¼	.24¼	.23⅜	.24¼	
March	.25⅛	.25⅜	.25⅛	.25⅝	
Lard					
Sept	7.15	7.25	7.10	7.10	
October	7.05	7.15	7.02	7.02	
December	6.40	6.45	6.37	6.40	

Winnipeg Wheat

	High	Low	Last	Prev. Close
October	.55½	.52¼	.55⅜	.52¾
December	.56⅝	.53⅜	.56⅜	.52¾
May	.60⅜	.57¼	.60¼	.57⅝

Kansas City Wheat

	High	Low	Last	Prev. Close
September	.42⅞	.40⅛	.42⅞	.40⅜
December	.47	.43⅞	.46⅞	.44¼
May	.51⅞	.49	.51¾	.49¼

AMERICAN BROWN BOVERI

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—Net of American Brown Boveri Electric Corporation, subsequent to July 22 named New York Shipbuilding Corporation, for six months ended June 30 was $411,588 after interest, depreciation, etc., and after deducting $139,509 net loss for the period of electrical division, sale of which has been negotiated (sale consummated July 15, 1931). In the first half of 1930 American Brown Boveri Electric Corporation reported net of $152,056 after interest, depreciation, etc.

STEEL INGOT OUTPUT DECLINES

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—Rate of steel ingot activity in July fell to the lowest since September, 1921, operations averaging 33.97 per cent of capacity, compared with 37.58 per cent in June and 56.14 per cent in July, 1930. Production averaged 72,160 tons for 26 working days, compared with 79,843 in June, and 112,393 in July, 1930, based on the same number of working days in each month. These figures are based on calculations of the American Iron & Steel Institute.

COTTON AT NEW LOW

NEW YORK, Aug. 7 (AP)—There was a further decline in cotton today with prices again reaching new low ground under liquidation of reselling by recent buyers who were probably disappointed over the failure of the market to show more rallying power in advance of tomorrow's Government crop figure. December contracts sold off to 8.13 or 12 points net lower, and the market was quiet within 2 or 3 points of the lowest during the middle of the afternoon.

LOCOMOTIVES NEEDING REPAIRS

Class I railroads of this country on July 15 had 5018 locomotives in need of classified repairs or 11.1 per cent of the number on the line, according to reports filed by the carriers with the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association. This was an increase of 80 locomotives above the number in need of such repairs on July 1, at which time there were 5038 or 10.9 per cent.

GRIGSBY-GRUNOW ORDERS

CHICAGO, Aug. 7—Grigsby-Grunow Company has received orders for more than $11,000,000 worth of merchandise for delivery before Oct. 1, from distributors in the United States, according to Mr. B. J. Grigsby, chairman. Orders are based on retail prices, and include radio sets, tubes, refrigerators and automobile radio sets, he stated.

EARNING POWER OF FOOD GROUP HOLDS UP WELL

Income Reports for Second Quarter Among Best in Industrial Class

As in prior periods during the depression, one of the best earnings records among industrial groups was made by food manufacturers in the second quarter of the year. At the same time, effects of current dull times on this favored group were more in evidence than they had hitherto been.

Seventeen food manufacturing companies, or enterprises closely allied with the food industry, have reported for the second quarter profits of $26,448,092, compared with $31,463,617 in the like period last year, a reduction of $5,015,525, or 15.8 per cent. In the first quarter a group of 19 companies reported an earnings shrinkage of 6.8 per cent, and for all of 1930, a group of 35 companies reported a decline of 6.3 per cent.

As usual, the smaller group of concerns commonly regarded as members of the food group, but not manufacturers of actual food products, made somewhat the better showing.

Combined earnings of American Chicle, Canada Dry Ginger Ale, Hershey Chocolate and White Rock Mineral Springs, were off 10.6 per cent. The decline was nearly all due to the fact that Canada Dry experienced extraordinary expenses of more than $500,000 in connection with a price reduction, which are not expected to recur. Hershey and American Chicle reported earnings in excess of a year ago.

Varied Results

In the food group proper, results were varied. An increase was shown by Loose-Wiles Biscuit Company. Shrinkages not exceeding 15 per cent were reported by Corn Products, Cream of Wheat, General Foods, Beechnut Packing, United Biscuit and National Biscuit. In connection with the latter company, a decline of 15 per cent was the first of such dimensions in a long period. United Fruit and Penick & Ford showed larger shrinkages.

Even greater variance was evident in the baking group. General Baking reported an increase in earnings in the 27 weeks ended July 4, but Purity Bakeries showed a substantial decrease, and Continental and Ward were also behind a year ago.

Good annual reports have been made also by General Mills, which produces a variety of packaged foods as well as manufactures flour, and also by Procter & Gamble, whose food division has now grown to the point where it is approaching 50 per cent of the company's total business.

Earnings Comparison

The following table gives second quarter earnings this year and last of certain leading food companies, and a few companies closely allied with the food industry:

FOOD COMPANIES	2d quarter 1931	2d quarter 1930
Beechnut Pack (a)	$720,521	$824,783
Continental Bak (b)	1,164,663	1,814,032
Corn Products	3,104,887	3,488,918
Cream of Wheat	317,887	361,226
General Baking (c)	2,702,237	2,617,857
General Foods	4,595,059	4,838,952
Loose-Wiles Biscuit	551,600	450,702
National Biscuit	4,566,121	5,371,141
Penick & Ford (d)	284,417	347,447
Purity Bakeries (e)	559,890	1,166,745
United Biscuit	476,031	510,548
United Fruit	3,179,000	5,544,000
Ward Baking (f)	545,521	709,823
Total	22,767,774	27,346,174
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES		
American Chicle	624,115	606,161
Canada Dry Gin Ale	664,549	1,170,365
Hershey Chocolate	2,047,950	1,933,496
White Rock Min Sp	343,704	407,421
Total	3,680,318	4,117,443
ANNUAL EARNINGS		
General Mills (g)	3,869,665	4,609,101
Procter & Gamb (h)	22,650,818	22,450,600

(a) Net before estimated taxes; per share balance after estimated taxes and preferred dividends; (b) 10 weeks to June 20 per share balance on A stock; (c) 27 weeks to July 4; (d) before federal taxes; (e) 12 weeks to July 11; (f) 15 weeks to July 4 per share balance on preferred stock in 1931 and A stock in 1930; (g) year ended May 31; (h) year ended June 30.

HOUSTON OIL CO. OF TEXAS

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 7—Houston Oil Co. of Texas net, including Houston Pipe Line Co., for the quarter ended June 30 of $233,509 after interest, depreciation, depletion, abandoned leases, federal taxes, etc., is equal after dividend requirements on $3,947,600 6 per cent preferred to 9 cents a share (par $25) on 1,100,000 shares of common, compared with $223,793 or 8 cents a share in the preceding quarter and $491,168 or 32 cents a share on the common in the 1930 June quarter. Net for the six months ended June 30 of $462,212 after taxes and charges equals 17 cents a share on the common, compared with $1,014,417 or 68 cents a share on the present share basis for the first half of 1930.

BANK OF ENGLAND STATEMENT

LONDON, Aug. 7—The weekly statement of the Bank of England compares as follows:

	Aug. 6, '31	July 30, '31
Circulation	£365,251,000	£359,361,000
Public deposits	11,438,000	15,219,000
Private deposits	97,611,000	89,484,000
Bankers accounts	64,436,000	55,798,000
Other accounts	33,175000	30,686,000
Govt's securities	49,310,000	52,560,000
Other securities	32,300,000	36,370,000
Disc and adv	9,018,000	9,696,000
Securities	23,282,000	26,604,000
Reserve	44,576,000	33,947,000
Prop res to liab	41.2%	32.4%
Bullion	134,827,000	133,309,000
Bank rate	4½%	4½%

FAIRBANKS, MORSE LOSS

CHICAGO, Aug. 7—Fairbanks, Morse & Co. reports for six months ended June 30 net loss of $559,534 after depreciation, interest, etc., contrasted with net of $803,461 in the first half of 1930, equal after preferred dividends to $1.52 a share on 368,977 common shares. Net shipments were $8,673,509, compared with $13,585,558 in the first half of 1930.

ZINC OUTPUT LESS

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—Stocks of slab zinc at the end of July totaled 131,833 short tons, compared with 138,928 in June and 117,724 in July, 1930, says the American Zinc Institute. Production in July was 21,365 tons, compared with 23,483 in June and 40,023 in July, 1930. Shipments were 28,460 tons, compared with 27,604 in June and 35,380 in July, 1930.

AIRPLANE OUTPUT

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 7—In six months of 1931 there were 1605 airplanes manufactured, compared with 1684 in six months of 1930. Of the 1931 total 1069 were for civil use, compared with 1177 in the 1930 period.

BUCYRUS-ERIE OMITS DIVIDENDS

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—Bucyrus-Erie Co. omitted the quarterly dividends of 25 cents on the common and 62½ cents quarterly on the convertible preference due at this time.

PETROLEUM CHEMICAL CORPORATION

The Petroleum Chemical Corporation, controlled jointly by National Distillers Products Corporation and the Barnsdall Corporation, has made tentative plans for erection of a plant for the production of Butanol on a substantial scale.

CATTLE MARKET UP TO SEASON'S HIGHEST LEVEL

Shortfeds and Grassy Kinds Lose, However—Lambs and Hogs Off

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, Aug. 7—The fat cattle market worked higher again this week, reaching new high levels for the season and since spring. However, uneven losses were scored on hogs and lambs, placing the latter back close to the low time of a month ago, according to a report by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, United States Department of Agriculture.

Fed steers and yearlings advanced about 25 cents with spots up more, especially on medium and heavyweight beeves. However, shortfeds and grassy kinds were rather slow sellers all week and they closed weak to 25 cents lower.

Fed butcher she-stock held up well as the supply was extremely short, but grassy cows and heifers were in the doldrums after Monday, slumping fully 50 cents. Some of the little grassy heifers fell 50 cents to $1. Bulls lost 25 to 50 cents. Vealers held steady. Stocker and feeder cattle declined about 25 cents.

New top prices for the season were scored on all classes of fed stock, yearling steers making $9.40, light heifers $9.25, medium and heavyweight beeves $8.90 and big weight steers $8.75. The bulk of the drylot yearlings and light steers sold at $8 to $9 and most weightier bullocks $7.75 to $8.50, shortfeds going at $6.50 to $8 and common grassy kinds down to $5 and below. Odd lots moved at $4.50 down.

Grass fat heifers made $4.50 to $6 and plain and common kinds $3 to $4. Most of the grass beef cows brought $3 to $4 and low cutters and cutters $2 to $3. Most of the sausage bulls went at $3.50 to $4 and sorted vealers at $9 to $10.

Hogs scaling below 240 pounds wound up the week 25 to 40 cents lower while heavier weights held about steady and sows were mostly 10 to 15 cents lower. The week's top was $8.15, paid at the close.

Fat lambs declined 25 to 50 cents this week, throwouts getting a 50-cent to $1 break. Native lambs topped at $7.75 each day and best rangers brought $7.60. The bulk of the native ewe and wether lambs and westerns brought $6.75 to $7.50, native bucks $5.50 to $6.50 and native throwouts $4 down to $3. Fat ewes were scarce and they held close to steady, the bulk making $2 to $3.

STOCK LOAN RATIO GAINS DURING JULY

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—Total borrowings by members of New York Stock Exchange against collateral Aug. 1 were 3.03 per cent of the market value of all shares listed on that date, compared with 2.93 per cent July 1, the record low, an increase of 0.10 per cent during the month. On Aug. 1, 1930, the ratio stood at 5.43 per cent.

Market value of all shares listed Aug. 1 totaled $44,422,740,446, compared with $47,417,147,581 July 1, a decrease of $2,994,403,135. During July borrowings of members decreased $47,232,168 to $1,344,092,754, a new low since publication of this series of figures began in 1926.

As of Aug. 1 there were 1293 stock issues aggregating 1,303,221,-198 shares listed, compared with 1297 aggregating 1,303,489,082 shares July 1. The average market value of all listed shares was $34.09 Aug. 1, compared with $36.38 on July 1.

DAVENPORT HOSIERY MILLS, INC.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—Davenport Hosiery Mills, Inc., reports for six months ended June 30 net of $206,764 after charges and taxes, equivalent, after allowing for dividend requirements on 9800 shares of 7 per cent preferred, to $2.30 a share on 75,000 no-par shares of common, compared with $152,929 in the first half of 1930, which, on the same share basis, equals $1.58 a common share. For the quarter ended June 30 net was $108,687 after charges and taxes, equal to $1.22 a common share, compared with $98,016 or 39 cents a common share in the preceding quarter, and $77,038 or 80 cents a common share in the June quarter of 1930.

NEW YORK CURB SUSPENSIONS

NEW YORK, Aug. 7 (AP)—The New York Curb Exchange today suspended trading in stocks of two companies for which receivers have been appointed. One security was the voting trust certificates for common stock of Central Atlantic States Service Corp., owning several ice manufacturing plants in Virginia and New Jersey. Receivers were named last November. There was also a suspension on the common and preferred issues of Blyn Shoes, Inc., New York and New Jersey retailer, for which a receiver was appointed on July 24.

COTTON EXCHANGE HOLIDAY

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—The board of managers of the New York Cotton Exchange has voted to close the exchange Saturday, Sept. 5, the Saturday preceding Labor Day. A similar proposal also has been adopted by the board of governors of the Wool Associates of the New York Cotton Exchange. The effect of the vote will be to give the exchange a three-day holiday over Labor Day.

RAYTHEON MANUFACTURING CO.

Pamphlet report of the Raytheon Manufacturing Co., radio tube manufacturer, for the fiscal year ended May 31, 1931, shows consolidated net loss after all charges, including depreciation, amortization, inventory write-downs and other adjustments of $250,364. This compares with net loss in the preceding fiscal year of $335,057 after similar charges.

AMERICAN STEEL FOUNDRIES

American Steel Foundries for the six months ended June 30 showed net profit of $140,079 after depreciation, federal taxes and minority interests. In the first half of 1930 net profit was $2,139,538. For the June quarter net profit was $73,684 compared with $1,120,078 in the June quarter of 1930.

DU PONT TO ACQUIRE ASSETS

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. will give 103,500 shares of 5 per cent debenture stock for assets of the chemical division of the Newport Company. Cash of Newport Company and earnings from May 31 to Aug. 1 will be distributed to Newport stockholders.

THE securities advertised in this newspaper are not guaranteed as investments by The Christian Science Monitor.

The publishers aim to accept advertisements of sound securities only, but those making investments on account of such advertisements should make their own investigations before buying.

Purchases made will not involve responsibility on the part of the publishers.

New York Bond Market

(Quotations to 2:30 p. m.)

	High	Low
Alleghany Corp 5s '44	61⅝	61¼
Alleghany Corp 5s '49	57	56
Alleghany Corp 5s '50	57	54½
Allis Chalmers deb 5s '37	101⅛	101⅛
Amer Chain deb 6s '33	100⅝	100
Amer Cyanamid 5s '42	87	87
Amer & Foreign Pow 5s 2030	72¼	72¼
Amer I G Chem 5½s '49	98⅝	95½
Amer Inter 5½s' '49	81⅝	81½
Amer Nat Gas 6½s '42	16½	16
Am Metal & Found 6s	106	106
Amer Smelting 5s '47	103¾	103⅝
Amer Smelting 6s '47	103½	103½
Amer Sugar Refining 6s '37	104⅛	104⅛
Amer T&T 4½s '39 cv	129⅛	129⅛
Amer T&T col 5s '46	107¼	107¼
Amer T&T 4s '36	103½	103½
Amer T&T deb 5s '60	109	108⅞
Amer T&T 5s '65	109⅛	109
Amer T&T deb 5½s '43	111	110¾
Amer WW & Elec 5s '34	102½	102½
Amer WW & Elec deb 6s '75	103½	103½
Amer Writing Paper 6s '47	57	57
Anglo-Chile Nit 7s '45	57	57
Armour & Co 4½s '39	80	80
Armour & Co of Del 5½s '43	71¾	71½
Armstrong Cock 5s '40	91⅝	91½
Atch T&SF adj 4s '95 sta	96	95
Atch T&SF gen 4s '95	99⅝	99⅝
Atch T&SF 4½s '48	114	113½
Atlanta & Yadkin 4s '49	65	65
Atl Coast Line 1st con 4s '52	98	97½
Atl Coast L L&N col 4s '52	90	90
Atl Refining deb 5s '37	102	101¾
Balt & Ohio 1st 4s '48	97⅛	96⅝
Balt & Ohio 4s Tol & C div '59	85	85
Balt & Ohio 4½s '33	99½	99¼
Balt & Ohio 4½s cv '60	85¼	85¼
Balt & Ohio rfg 5s '95	99½	99
Balt & Ohio 5s ct Swn div '50	103¼	102½
Balt & Ohio 1st 5s ct '48	104½	104½
Balt & Ohio 5s series D 2000	98⅝	98½
Bangor & Aroos 4s '51	92	92
Bell Tel of Pa 5s '60 C	113⅝	113¼
Beth Ind Loan 6s '46	98	98
Beth Steel pur mon 5s '36	103⅝	103½
Boston & Maine 5s '67	97½	97½
Bow-Biltmore s f g 7s '34	65	65
Bklyn Ed gen 5s A '49	107	106⅞
Bklyn-Man Tr sf 6s '68	101⅜	101½
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s '50	91½	91⅛
Buff R & P 4½s '57	77	77
Bush Term 1st 4s '52	90	90
Can Nat Ry gen 4½s '54	100½	100¼
Can Nat Ry 4½s '68	100¼	100⅛
Can Nat Ry 4¾s '55	101¾	101¼
Can Nat Ry 4½s '56	100	100
Can Nat Ry 5s July '69	105¼	105
Can Nat Ry 5s Oct '69	105¼	105¼
Can North 4½s '35	102⅝	102⅝
Can North deb 6½s '46	119⅛	119⅛
Can Pacific deb 4s	83	83
Can Pacific 4½s '46	100	99⅝
Can Pacific 4½s '60	97	96½
Can Pacific 5s '44	104⅞	104¾
Can Pacific 5s '54	101	101
Cen Foundry Co 6s	78	78
Cen Ill El&Gas 1st 5s' 51	99	99
Cen Pacific 1st 4s '49	98⅝	98⅝
Cen Pacific 5s' 60	100¾	100⅛
Cen Pacific TSL 1st 4s' 54	96	96
Cen Steel Co 8s '41	112	110½
Certainteed 5½s '48	54½	54½
Ches Corp 5s' 47	95½	95¼
Ches & O cv 4½s A '93	100	100
Ches & O 4½s B	99¾	99½
Chicago & Alton rfg 3s '49	69	68¾
Chicago B & Q 3½s Ill div '49	93½	93½
Chicago B & Q gen 4s' 58	99	99
Chicago B & Q rfg 5s' 71	108	108
Chicago & East Ill 5s' 51	25½	25½
Chicago Gt West 4s' 59	65¼	64¾
Chicago M&StP gen 4s '89	83⅝	83⅝
Chicago M&StP col 4¾s	97	97
Chicago M StP&Pac adj 2000	19¼	18⅝
Chicago M StP&Pac 5s' 75	50	49
Chicago & Nw gen 3½s' 87	76¼	76¼
Chicago & Nw 4½s 2037 C	75	75
Chicago & Nw 4¾s cv '49	60½	60¼
Chicago & Nw gen 5s '87	106½	106½
Chicago & Nw rfg 5s 2037	90	88
Chicago & Nw 6½s '36	107	107
Chicago RI&P rfg 4s '34	89	88¾
Chicago RI&P 4½s' 52 A	76	71½
Chicago RI&P 4½s cv '60	70½	70
Chicago & W Indiana 4s' 52	91¾	91½
Chicago & W Indiana 5½s' 62	105½	105¼
Childs Co 5s' 43	66	66
Chile Copper 5s' 47	85	85
Cin Gas & Elec 4s '68 A	97¼	97
Clev CC&StL gen 4s' 93	91½	91¾
Clev CC&StL 4½s E '77	95½	95½
Clev Un Term 5½s' 72	111	111
Colo & So 1ts rfg 4½s '35	98⅝	98
Columbia Gas & E Co 5s deb	99	98¾
Columbia Gas & E 5s '52 May	99¾	99½
Columbus Ry Pr L 4½s' 57	99⅝	99¾
Com Az Baraqua 7½s '37	21	21
Com Inv Trust 5½s' 49	98½	98¼
Con Gas 4½s' 51	103⅝	103¼
Con Gas Co deb 5½s' 45	107⅝	107⅝
Consum Pow uni 5s' 52	106	106
Con Ry 4s '54	74	74
Con Ry 4s '55	74	74
Crown Wil Paper 6s' 51	90	90
Cuba Cane Sug Prod 6s' 50	9	8¾
Cuba Nor Ry 5½s' 42	40½	40½
Cumberland T&T 5s' 37	105⅛	105¼
Del & Hudson rfg 4s' 43	94⅝	94⅝
Detroit Ed 4½s D '61	104¼	104⅛
Detroit Ed col 5s' 33	104½	103⅞
Dodge Bros sf 6s '40	92⅞	92⅝
Donner Steel rfg 7s '42	96	96
Duquesne P & L 4½s '67	105¼	105
Elgin Joliet Ext 1st 5s	105½	105
Erie RR cv 4s A '53	71	70
Erie RR cv 4s B '53	70	70
Erie RR ref 5s '67	72	69¼
Erie RR gen lien	74½	74
Erie RR gen 5s '75	71	70
Erie (Pa) col 4s '51	101¼	101¼
Erie Jer 6s	112⅛	112⅛
Fed Lt & Trac 5s '42	96⅝	96½
Fisk Rubber 8s '41	32	32
Fla East Coast 5s '74	20	19½
Gen Bak Co 5½s '40	98⅛	98⅛
Gen Mot Acc Corp 6s '37	104⅝	104⅛
Gen Petroleum 5s '40	103	103
Gen Pub Svc 5½s '39	95	95
Gen Steel Cast 5½s '49 ww	86	86
Gen Theater Equip 6s '40	21	18
Goodrich 6s '45	62⅛	62
Goodrich 1st 6½s '47	98½	98½
Goodyear Tire 5s '57	91⅝	91⅝
Grand Tk Ry Can 6s '36	107¼	107½
Grand Tk Ry Can 7s '40	112⅝	112⅝
Great Northern 4½s '76 D	91⅞	91½
Great Northern gen 5½s B '52	104½	104½
Great Northern 7s '36 A	108⅞	108⅝
Gulf States Steel 5½s	52	51
Hocking Valley con 4½s '99	104⅞	104½
Houston Oil 5½s '40	88½	88½
Hudson Coal 5s '62	59¼	59¼
Hudson & Man adj in 5s '57	75½	75
Hudson & Man rfg 5s '57	98½	98
Humble Oil 5s '37	103	103
Humble Oil 5½s '32	103	103
Ill Bel Tel rfg 5s '56	106¾	106¾
Ill Central 4s '52	86⅝	86⅝
Ill Central 4¾s '66	65⅛	64
Ill Central 6½s '36	105¾	105¾
Ill Central CStL&NO 5s '63 A	76	76
Ill Steel deb 4½s '40	103¼	103¼
Inland Steel 4½s A '78	94½	94¼
Inland Steel 4½s B '81	94¼	93½
Inter Hydro El 6s '44	78½	78
Inter Match 5s cv '41	90½	89⅞
Inter Match Corp 5s '47	84⅝	83½
Interlake Iron 5s	86½	86
Inter Rap Tran rfg 5s '66	70⅝	70½
Inter Rap Tran 5s sta '66	70¼	70¼
Inter Rap Trans 7s '32	90½	90⅛
Int Cement Corp 5s '48	85	84¼
Int & G Nor 5s B '56	71	71
Int & G Nor 1st 6s '52	87	87
Int & G Nor adj 6s '52	58	57½
Int Papare rfg 5s A '47	65¼	65¼
Int Papare 6s '55	49⅞	48⅞
Int Tel & Tel 4½s '52	77¼	77¼
Int Tel & Tel 4½s cv '39	90⅞	90
Int Tel & Tel 5s '55	85	85
Kan City P & L 4½s '61	106	106
Kan City So 1st 3s '50	77½	77⅝
Kan City Term 1st 4s '60	98	97½
Kan Gas & Elec 4½s '80	99⅞	99½
Kresge Foundation 6s '36	103	103
Laclede Gas 5½s '53 C	102	101¾
Laclede Gas 5½s D	101¼	101
Lake Shore & MS 3½s '97	82	82
L'Autaro 6s '54	30¾	30¾
Lehigh Val (Pa) con 4s 2003	85¼	84¾
Long Island gen 4s '38	98	98
Long Island deb 5s '37	102½	102½
Louis Gas & Elec rfg 5s '52	106⅝	106⅝
L&N uni 4s '40	99⅛	99
L&N rfg 5½s 2003	104⅝	104¼
Manati Sug 1st 7½s '42 sta	20¼	20¼
Manhat Ry con 4s '90	53½	53⅝
Marion Steam C 6s	40	40
Market St Ry gold 7s '40	95	94½
McCrory Stores 5½s '41	99	99¼
Metro Edison 4½s '68	101¼	101¼
Midvale Steel col 5s '36	104¼	104
Mil El Ry & Lt 5s '71	104⅝	104½
Mil El Lt & Ry 1st 5s '61	104⅛	104⅛
Mil & Nor con 4½s '34	96½	96½
Min & StL 1st rfg 4s '49	5	5
Mo K & T adj 5s A '67	77¾	77½
Mo K & T pl 5s A '62	93¼	93⅛
Mo Ill 5s	52	52
Mo Pacific gen 4s '75	57¼	57¼
Mo Pacific 5s F '77	79½	79
Mo Pacific 5s G '78	79	79½
Mo Pacific 5s H '80	80	80
Mo Pac 5s I '81	79	78⅞
Mo Pacific 5½s '49	73½	73
Montana Power rfg 5s '47	105⅝	105⅛
Montana Power 5s D	103	102¾
Morris & Essex 5s '55	107½	107½
Namm Sons 6s '43	92¾	92½
Nat Dairy Prod 5¼s '48	102	101⅞
Nat Rys of Mex 4½s '26	4	4
Newberry 5½s	94	94
N J Pow & Lt 5s '60	102⅛	102¼
N O Pub Ser 5s A '52	93	93
N O Pub Ser 5s '55 B	93½	93
N O T & M 5s C	64	64
NYC&HR gen 3½s '97	82⅛	82⅛
NYC&HR con 4s A '98	92½	92½
NYC&HR 4s '42	96	96
NYC&HR 4½s n	95⅛	94¾
NYC L SL cou 3½s '98	80⅝	80⅜
NY Chi & StL 1st 4s '37	95	95
NY Chi & StL 4½s '78	61	60¼
NY Chi & StL 6s A '32	76	75½
NY Chi & StL 4s D	100	100
NY GELH&P pur m 4s '49	102	102
NY GELH&P 5s '48	112	112
NY NH&H nc deb 4s '56	85½	85½
NY NH&H clt 6s '40	105½	105⅛
NY Ont & W rfg 4s '92	58	58
NY State Ry con 4½s '62	4⅜	4⅜
NY Tel gen 4½s '39	105	104⅞
NY Tel rfg 6s '41	108⅝	108⅛

	High	Low
Niag Share 5½s '50	95½	95½
Norf & W div 4s '44	100	100
North Am Co 5s '61	101⅛	101½
Nor Am Ed 5s C '69	101⅝	101½
Nor Am Ed 5½s '63	104⅝	104½
Nor Ohio Tr & Lt 6s A '47	108	108
Nor Pacific gen 3s 2047	67	67
Nor Pacific pr ln 4s '97	93½	93¼
Nor Pacific 6s B 2047	108⅛	108
Nor States Pow 5s A '41	105⅛	105⅛
Ore Wash RR & N 4s '61	93¼	93¼
Pac Gas & Elec 5s '42	106⅛	106⅛
Pac of Mo 1st 4s '38	98⅝	98⅝
Pac Tel & Tel 1st 5s '37	106⅝	106⅝
Paramount Publix 5½s '50	76	75½
Paramount Fam Las 6s '47	88⅛	87
Pathe Ex me 7s '37	91¾	91
Penn Dixie Cement 6s '41	56⅛	56⅛
Penn O & D RR 4½s A '77	98½	98⅛
Penn Railroad con 4s '48	101	101
Penn Railroad 4½s D '70	93	93
Penn Railroad 4¾s '63	100⅛	100⅛
Penn Railroad gen 4½s '65	100½	100½
Penn Railroad 4½ aD '81	94⅛	94⅛
Penn Railroad 5s '64	104⅛	104⅛
Penn Railroad gold 6½s '36	110⅛	110
Penn Pow & Lt 4½s	99⅝	99
Phillips Pet 5½s '39	60	58½
Philadelphia Co 5s '67	103½	103¼
Philadelphia Elec Co 4s '71	98⅝	98
Philadelphia Elec Co 4½s '67	106	105½
Phil & Read C&I 5s '73	70½	70½
Phil & Read C&I 6s '49	62	61
Pitts CC&StL 4½s A '40	102½	102½
Pitts CC&StL 4½s '77	98¼	97¾
Pitts CC&StL 5s A '70	107¾	107⅝
Pitts CC&StL 4½s B	101¼	101¼
Portland Gen Elec 4½s '60	88	87½
Postal Tel & Cable 5s '53	64⅛	64⅛
Pub Svc E&G 4s	98½	98½
Pure Oil 5½s '40	84	83¼
Purity Baking 5s '48	90	90
Read rfg 4½s A '97	101⅛	101⅛
Read rfg 4½s '97 B	100	100
Read Cen RR NJ col 4s '51	97	96¾
Remington Rand 5½s '7 ww	75	75
Revere Cop & Br 6s '48	85	85
Richfield Oil Co of Cal 6s '44	28⅝	28⅛
Rio G & W col 4s '49	79½	79½
Rio G & W 1st 4s '39	95⅝	95⅝
St Joseph Ry LH&P 5s '37	99	99
St Louis IMS 4s R&G div '33	95¼	95
St Louis & SF 4s A '50	61⅛	61
St Louis & SF 4½s '78	48	47
St Louis & SF 5s B '50	68⅛	68⅛
San Ant & Ar P 1st 4s '43	93½	93½
Seabd AL con 6s '45 ct	12	12
Sharon Steel Hoop 5½s '48	77	77
Shell Pipe 5s '52	84¼	83
Shell Union 5s '47	66½	65½
Shell Union 5s ct ww '49	68	67
Sinclair Cn O col 6½s '38	92	92
Sinclair Cn O col 7s '37	95	95
Sinclair Cru O 5½s '38	102⅝	102⅝
Sinclair Pipe L sf 5s '42	101⅝	101½
Skelly Oil Co 5½s '39	57	56½
Smith A O 6½s '33	102⅝	102½
Southern Bell Tel & Tel 5s '41	106⅛	106
Southern Colo Pow 6s '47	103½	103½
Southern Pacific rfg 4s '55	94	93¾
Southern Pacific 4½s '68	91⅞	91⅞
Southern Pacific 4½s '69 ww	92	92
Southern Pacific 4½s '81	90⅛	89
Southern Pacific of Calif 5s '37	104	104
Southern Pacific Ore A 4½s '77	97¼	97½
Southern Ry gen 4s '56	77½	76½
Southern Ry con 5s '94	106½	106½
Southern Ry gen 6s '56	102½	102½
Southern Ry gen 6½s '56	106	106
Southwest Bell Tel rfg 5s '54	107⅝	107⅝
Stand Oil NJ 5s '46	104⅝	104½
Stand Oil NY 4½s '51	101	101
Tenn Elec Power 6s '47	107¼	107⅛
Tenn Cen Ry 6s '47	87½	87½
Texas Corp 5s '44	94	93⅝
Tex & Pac 5s C '79	89½	89½
Third Ave rfg 4s '60	55	54½
Third Ave adj 5s '60	40	40
Truax Traer Coal 6½s '43	50	50
Union El L & P 1st 5s '32	102⅝	102⅝
Union Oil Cal 6s '42	105⅝	105⅜
Union Oil Cal 5s '45 rcts ww	90½	90½
Union Pacific 1st 4s '47	101⅝	101¼
Union Pacific 4s '68	93¾	93¾
Union Pacific rfg 4s 2008	97	96½
US Rubber Co 5s '47	69⅝	69⅝
Utah Lt & Trac 5s '44	99½	99½
Utah Pow & Lt 5s '44	103⅝	103¼
Utica Gas & Elec 5s '57	111⅛	111⅛
Util Pow & Lt 5½s '47	72¾	72
Util Pow & Lt 5s '59 ww	68½	67⅝
Vanadium 5s	80½	80
Vertientes Sugar 7s '42	35	34
Virginia Ry 5s '62	104	104
Virginia Ry & Power 5s '34	103½	103½
Wabash RR Tol 4s	90⅝	90⅝
Wabash RR 1st 5s '39	102½	102
Wabash RR 5s B '76	62	62
Wabash RR 2d 5s '39	99½	99
Wabash RR 5s D '80	56	56
Walworth 6½s ww	50	50
Walworth 6s '45	47	46
Walworth 6½s '35 xw	50	50
Warner Bros Pict 6s '39	44⅝	43⅝
West Pa Pow 5½s F '53	105½	105¼
West Shore 4s 2361	91⅛	90½
Western Electric 5s '44	106½	106½
Western Maryland 4s '52	77⅝	76
Western NY & Pa 5s '37	104	104
Western NY & Pa 4s '43	97¼	97¼
Western Pacific 5s A '46	69½	69½
Western Union R E 4½s '50	102	102
Western Union 5s '51	104⅝	104¼
Western Union 6½s '36	110	110
Western Union 5s '60	104	104
Wheeling L Erie 1st 5s '30	100⅛	100⅛
Willys-Overland 1st 6½s '33	99⅞	99½
Wilson ¾ Co 1st 6s '41	93½	93½
Winchester R Arms 7½s '41 ct	52½	52
Youngstown Sheet 5s '78 B	97¼	97
Youngstown Sheet 5s '78 A	97¼	97

LIBERTY BONDS

	High	Low	Last Aug 7	Last Aug 6
3½s '47	102.15	102.15	102.15	102.15
1st 4¼s '47	103.5	103.2	103.5	103.3
4th 4¼s '38	104.26	104.24	104.26	104.25
US 3⅜s '43 J	102.23	102.23		
US 3⅜s '43 M	102.22	102.22	102.22	102.20
US 3½s '49	101.15	101.15	101.15	101.15
US 4s '54	108.5	108.4	108.4	108.2

FOREIGN BONDS

	High	Low
Abitibi P&P 5s '53	53⅝	53
Akershuh 5s '63	90½	90½
Antioquia III 7s '57	35	35
Argentine Gov 5s '62	65	61
Argentine Gov 6s June '59	70	70
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '59	70¼	70
Argentine Gov 6s May '60	70	70
Argentine Gov 6s Sept '60	71¼	71¼
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '60	70¼	70
Argentine Gov 6s Feb '61	69¾	68
Argentine Gov 6s May '61	70½	70⅛
Argentine Gov 6s '57 A	71⅛	69½
Argentine Gov 6s '58 B	70	70
Australia 4½s '56	54½	54
Australia 5s '55	61	60⅝
Australia 5s '57	60⅝	60
Austria (Gov) 7s '57	62¼	61
Austria (Gov) 7s '43	106¼	106
Austria Hydro 6½s	61¾	61¾
Austria (Upper) 7s '45	90	90
Batavian Pet 4½s '52	93⅝	93⅝
Bavaria (State) 6½s '45	63	62½
Belgium (King) 6s '55	101⅛	100¾
Belgium (King) 6½s '49	105¼	105¾
Belgium (King) 7s '55	108¾	108¼
Belgium (King) 7s '56	106	105½
Bergen 5s '60	98½	97⅝
Berlin (City) 6s '58	42	42
Berlin Elec 6½s '51	57	57
Berlin Elec 6½s '51	57	57
Berlin Elec 6½s '59	53¾	52½
Berlin Elev (City) 6½s '51	47	47
Berlin Elec 6s '55	42	42
Bolivia (Rep) 8s '47	21	21
Brazil 6½s 26-'57	48¼	47
Brazil 6½s '27-'57	47⅝	47¾
Brazil (US) 7½s '52	101⅜	101⅜
Brazil (US) 8s '41	58	56
Breda (Ernesto) 7s '54 ww	64	63⅝
Bremen 7s '35	65½	65½
Brisbane 5s' 57	47	47
Brisbane 5s' 58	48¼	47
Budapest (City) 6s' 62	45	45
Buenos Aires 6s '61 (Prov)	49	48
Bulgaria 7s '67	53	53
Caldas (Rep) 7½s' 46	52	52
Canada (Dom) 4s '60	95⅛	95⅛
Canada (Dom) 4s '52	107¼	107¼
Chile (Bank) 6s' 61	30⅛	29⅞
Chile (Bank) 6½s '57	30⅝	29½
Chile (Bank) 6¾s '61	40	37
Chile (Bank) 6s' 62	30	29½
Chile (Rep) 6s' 60	34½	30¼
Chile (Rep) 6s Jan '61	32	31
Chile (Rep) 6s' 61	34	31
Chile (Rep) 6s' 61 Sept	33	31
Chile (Rep) 6s' 62	35	33½
Chile (Rep) 7s '42	32½	31
Chilean Loan 7s '60	32½	32
Cologne (City) 6½s' 50	50½	50½
Colombia Agr Bk 6s' 48	53	50⅝
Colombia Mtg Bk 7s '46	56	55
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Jan	53	53
Colombia (Rep) 6s' 61 Oct	53½	53½
Cordoba (Prov) 7s '42	65	65
Costa Rica (Rep) 7s '51	66	66
Cuba (Rep) 4½s '49	79½	79½
Cuba (Rep) 5s ('04) '44	90	90
Cuba (Rep) 5½s' 53	92¼	92⅛
Cuba (Rep) 5½s' 45	60	60
Cundi (Rep) 6½s '59	49	49
Czechoslovakia (Rep) 8s '51	107½	107
Czechoslovakia (Rep) 8s B '52	107¼	107¼
Denmark (King) 4½s' 62	96⅛	95⅛
Denmark (King) 5½s '55	101⅝	100⅝
Denmark (King) 6s' 42	104½	104½
Dominic (Rep) 5½s '42	87	87
Dresden 7s '45	67	67
Duke Price Power 6s '66	103⅞	103⅞
Dutch EI 6s '47	101	101
Fiat 7s '46	88	88
Finland 5½s '58	75	75
Finland (Rep) 6½s '56	77¾	77¾
Framerican Dev 7½s '42	101⅛	101⅛
Frankfort 6½s '53	51⅝	51⅛
French (Rep) 7s '49	118½	118
French (Rep) 7½s '41	124⅝	124⅝
German 7s '49	83⅛	82¼
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s '38	54⅛	54½
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s July '60	47	46
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s Oct '60	47⅝	46
Germ Cen Ag Bk 7s '50	59	58½
Germ Con Agr 6½s '59 rcts	47	47
Germ Gen Elec 6s '48	60½	60¼
Germ Gov Int 5½s '65	58⅝	57⅝
Good Hope L&SW 7s '45	64⅛	64⅛
Greek 6s '68	57	57
Greek 7s '64	87	85
[illegible] 6s '39 ww	38⅛	30¼
Hungary (King) 7½s '44	68⅝	68⅝
Hungary Ld Mtg 7½s '61 B	61¾	61¾
Hungary Mun 7½s '45	46	46
Italian Credit Con 7s A '37	98⅛	98⅛
Italian Pub Util 7s '52	89½	89½
Italy (King) 7s '51	98⅝	98⅛
Jap (Con Pwr 6½s '50	92	91⅝
Jap (Im Gov) 6½s '65	97⅛	97¼
Jap (Im Gov) 6½s '65	97½	97¼
Jap (Im Gov) 6½s '54	106⅛	106⅛
Jugoslavia Bk 7s '37	64½	64
Karstadt 6s '43	30⅝	29⅞
Kreuger & Tol 5s '59	85½	83
Lombard El 7s '52 xw	75	75
Lyons (City) 6s '34	104	104
Marseilles (City) 6s '34	104	104
Medellin 6½s '54	42½	42½
Milan (City) 6½s '52	82	81¾
Montecatin 7s '37 xw	89⅝	89⅝
Montevideo (City) 7s '52	41	41
Netherlands (King) 6s '72	104	104
New South Wales 5s '57	54⅝	54
New South Wales 5s '58	54⅝	53
Nord Rys 6½s '50	106	106
Norway (Mun) Bank 5s '70	99⅛	99⅝
Norway (King) 5s '63	100	99⅝
Norway (King) 5½s '65	101⅛	101⅛
Norway (King) 6s '44	103⅞	103½
Norway (King) 6s '43	104	104
Norway (King) 6s '44	103⅞	103½
Norway (King) 6s '52	101	101
Oriental Dev 5½s '58	94	93¼
Oriental Dev Ltd 6s '53	99⅝	99¼
Oslo (City) 5½s '46	101	101
Oslo (City) 6s '55	100¼	100¼
Panama (Rep) 5s '63	88	88
Panama (Rep) 5½s '53	103½	103½
Paris-Lyons-Med 6s '58	103⅛	103⅛
Peru (Gov) 6s '60	16	15½
Peru (Gov) 7s '59	22	22
Poland (Gov) 6s '40	65	64
Poland (Gov) 7s '47	63	62
Poland (Gov) 8s '50	70	69½
Prague (City) 7½s '52	103¼	103½
Prussia 6½s '51	53	53
Prussia 6s '52	50	48⅝
Rhine Westphalia 6s '52	56⅛	56⅛
Rhine Westphalia 6s '53	53⅛	53
Rhine Westphalia 7s '50	68⅝	68⅝
Rhinelbe 7s '46	58	58
Rio de Janeiro (City) 6½s '53	25	24
Rio G do Sul (State) 6s '68	25½	25
Rio G do Sul (State 8s '46	51½	51½
Rome (City) 6½s '52	84½	84½
Rotterdam (City) 6s '64	105¼	105
Royal Dutch 4s '45 ww	90	89½
Salvador (Rep) 8s '48	95	95
Sao Paulo (State) 6s '68	31½	27
Sao Paulo (State) 7s '40	70	70
Sao Paulo (State) 8s '36	44	44
Saxon Pub Wks 7s '45	55⅛	55
Saxon State 6½s '46	50	50
Serbs Cro & Slov 7s '62	66	66
Shinyetsu El Pw 6½s '52	88	88
Siemens 6½s '51	73	73
Silesia (Prov) 7s '58	43	42½
Soissons (City) 6s '36	105	105
Swiss Government 5½s '46	105⅝	105⅝
Taivran 5½s	93½	93½
Toho Elec Pow 6s '32	99½	99½
Toho Elec Pow 7s '55	100⅝	100⅝
Tokyo (City) 5½s '61	95½	95
Tokyo Elec Lt 6s '53	85	84½
Trondhjem 5½s '57	95	95
U K Gt Br & I 5½s '37	107¾	106⅞
Uni Stl W Burback 7s '51	100	100
Uni Stl W 6½s A '47	41	41
Uni Stl W 6½s A '51	45	45
Uni Stl W 6½s C '51	45	45
Uruguay (Rep) 6s '64	46	46
Uruguay (Rep) 8s '46	70⅝	69
Uruguay (Rep) 6s '60	46	46
Vienna 6s '52	77¼	77
Venetian Mtg Bk 7s '52	97¼	97⅛
Westphalia El 6s '53	41	41
Yokohama (City) 6s '61	99⅝	99½

Business Is Turning Corner, Service Says

THE EXPECTED turn for the better in business is becoming an actuality, according to United Business Service, of Boston.

The service points out that midsummer slackening of trade has not lowered business indexes to new bottoms and that certain industries have emerged from the trough of the recession and should continue to show improvement.

While summer business is expected to show in general little change from current levels, a strong seasonal impetus is expected in the fall, the service says.

MODEL TRAFFIC CODE PLANNED FOR CHICAGO

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO—An end to the confusion resulting from conflicting traffic regulations in various sections of Chicago and Cook County is in sight as the consequence of a uniform traffic ordinance enacted by the city council.

The ordinance is based on the model traffic code prepared by the Hoover Committee on Street and Highway Safety.

"The present lack of uniformity," according to Mr. John A. Massen, alderman, and sponsor of the ordinance, "is confusing to drivers in Chicago whether they live here or are visitors. The confusion is responsible for some of the mishaps which are taking a daily toll of lives. Uniform traffic regulations are necessarily an essential part of any major offensive designed to reduce traffic casualties."

DIVIDENDS

American Steel Foundries declared the regular quarterly dividends of 25 cents on the common and $1.75 on the preferred, both payable Sept. 30 to stock of record Sept. 15.

Bucyrus-Erie Company declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 on the 7 per cent preferred, payable Oct. 1 to stock of record Sept. 5.

A. G. Spalding & Bros. Co declared a quarterly dividend of 25 cents on the common, payable Oct. 15 to stock of record Sept. 30, placing it on a $1 annual basis, compared with $2 previously.

Crown Cork & Seal declared the regular quarterly dividend of 60 cents on the common, payable Sept. 15 to stock of record Aug. 31.

Cabot Manufacturing Co. declared the regular quarterly dividend of $2, payable Aug. 15 to stock of record Aug. 6.

Follansbee Brothers Company declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.50 on the preferred, payable Sept. 15 to stock of record Aug. 31.

Socony-Vacuum Corporation declared an initial dividend of 40 cents, payable Sept. 15 to stock of record Aug. 21.

Harbison Walker Refractories Company declared a quarterly dividend of 25 cents on the common, placing the stock on a $1 annual basis, compared with $3 previously. The dividend is payable Sept. 1 to stock of record Aug. 22.

Metropolitan Paving Brick Company declared a quarterly dividend of 25 cents, payable Sept. 1 to stock of record Aug. 15, placing the stock on a $1 annual basis compared with $2 previously.

Community State Corporation declared a dividend for the second quarter of ¼ per cent on the Class A stock, payable Aug. 15 to stock of record Aug. 10 and have also declared and set aside dividends of ¼ per cent each for the third and fourth quarters of the current year, the third dividend being payable Sept. 30 to stock of record Sept. 23 and the fourth on Dec. 31 to stock of record Dec. 23. A dividend of 2¼ per cent, representing payments of 1¼ per cent each for the first and second quarters has been declared on the class B stock, payable Aug. 15 to stock of record Aug. 10.

COMMODITY PRICES

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—The following are commodity prices quoted on the floor of the New York Produce Exchange and comparisons with last week and a year ago:

	Aug. 7	Week ago	Year Ago
Wheat, 2 red	.63	.65½	1.09⅞
Corn, 2 yellow	.72⅝	.71	1.19¼
Oats, 2 white	.45¼	.36½	.52
Flour	4.20	4.20	[illegible]
Beef, family	12.75	15.50	24.50
Pork	21.75	21.75	30.50
Lard	.0795	.08	.1140
Cotton, Mid Up	.0785	.0850	.1315
Zinc	.0385	.0387	.0440
Iron	17.01	17.01	18.76
Steel, bil Pitt	29.00	29.00	31.00
Copper	.0750	.0762	.11
Tin	.2400	.2424	.3025
Rubber	.0562½	.0566	.1025
Sugar	.0475	.0475	.0450
Lead	.0440	.0440	.0550
Print cloth	.0337½	.0437½	.0525

CURB SEAT PRICE REDUCED

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—A curb seat sold for $77,500, off $2500 from the previous sale.

MINE OPERATORS AND MEN SCAN FEDERAL RULE

Plan for Soft Coal Field Proposed as Curb to Overproduction

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 7 (AP)—Measures of relief for the bituminous coal industry, whose unfavorable conditions are laid chiefly to overproduction, held the attention of operators and miners alike today, following disclosure that a proposal for government regulation of the business is under consideration.

A majority of the leading owners and operators in the vast coal fields of western Pennsylvania and West Virginia withheld comment, pending announcement of the plan in full.

However, other operators ventured that the plan suggested a solution of the problem of overproduction which would clear the way for adjustment of wages and working conditions, major factors in the numerous walkouts in recent months.

Today northern West Virginia operators let it be known they were preparing for a meeting Monday at which they would discuss the suggestion "that the Government regulate the industry as a public utility."

It was learned authoritatively that Mr. J. D. A. Morrow, president of the Pittsburgh Coal Company, had suggested government regulation at the recent conferences in Washington.

Mr. Morrow's suggestion, it was said, included a proposal that certain mines be withdrawn from production, these properties together with undeveloped coal lands, to be taken over by the Government and held as coal reserves.

Mr. Samuel Pursglove, president of the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Corporation, said of the proposal:

"It always was my idea of what should be done." Mr. J. H. Jenkins, Fairmont, W. Va., president of the Hutchinson Coal Company, said he believed such a plan was desirable.

Mr. John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, said at Indianapolis that he wanted to see copies of the full plan before commenting.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK STATEMENT

WASHINGTON—The combined statement of the 12 Federal Reserve banks compare as follows (000 omitted;)

	Aug. 5, 1931	July 29, 1931
Total gold reserves	$3,429,037	$3,443,554
Gold held exclus against F Rnts	2,093,762	2,088,522
Total reserves	3,594,798	3,618,563
Sec by U S govt obligation	69,901	71,883
Other bills discounted	118,674	111,153
Bills bought in open market	66,074	66,536
Total bills on hand	254,649	249,572
Total U S gov sec	680,631	677,977
F R notes in actual circ	1,772,672	1,735,501
Member bank—res acct	2,339135	2,414,734

The ratio of total reserve to net deposit and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined for the 12 Federal Reserve banks and the entire system as of Aug. 5 compares with previous week and a year ago as follows:

	Aug. 5, 1931	July 29, 1931	Aug. 6, 1930	Bank rate
Boston	83.8%	82.6%	83.3%	2%
New York	88.3	90.4	84.1	1½
Philadelphia	88.9	86.2	85.3	3
Cleveland	83.9	84.1	86.8	2½
Richmond	66.7	66.2	73.3	3
Atlanta	78.9	77.4	77.6	3
Chicago	89.3	89.2	87.2	2½
St. Louis	75.7	74.7	79.9	2½
Minneapolis	72.1	71.4	70.6	3½
Kansas City	67.2	67.3	77.8	3
Dallas	57.5	56.3	58.8	3
San Francisco	[illegible]	81.7	88.1	2½
Total	83.9	84.3	83.1	..

The statement of the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston compares as follows (000 ommitted):

	Aug. 5 1931	July 29 1931
Total gold reserves	$229,757	$217,870
Gld hld ex agt FR nts	160,931	160,931
Total reserves	243,566	231,278
Sec by US govt oblig	7,067	4,433
Other bills discounted	4,604	4,943
Bills bgt in open mkt	5,327	4,845
Total bills on hand	12,598	14,221
FR notes in act circ	137,893	136,188
Member bk—res acct	142,062	137,436
Ratio of tot res dep and FR note lia com	83.8%	82.6%

The statement of the New York Federal Reserve Bank compares as follows (000 ommitted):

	Aug.5 '31	July29 '31
Gold hl exc ag FR nt	$465,782	$460,643
Total gold reserves	1,149,243	1,238,753
Total reserves	1,198,627	1,294,691
Total bills discounted	36,105	26,845
Bills bght in opn mkt	25,973	23,520
Total U S Govt sec	169,535	169,535
Total bills and sec	234,153	223,122
Total resources	1,616,337	1,687,075
F R notes in act clrln	322,194	394,566
Membr bnk—res acct	979,550	1,070,036
Total deposits	1,035,084	1,127,902
Total liabilities	1,616,337	1,687,075

CHAIN SYSTEM SALES

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.

	1931	1930	Dec. %
July	$15,320,476	$18,668,623	17.9
Seven months	123,111,841	148,853,726	17.2

W. T. GRANT CO.

	1931	1930	Inc. %
July	$5,227,187	$4,816,355	8.5
Seven months	38,314,991	34,823,773	10.0

F. & W. GRAND SILVER

	1931	1930	Dec. %
July	$2,734,403	$2,838,284	3.6
Seven months	19,437,858	19,585,396	0.7

EDISON BROS

	1931	1930	Inc. %
July	$445,169	$271,862	63.7
Six months	3,413,122	2,302,360	48.4

INTERSTATE DEPARTMENT STORES

	1931	1930	Inc. %
July	$1,604,566	$1,525,424	5.2
Seven months	12,211,596	11,496,424	6.2

NATIONAL TEA CO.

	1931	1930	Dec. %
July	$6,335,012	$6,582,228	3.8
Seven months	44,995,852	49,696,617	9.6

J. J. NEWBERRY

	1931	1930	Inc. %
July	$2,460,940	$2,312,563	6.4
Seven months	15,278,907	14,610,949	4.6

SAFEWAY STORES, INC., SALES

	1931	1930	Dec.	Dec. %
July	$17,159,593	18,193,527	$1,033,934	5.6
7 mos	121,746,969	128,830,843	7,081,874	5.5

BANK OF FRANCE STATEMENT

PARIS, Aug. 7—The principal items in this week's statement of the Bank of France (in francs, 000 omitted) compare as follows:

	July 31	July 24
Gold	58,407,000	57,883,000
Sight bal abroad	11,317,000	9,475,000
neg bills bot abrod	14,944,000	16,048,000
Com bills, Francs	4,153,000	5,345,000
Adv agst secur	2,859,000	2,757,000
negot bonds of a f	5,064,000	5,082,000
Circulation	79,361,000	[illegible]
Total cred cur acts	24,039,000	24,459,000
Treasury	1,333,000	[illegible]
Sinking fund	7,988,000	[illegible]
Private	14,121,000	[illegible]
Total sight liabil	103,901,000	102,225,000
Ratio	56.31%	56.63%
Bank rate	2%	2%

New York Curb

By the Associated Press

INDUSTRIALS

Sales (in hundreds)		High	Low	12:30
†25	Ala Pow $6 pf	103⅝	103⅛	103⅛
16	Alum Ltd C war	22	22	22
16	Aft O Al Ltd D w	22⅛	21½	21½
2	Am Cit P&L B	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
8	Am C Pow A	12⅞	12⅝	12⅝
1	Am Corp	3½	3½	3½
35	Am Cyan B	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
2	Am Equities	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
6	Am & Fgn P war	15	14⅝	14⅝
3	Am Gas & El	62	62	62
1	Am G & E pf	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛
3	Am Invest war	1¼	1¼	1¼
18	Am Sup Power	10⅝	10¼	10¼
2	Am Sup P 1 pf	92½	92	92
10	Am Ut & G B vtc	1½	1½	1½
20	Angle-Chi Nit	1½	1	1
11	Appalach Gas	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞
2	Arctur Rad Tube	4½	4½	4½
6	Ark Nat as A	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
†25	As G & El ctf	67	67	67
5	As G & El A	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛
1	Atlas Util	6	6	6
	B			
6	Bahia Corp	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
†25	Bell Tel Can	136	136	136
8	Braz Tr & Lt	17⅞	17⅝	17¾
1	Burco cv pf	40	40	40
	C			
1	Cab & Wir A	⅝	⅝	⅝
1	Can Marc Whirel	2½	2⅝	2½
10	Carib Syn	1⅛	1	1⅛
1	Carman A	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
14	Cent Pu S A	10⅛	10	10
9	Cent St El	7	6⅞	6⅞
1	Chain Strs Dev	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1	Chain Str St	10	10	10
98	Cities Service	9⅛	9¼	9¼
5	Colum O&G vtc	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
8	Colum Pict vtc	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
8	Com & So war	1⅝	1½	1½
3	Com Wst Serv	9½	9	9⅛
1	Cons G&E Balt	92	92	92
1	Cons Ret St	3	3	3
7	Cord Corp	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞
1	Cor & Rey pf A	32	32	32
3	Cosden Oil	1	1	1
2	Crown C Intl A	3¼	3¼	3¼
13	Cusi Mex	⅝	⅝	⅝
	D			
4	Dayton Airpl	⅝	⅝	⅝
4	Detroit Aircraft	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
24	Duquesne Gas	⅝	⅝	⅝
14	Durant Mot	1¼	1¼	1¼
	E			
†30	Ed Elec Bos (12.80)	250	250	250
63	El Bond & Sh (6%f)	36½	36⅛	36⅛
1	El Pw As A (1)	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
2	El P&L opt war	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
2	Elec Share (6%f)	12⅝	12	12⅝
3	Emp Pub S A	1½	1½	1½
	F			
12	Ford M Can A	17⅞	17	17
†25	Ford M Can B	32½	32¼	32¼
4	Ford Mot Ltd	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞
10	Foremost Fab	⅜	⅜	⅜
11	Fox Theater A	2⅝	2¼	2¼
	G			
3	Gen Aviation Corp	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
34	Gen Th Eq cv pf	4⅞	4⅛	4⅛
3	Glen Alden	33⅝	33½	33½
6	Goldman Sachs	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞
1	Gotham Knit	⅛	⅛	⅛
†180	Gt A&P 1st pf	119½	119⅝	119½
	H			
2	Hamilton Gas vtc	2⅝	2¼	2⅜
1	Hamilton Wool	18¼	18¼	18¼
1	Hecla Min	5½	5½	5½
	I			
2	Insuran Sec	6½	6½	6½
2	Intercon Petrol	⅜	⅜	⅜
7	Inter Util B	7	6⅞	6⅞
	K			
†100	Kings Co Lt pf D	98¾	98	98
2	Kolster Brandes	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
	L			
1	Lone Star Gas	15½	15½	15½
	M			
2	Metal & Min	⅝	⅝	⅝
1	Mid West Util	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
	N			
†50	Nat Bancservice	1	1	1
2	Nat Mfg & St	5	5	5
1	Nat P Serv A	18	18	18
2	Nat Service	1⅝	1½	1⅝
6	Nat S T Sec A	21	20⅝	20⅝
†50	New Eng T & T	136½	136⅛	136½
3	Newmont Min	26	26	26
†100	N Y Tel 6½ pf	116¼	116	116
13	Niag Hud Pow	10½	10¼	10½
1	Niag Hud A war	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
12	Nipissing Mines	1	⅞	1
15	Nitrate B	1½	1⅜	1⅜
1	Nordon Ltd	¼	¼	¼
7	Nor Am Lt&P 6% pf	68¼	68	68
	O			
5	Ohio Cop	1/16	1/16	1/16
1	Ohio Oil pf	90	90	90
	P			
7	Pennroad	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
4	Pitney Bowes	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
2	Powdrell & Al	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛
6	Pub Ut Hold war	½	½	½
7	Pub Ut Hold xw	3¼	3¼	3¼
2	Pub Ut Hold pf	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛
	R			
3	Rainbow A	¾	¾	¾
2	Rainbow B	¾	¾	¾
2	Reiter Fost	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
4	Relian Intl A	3¼	3¼	3¼
4	Relian Intl B	¾	¾	¾
4	Relian Manage	4½	4½	4½
4	Rep Gas	8½	8⅜	8½
	S			
2	St Anth Gold	⅛	⅛	⅛
8	Segal Lock	6	5⅞	5⅞
10	Selected Indus	2¾	2⅝	2⅝
1	Shenandoah	4	4	4
1	Shenandoah pf	30	30	30
2	Solar Ref	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞
8	Southland Roy	5¼	5	5¼
2	St Oil Ind	23	22¾	23
†100	St Oil Ohio	43½	43¼	43½
15	Strauss (Nathan)	⅜	⅜	⅜
1	Swift Int	33¼	33¼	33¼
1	Syrac W Mch B	5½	5½	5½
	T			
†75	Tenn El Pw 1st pf	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞
3	Transcont Air	5⅝	5⅜	5⅝
4	Trans Lux	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
2	Tri Utilities	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
	U			
1	Union Oil	13¼	13¼	13¼
1	Unit Corp war	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
4	Unit Founders	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
3	United Gas	6⅛	6	6⅛
2	Unit Gas war	2½	2½	2½
7	Un Lt&Pw A	19⅝	19½	19½
2	U S Elec Pw	4	4	4
2	U S Foil B	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
1	Unit Verde	10	10	10
17	Util Po&Lt	8½	8¼	8¼
1	Ut P&L B ctf	24	24	24
2	Vacuum Oil	43¼	43⅛	43⅛
2	Venezuel Pet	¾	¾	¾
	W			
5	Westvac Ch Pr rts	1/16	1/16	1/16
5	Woolworth Ltd	11	11	11
	Y			
2	Y Oil & Gas	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞

DOMESTIC BONDS (Sales in $1000)

Sales		High	Low	12:30
2	Ala Pow 4½s '67	99	99	99
2	Alumin Co 5s '52	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝
5	Alumin Ltd 5s '48	98	98	98
2	Am Cwlth P 6s '40	71	70½	71
12	Am G&E 5s 2028	100⅝	100⅛	100⅛
5	Am G & Pw 5s '53	68⅛	68⅛	68⅛
2	Am Pw & L 6s 2016	105	105	105
1	Am Rad 4½s '47	100½	100½	100½
4	Apalach Gas 6s '45	57½	56⅛	56⅛
6	Aplach Gas 6s '45 B	45	43	43
2	Appalach P 6s 2024A	105	105	105
1	Ark Pw & Lt 5s '56	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
6	Asso Elec 4½s '53	85	84⅝	84⅝
8	Asso G&E 5s '50	66⅛	66	66
14	Asso G&E 5s '68	68⅝	68¼	68½
10	Asso G&E 4½s '49 C	60½	60½	60½
2	Asso Rayon 5s '50	40	40	40
1	Asso Tel Ut 5½s'44C	83	83	83
3	Asso T&T 5½s '55 A	88¼	88⅛	88⅛
6	Bell T Can 5s '57 B	106½	106½	106½
1	Bost & Me 6s m '33	101	101	101
2	Cent Ariz L&P 5s '60	101½	101½	101½
1	Cent P&L 5s '56	93¼	93¼	93¼
81	Cnt Pub S 5½s '49	71¾	71⅝	71⅝
3	Cnt St El 5½s '54	65½	65⅛	65½
1	Cnt St P&I 5½s '53	62⅝	62⅝	62⅝
28	Chi Dis El 4½s '70 A	94	94	94
3	Chi Pn Tool 5½s'42	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝
5	Cin St Car 5½s'52 A	85⅛	85	85
1	Cin St Car 6s '55 B	88	88	88
83	Cities Ser 5s '50	61⅛	60⅞	60⅞
16	Cities Ser Gas 5½s'42	65	64⅝	64⅝
5	Cities Ser G P 6s '43	81½	81½	81½
11	Cities E P 5½s '52	78⅝	78¼	78¼
12	Clev El Illu 5s'61 B	108	108	108
1	Comlth Ed 4½s'60 E	102½	102½	102½
2	Comlth Ed 4½s '81 F	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
9	Com P & L 5s '57	86⅛	86⅛	86⅛
15	Cons Gas Balt 4s '81	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
3	Cons G Ut 6½s'43 A	50	50	50
3	Cons Pub 6½s '36	100	100	100
6	Cont Gas & El 5s'58A	84	83⅞	84
3	Crane Co 5s '40	102½	102½	102½
2	Cudahy P 5½s'37	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
2	Det C Gas 6 '47 A	107	107	107
8	East Util Inv 5s'54 A	59⅛	59	59
2	Elec Pow&Lt 5s 2030	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛
3	Emp O & R 5½s '42	58	58	58
2	Fairbks Morse 5s'42	92⅛	92⅛	92⅛
1	Fed Sugar Ref 6s '33	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
7	Firestone Tire 5s '42	90	90	90
1	Fisk Rub 5½s '31	17	17	17
10	Fla Pow & Lt 5s '54	88⅝	88⅛	88⅛
2	Gatineau Pw 5s '56	90	90	90
4	Gen M Ac 5s '33	101⅝	101⅜	101⅜
6	Geo Pow 5s '67	103	103	103
2	Grd Trnk 6½s'36	107½	107⅛	107⅛
5	Gulf OilPa 5s '37	102⅞	102⅞	102½
4	Ht Gn G 6s '43A	79	79	79
4	Ht Lt&Pw 4½s'78D	99	99	99
1	Ill P&L 5s'56 C	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
2	Ill P&L 6s'53 A	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝
6	Ill P&L 5½s'54B	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
4	Ind P&L 5s'57A	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝
7	Ins Ut Inds'40B	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝
4	Int PwSe 6½s'55C	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝
1	Int Salt 5s '51	88	88	88
48	Ints Pw 5s '57	90⅝	89⅝	89⅝
2	Ints P Sv 4½s '58	94	94	94
1	Inv Co 5s '47 Axw	91	91	91
1	Iow P&L4½s'58 A	99	99	99
2	Kan G&E 6s2022A	109	109	109
3	Ky Util 5s '61 E	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝

To the Holders of 5% Gold Debentures, due 1954, of

Eastern Utilities Investing Corporation

Notice is hereby given that the requisite amount of Eastern Utilities Investing Corporation 5% Debentures due 1954 having been deposited with The Public National Bank and Trust Company of New York under the offer of this Company to exchange said Debentures, the offer has been declared operative.

For the benefit of such remaining holders of Eastern Utilities Investing Corporation 5% Debentures due 1954 as desire to make this exchange the offer has been extended until the close of business August 31, 1931. No further extension can be made.

In view of the large volume of deposits an arrangement has been made to increase the maximum to be accepted to $15,-000,000. Over $12,000,000 of the Debentures having already been deposited, at the rate deposits are now being received it is likely that the maximum limit will soon be reached.

Excess deposits can only be accepted subject to allotment or return. Intending depositors should therefore deposit promptly to be certain that their Debentures will be accepted in full.

Deposits may be made through your security dealer, bank or sent direct by registered mail to The Public National Bank and Trust Company, 76 William Street, New York City.

ASSOCIATED GAS AND ELECTRIC SECURITIES COMPANY
Incorporated
61 Broadway, New York City

Sales		High	Low	12:30
1	Keystn Pub S 5s'78	100½	100½	100½
2	Kop Gas&C 5½s '50	102¼	102¼	102¼
10	Kop Gas&C 5s '47	99⅛	99	99
2	Lehigh P S 6s2026A	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝
8	Mass Gas 5s '55	101¾	101¾	101¾
18	Metro Ed 4s '71	93½	93½	93½
3	Mid West Util 5s '32	99	99	99
1	Mid West Util 5s '34	94½	94½	94½
21	Mid West Util 5s '35	93¼	92	92
6	Montr'l LH&P5s'51A	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛
10	Natl El Pw 5s'78	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝
2	Natl Food 6s '44	63	63	63
1	Nat P & Lt 6s2026A	105	105	105
15	Nat Pw&Lt 5s2030B	86½	85⅝	85½
2	Nat Pub S 5s'78	69⅝	69½	69½
36	Nat Steel 5s '56	91⅞	91⅝	91⅝
2	Neisner Bros 6s '48	52½	52½	52½
12	N E G&E 5s'50	86⅛	85⅝	86⅛
1	N E Gas&El 5s '47	86	86	86
30	NY Pw&Lt 4½s '67	100⅜	99¾	99⅞
4	Nor I Pub S 4½s'70E	99	99	99
10	Nor O P&Lt 5½s'51	104⅝	104½	104⅝
18	N St Pw 4½s '61	99⅛	99	99
1	Ohio Ed 5s '60	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛
1	Ohio Pb Sv 5s '54 D	104	104	104
2	Pac G&E 4½s '57 E	102¼	102¼	102¼
3	Pac G&E 4½s '60 F	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
1	Pac G&E 5½s '52 C	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛
2	Pac G&E 6s '41 B	114⅜	114⅜	114⅜
5	PennCenP&L 4½s'77	97½	97½	97½
10	Penn El 4s '71 F	91⅛	91	91
5	PennOP&L 5½s'54A	104½	104½	104½
14	Peo Gas L&C 4s '81B	95¾	95⅝	95¾
2	Piedmt El 6½s '60 A	73	73	73
15	Potomac Ed 5s '56 E	104½	104½	104½
5	PbSvNH 4½s'57B	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
1	PbSerNIll 4½s'78D	99¼	99¼	99¼
1	PubSerNIll 4½s'81F	98¾	98¾	98¾
1	PubSerOkla 5s'57D	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
1	PbSerSubsid 5½sA'49	90	90	90
4	QueensBGas 5½s'52A	104	104	104
6	Rep Gas 6sG '45 A	82⅝	82	82⅝
5	SafeHarWat 4½s'79	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
1	Servel Inc 5s '48	80½	80½	80½
11	Shaw W&P 4½s'67A	97⅞	97	97⅞
4	SEP&L 6s 2025Axw	105⅛	105	105
1	So Cal Ed 5s '51	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛
1	Sowst G&E 5s '57A	95¼	95¼	95¼
1	Sowst P&L6s2022A	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝
1	Stand G&E 6s '35	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
1	Stand G&E 6s'35cv	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
30	Stand G&E 6s '51	99	98⅜	98⅜
16	Stand G&E 6s '66	99½	98⅞	99½
5	Stand P&Lt 6s '57	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜
2	Stand Tel 5½s '43	73½	73½	73½
1	Swift & Co 5s '40	101½	101½	101½
1	Swift & Co 5s '44	104¼	104¼	104¼
1	Tex El Serv 5s '60	100	100	100
15	Tri Util 5s '79	15½	13⅛	13⅛
9	Un Lt & P 5s '75	92¾	92¾	92¾
5	Un Lgt&Ry 5½s '52	90¼	90¼	90¼
2	U S Rub 6s '33	91	91	91
26	Van Sweringen 6s '35	54½	53⅛	54¼
1	Virg El Pw 5s '55 A	105½	105½	105½
2	Wash W Pw 5s '60	105¼	105¼	105¼
11	West Pa 5s 2030	86¼	86	86
1	Wisc P&L 5s '58 F	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
	FOREIGN BONDS			
6	Agri Mtg Bk 7s '46	75	74¾	75
8	Bogota Mg Bk 7s '47	50½	50	50
2	Buen A Prv 7½s '47	66⅛	66⅛	66⅛
1	Chile Mtg Bk 6s '31	35	35	35
10	Com Prv Bk 5½s '37	59	58	59
17	Ger Cons Mun 6s '47	44½	44	44
2	It Sup Pow 6s'63Axw	64	64	64
1	Parana Braz 7s '58	23	23	23
2	Rio&Jan 6½s '59	24	23	23
13	Stinnes 7s '36 xw	50	45	50

†Actual sales. a Plus extra. b Plus 10 per cent in stock. e Paid last year. f Payable in stock. g Partly extra. h Plus 5 per cent in stock. k Paid so far this year. j Partly stock. r Cash or stock.

MONEY MARKET

Current quotations follow:

	Boston	New York
Call loans—renewal rate	2½%	1½%
Commercial paper	2½@3	1¾
Collateral loans	5	5
Time loans—		
Sixty-ninety days	1¼@1½	1¼@1½
Four to six months	1¼@1¾	1¼@1¾

	Today	Last Previous
Bar silver in New York	27¾c	27⅞c
Bar silver in London	12 11/16d	13 1/16d
bar gold in London	84s 11½d	84s 11½d

Acceptance Market

30 days	1 @ ⅞
60 days	1 @ ⅞
90 days	1 @ ⅞
4 months	1⅛@1
5 months	1⅜@1¼
6 months	1⅜@1¼

Leading Central Bank Rates

Atlanta	3½	Bombay	7
Boston	2	Budapest	9
Chicago	2½	Calcutta	7
Cleveland	2½	Copenhagen	3½
Dallas	3	Helsingfors	6
Kansas City	3	Lisbon	7½
Minneapolis	3½	London	4½
New York	1½	Madrid	6½
Philadelphia	3	Oslo	4
Richmond	3	Prague	5
San Francisco	2½	Paris	2
St. Louis	2½	Riga	6
Amsterdam	2½	Sofia	9
Athens	8	Rome	5½
Berlin	15	Stockholm	4
Berne	2	Tokyo	5.11
Bucharest	8	Vienna	10
Brussels	2½	Warsaw	7½

Foreign Exchange Rates

Current quotations in foreign exchanges compare with the last previous figures as follows:

Europe	Today	Last Prev.	Parity
Sterling:			
Demand	$4.84⅝	$4.85 1/16	$4.8665
Cables	4.85	4.85 1/16	4.8665
France—franc	.0391⅝	.0392	.0392
Belgium—belga	.1393	.1394½	.139
Italy—lira	.0522⅝	.0523	.0526
Germany—mark	.2360	.2363	.2381
Austria—schill'g	.1407	.1407	.1407
Cz'ch'vk—crown	.0296⅛	.0296⅛	.0296
Denmark—krone	.2676	.2672	.268
Finland—finm'rk	.0252	.0252	.0252
Greece—dr'chma	.0129⅝	.0129⅝	.013
Holland—florin	.4028⅝	.4032	.402
Hungary—pengo	.1750	.1745	.1749
Norway—krone	.2670½	.2672	.268
Poland—zloty	.1125	.1125	.1123
Port'gal—escudo	.0445	.0445	1.0805
Rumania—leu	.0059⅝	.0059⅝	.006
Spain—peseta	.0844	.0853	.193
Sweden—krona	.2671½	.2673	.268
Switz'land—franc	.1950⅝	.1952	.193
Jugoslavia—dina	.0178	.0177	.193
Far East			
Hong Kong—dol	.2425	.2462½	*
Shanghai—tael	.3037½	.3075	*
India—rupee	.3600	.3600	.3650
Japan—yen	.4937	.4938	.4984
Phil Islnds—peso	.4975	.4975	.50
Sts Stlments—dol	.5628	.5628	.5678
South America			
Argentina—peso	.2793	.2750	.4245
Brazil—milreis	.0650	.0656	.1196
Chile—peso	.1210	.1209	.1217
Colombia—peso	.9665	.9665	.9737
Peru—pound	.2912½	.2900	.40
Uruguay—peso	.4250	.4260	1.0342
North America			
Canada—dollar	.99⅝	.99⅝	1.00

* Par unsettled.

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GRAIN OPERATOR HAS BIG HOLDINGS

CHICAGO, Aug. 7 (AP)—Thomas M. Howell, Chicago grain broker, who is rumored to have engineered the squeeze in July corn, revealed he still owned 8,000,000 bushels of corn.

Mr. Howell's disclosure was made in a statement, demanding retraction from the Agricultural Advisory Council, of Des Moines, Ia., of alleged libelous statements.

The statements, which were distributed, Mr. Howell said, by the council, charged that the veteran grain man sold July corn short on the decline from 87½ cents to 54½ cents, and that when the crop reached the latter figure, Mr. Howell bought in his short sales.

"During the entire year up to the present time," Mr. Howell said, "I was constantly on the buying side of corn. At the present time, I am the owner of 8,000,000 bushels of cash corn, which I will not sell at present prices as I expect to get more for it."

STINSON AIRCRAFT CORP.

WAYNE, Mich., Aug. 7—Stinson Aircraft Corporation delivered $979,000 worth of planes the first five months of 1931, or 20.2 per cent of all commercial airplanes delivered in the United States in that period. Total dollar volume of planes produced by the approximately 60 commercial airplane manufacturers for the period was $4,897,725. Stinson's volume of $979,-000 is a 70 per cent increase over the corresponding period last year.

BROKERS' LOANS AT NEW LOW

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7—Loans on stocks and bonds by reporting Federal Reserve member banks in New York City decreased $44,000,000 during the week ended Aug. 5 to a new low of $1,346,000,000. This compares with the previous low of $1,390,000,-000 made last week and with $3,214,000,000 on Aug. 6, 1930.

NATIONAL CANDY PROFIT

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 7—National Candy Company reports for six months ended June 30 net of $120,522 after charges, depreciation and federal taxes, equal after dividend requirements on the 7 per cent first and second preferred to 23 cents a share on 211,-780 common shares, compared with $481,-683 or $1.92 a common share in the first half of 1930.

ZINC STATISTICS

United States zinc production amounted to 21,365 short tons in July compared with 23,483 tons in June and 40,033 tons in July, 1930, according to American Bureau of Metal Statistics. Stocks of zinc at the end of July totaled 137,833 tons compared with 138,928 tons at the end of June and 117,724 tons at the end of July, 1930.

ALASKA JUNEAU GOLD MINING CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 7—Alaska Juneau estimates July profit after operating expenses and development charges at $131,-000 before depreciation and federal taxes. In July, 1930, profit was $81,500 after operating expenses, interest and development charges, but before depreciation and federal taxes. For seven months profit is estimated at $979,050 before depreciation and federal taxes, compared with $516,350 in the like seven months of 1930.

CANADIAN NATIONAL INCOME

MONTREAL, Aug. 7—Canadian National gross compares:

	1931	1930
Last 10 days July	$4,939,382	$6,519,504
July	14,807,474	19,150,150
7 months	103,663,100	129,061,241

Figures include Central Vermont; exclude eastern lines.

EAGLE-PICHER LEAD CO.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Aug. 7—Eagle-Picher Lead Company reports for six months ended June 30 net loss of $316,081 after depreciation, depletion, inventory adjustments, etc., compared with net loss of $633,412 in the first half of 1930.

Intercollegiate, Club and Professional Athletic News of the World

POMERLEAU IS LEADING RACE

Scores Four Straight Games in U. S. Roque Championship

AMERICAN ROQUE LEAGUE STANDING
CHAMPIONSHIP DIVISION

Player and Home	W.	L.	Pts.	Ave.
F. Pomerleau, Long Beach	4	0	128	32
W. W. Wilson, Chicago	2	0	64	32
Kenneth Moore, Cleveland	1	0	32	32
W. A. Rounds, Cleveland	4	1	158	31 3/5
George Atkinson, Cleveland	3	1	122	30 1/2
W. H. Hoagland, Peoria	4	1	133	26 3/5
A. D. Gammell, Westville	0	2	53	26 1/2
C. R. Zimmerman, Warsaw	2	3	128	25 3/5
Lester Clark, Chicago	2	1	65	21 2/3
G. L. Gnagy, Hamilton	0	2	37	18 1/2
H. H. Woods, Cleveland	1	2	46	15 1/3
Dr. I. H. Scott, Kent	0	7	100	14 2/7
G. J. Poth, Dayton	0	3	40	13 1/3

SECOND DIVISION

Player and Home	W.	L.	Pts.	Ave.
C. A. Munson, Indiana'lis	5	0	160	32
O. D. Barnhart, Chicago	4	0	128	32
G. T. Franklin, Chicago	4	2	180	30
E. F. Moser, Warsaw	5	2	193	27 4/7
Eugene Brown, Peoria	4	3	170	24 2/7
A. J. Denney, Aurora	2	2	98	24 1/2
Harry Howard, Lakeside	3	2	116	23 1/5
R. K. Johnston, Westerville	1	3	88	22
H. E. Mighell, Aurora	0	4	51	12 3/4
James Ladd, Warsaw	1	3	52	17 1/3
A. N. Clemmer, W. Alex'dria	0	1	17	17
A. M. Collings, Lakeside	1	4	75	15
E. T. Norris, Aurora	0	4	50	12 1/2

THIRD DIVISION

Player and Home	W	L	Pts	Ave
Percy Groons, Cleveland	1	0	32	32
Phillip Wolf, Lakeside	2	1	86	28 2/3
Donald Martin, Lakeside	2	2	112	28
E. G. Carter, Lakeside	2	1	78	26
S. Swisher, Campbellstown	0	1	23	23
R. R. Johnston, Westerville	0	2	20	10

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

WARSAW, Ind., Aug. 7—Playing only one tournament game each day and playing that with all the care and skill which he has acquired in many years of practice, Fred Pomerleau of Long Beach, Calif., sole representative, so far, of the Pacific coast division, is clinging to his undefeated position in the first division of the American roque league's annual national tournament at Winona Lake. Four days have passed and Pomerleau has four games to his credit and through his splendid playing has won the respect of the country's outstanding stars, gathered here to battle for the 1931 roque crown.

An analysis of the score, however, shows that the California star's victories do not include games with some of the most dangerous contenders and these clashes are likely to bring surprising upsets.

Rounds Increases Average

W. A. Rounds, Cleveland banker, former Roque League president and a veteran of the game, fattened up his average with two more games won. He has won four out of five games, for an average of 31 3-5 having lost an earlier game to President W. H. Hoagland of Peoria, Ill., 32 to 30.

W. W. Wilson of Chicago, former national champion, started with two straight victories on his first day of play. George Atkinson of Cleveland, who finished second in 1930, is still considered a dangerous contender, despite the six points dropped in his game with Hoagland. He has won three games and his average is 30½. Kenneth Moore of Cleveland and G. L. Gnagy of Hamilton, Ind., started play in the first division, Moore winning, 32 to 8, over Gnagy in their first game. H. H. Woods of Cleveland, who was in the race until the very finish last year, and who finished third, was defeated twice Thursday, losing to George Atkinson and Lester Clark of Chicago, both times by upsetting scores of 32 to 7. O. E. Barnhart of Chicago, defending champion, has not yet arrived, although he has given notice of his entry.

C. A. Munson of Minneapolis, Minn., with five straight victories, and O. D. Barnhart of Chicago with four straight victories, are leading the second division, in which there are now 13 players. G. T. Franklin of Chicago, with four games won and two lost and an average of 30 is in close pursuit.

Special Contests

Play for the various cups and trophies has started. In each case the award will go to the winner of four-out-of-seven games series. In these special contests, games will count and not points as in the tournament. Fred Pomerleau defeated George Atkinson in the first game for the Williams cup. I. H. Scott of Kent, Ohio, has won two games in the series for the Benedict cup. Lester Clark and W. W. Williams, both of Chicago, have been selected to play for the Gates-Underhill medal. This series has not yet started.

The tournament scores follow:

AMERICAN ROQUE LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIPS

FIRST DIVISION

W. A. Rounds, Cleveland, Ohio, 32, A. D. Gammell, Westerville, Ohio, 26.
Lester Clark, Chicago, 32, H. H. Woods, Cleveland, Ohio, 7.
George Atkinson, Cleveland, Ohio, 32, I. H. Scott, Kent, Ohio, 28.
W. W. Wilson, Chicago, 32, A. D. Gammell, Westerville, 27.
George Atkinson, Cleveland, 32, H. H. Woods, Cleveland, 7.
Kenneth Moore, Cleveland, Ohio, 32, G. L. Gnagy, Hamilton, Ind., 8.
W. A. Rounds, Cleveland, 32, G. L. Gnagy, Hamilton, 29.
W. W. Wilson, Chicago, 32, I. H. Scott, Kent, 6.
Fred Pomerleau, Long Beach, Calif., 32, G. J. Poth, Dayton, Ohio, 14.

SECOND DIVISION

C. A. Munson, Minneapolis, Minn., 32; H. E. Mighell, Aurora, Ill., 7.
O. D. Barnhart, Chicago, 32, James Ladd, Warsaw, Ind., 7.
A. J. Denney, Aurora, Ill., 32; A. M. Collings, Lakeside, Ohio, 19.
Harry Howard, Lakeside, Ohio, 32; Eugene Brown, Peoria, Ill., 9.
O. D. Barnhart, Chicago, 32; H. E. Mighell, Aurora, 18.
Eugene Brown, Peoria, 32; R. K. Johnston, Westerville, Ohio, 22.
G. T. Franklin, Chicago, 32; E. T. Norris, Aurora, Ill., 16.
E. F. Moser, Warsaw, Ind., 32; James Ladd, Warsaw, 8.
R. K. Johnston, Westerville, 32; G. T. Franklin, Chicago, 26.
E. F. Moser, Warsaw, 32; Harry Howard, Lakeside, 14.
A. M. Collings, Lakeside, 32; E. T. Norris, Aurora, 19.
O. D. Barnhart, Chicago, 32; A. N. Clemmer, West Alexandria, Ohio, 17.
Harry Howard, Lakeside, 32; H. E. Mighell, Aurora, 6.
C. A. Munson, Minneapolis, 32; A. J. Denney, Aurora, 27.

THIRD DIVISION

Phillip Wolf, Lakeside, Ohio, 32, E. G. Carter, Lakeside, Ohio, 14.
E. G. Carter, Lakeside, 32, Donald Martin, Lakeside, Ohio, 26.
Donald Martin, Lakeside, 32, Samuel Swisher, Campbellstown, Ohio, 23.
Percy Groons, Cleveland, Ohio, 32, Phillip Wolf, Lakeside, 22.

Yankee Outfielder Reviving The Art of Base Stealing

Ben Chapman's Speed on the Base Paths Promises to Place Him in Baseball's Hall of Fame—Is Leading Both Leagues at Present

A sharp single to center field put a man on first base. The pitcher quietly toed the slab and cast a warning eye toward the runner as he moved slowly away from the bag. The crowd sat breathlessly. The batter swung his stick impatiently. Another moment of silence, and then a yell from the coach—"There he goes." A quick delivery by the pitcher, a snap throw by the catcher, a cloud of dust at second base. "Safe" called the umpire—the runner had stolen a base.

In these days of the home run and "rabbit" ball in baseball, base stealing has nearly become a lost art. It has not been necessary in recent years for a club to play for the one run, as a single run has meant little in large-score games. When a man reached first base, all there was for him to do was to stay there until one of his team mates drove him in with a long hit. The new ball, however, with its raised stitches, has brought about a change in the game. Managers are playing more for the one run, now that the pitchers have been given a "break" and are honestly a part of the game.

Replaces Cobb and Carey

Not since Ty Cobb was burning up the base paths of the American League and Max Carey was doing the same in the National, has there been any outstanding star in the art of base stealing. Kiki Cuyler of the Chicago Cubs was probably the best last season and, in fact, has been the best for several years. The season of 1931, however, has brought another young star into the spotlight, who promises to threaten the records set up by Cobb, Carey and other star base runners. He is Ben Chapman of the New York Yankees.

Chapman has been in organized baseball only a short time, but right now is the leading base stealer in both the American and National leagues. The record books reveal that William Ben Chapman was born in Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 25, 1908. He stayed in Nashville only a short time, however, spending most of his younger days in Birmingham, Ala. It was there that he went first to grammar and then to high school, playing baseball in most of his spare time. He also took part in other sports, with football, outside of baseball, perhaps his favorite. During his brief professional experience he has seen service with the Ashville club of the South Atlantic Association, St. Paul of the American Association and the Yankees.

In his pleasing southern manner, Chapman told about his short but colorful baseball career. "My father played professional baseball for a number of years, so naturally I wanted to do the same. I played on my grammar and high school teams, filling in at about every position at some time or another. During the summers of those younger days, I was bat boy for the Birmingham club. When I became older I played with semi-professional clubs, and it was while with the Tennessee Coal & Iron Company team that I was signed by the Yankees.

Started as an Infielder

"At that time I was an infielder. The Yanks took me South for spring training in 1928 and then turned me over to the Asheville club of the South Atlantic. The following year the Yanks recalled me and sent me to St. Paul. At St. Paul I had a good year, hitting .336 and playing mostly at third base. The Yanks took me back again last season and kept me. I hit .316 in 138 games, and played both at second and third bases. This year they put me in the outfield, and I like it much better. It is easier to play there, and a player can last longer.

"You know, it may seem rather odd; but I had never thought much about base stealing until this year. I had always stolen bases quite often, but not any more than the ordinary player. "Stuffy" Stewart, manager of the Birmingham club, is the man who first taught me how properly to slide into a base. My high school coach also helped me before that. Last year with the Yanks I stole only 14 bases, but mostly because I did not take chances.

"It isn't so much the speed of foot that gets a fellow down to second base before the throw, as it is getting the jump on the pitcher. I have tried to learn the motions of the different pitchers and take the longest lead possible. Several times I have been caught off first base because I underestimated a pitcher's ability."

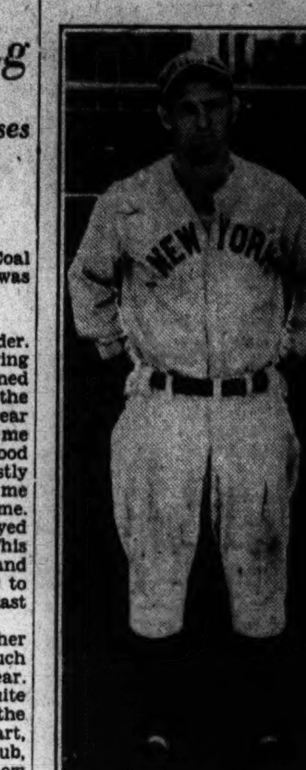
Stole Second and Third

Chapman tells about the biggest thrills baseball has given him. "Probably my biggest thrill came in the very first game I played with the Yankees. It was against the A's, the opening game of the 1930 season. But since that day, I have had another thrill which probably was nearly as great. Several weeks ago we were playing Cleveland and Clint Brown was pitching against us. I reached first base and took a long lead. Brown threw over to get me, but I jumped back. He did this five or six times, until the crowd began to ride him for wasting time. This did not bother him and he kept throwing over when I took a good lead. Finally he threw to the batter and I stole second base. A moment later I also stole third.

"Have I set any goal in baseball? Well, I would like to stay in the majors for 10 or 12 years, perhaps longer, save my money and then retire. Outside of that, I can't say that I have thought much about it.

"Will the A's win the pennant? I don't see who is going to take it away from them. I don't think the Senators are strong enough to do it, nor any other club. We might if we had better pitching. Third place is not high enough for us. We should be settled in second place before the season is over."

A Yankee Star



W. BEN CHAPMAN

S. M. CROTHERS TIES WITH R. C. JENKINS

YORKLYN, Del., Aug. 7—Smashing 174 ut of 175 targets, S. M. Crothers, the Pennsylvania amateur clay-target champion, tied with R C. Jenkins of Orleans, Ind., for high gun honors yesterday in the Brandywine, featuring the third day's program of T. Clarence Marshall's eleventh annual registered target tournament here over the Yorklyn Gun Club traps.

Third honors were divided by eight amateurs—Lawrence S. Smith, the New York State champion; Mark Arie, the Illinois titleholder; W. H. Miller, of Cleveland; George W. Simon, of Wilmington, Del.; George D. Baldwin of Westchester, Penna.; Allen S. Heil, of Allentown, Penna.; Clarence Meiss of Hazelton, Penna.; Ross Warren, of Elkland, Penna., and Harry C. Hoffman, of Lansdowne, Penna. Smith was forced to break 100 additional straight targets to defeat Heil, who lost his eighty-first clay to finish one down.

The shooting of Mrs. Joseph F. Murphy of Freehold, N. J., the United States woman's amateur titleholder, who finished with 172 broken targets, was outstanding. She had a score of 99 out of her first century of targets. Miss Alice P. M. Crothers, Pennsylvania titleholder, finished second, with Mrs. Wesley Stillwagon of New Jersey, third.

In the T. Clarence Marshall birthday special of 50 targets E. E. Bishop of Bradentown, Fla., tied with Morley W. McBrayne of Westchester, each registering 50 straight.

SEASON BOOK FOR YALE FOOTBALL

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 7—A season book, carrying with each a privilege to apply for one ticket to the Yale-Army and Yale-Princeton football games here, will go on sale Sept. 16 according to an announcement from Harold F. Woodcock, general manager of the Yale Athletic Association.

The book will sell for $6 and will save buyers for the designated games an average of about 50 cents a ticket. Each purchaser will be limited to two books. It is expected that the student season book, a substantial saving to the members of the university, will be issued as usual.

Coupons for the early games in the book will include contests with Maine, Georgia, Dartmouth, St. John's University and the Yale freshman-Andover game to be played on the day the varsity will be in Chicago.

BURKE AND CAWSEY WIN

CHAUTAUQUA, N. Y., Aug. 7 (AP)—A birdie 3 on the eighteenth hole by Billy Burke, United States open champion, finally put him and his partner, Jack Cawsey, local pro, 2 up over George Von Elm, runner-up in the open, and Bill Souther, paired with him, in an exhibition match over the Chautauqua Golf Club course yesterday.

MEXICO STARTS FOOTBALL WORK

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 7—University of Mexico has gone into training for its third season of intercollegiate football, with a staff of Yale coaches to guide the team's destinies. The opening practice session saw 35 men, including the backbone of last year's eleven, on the field. With them were the following mentors: head coach, Frederick J. Linehan of Westfield, Mass.; backfield coach, Stuart D. Ludlum of Philadelphia; Allen Converse of Greenwich, Conn., and Clarence Jones of Evanston, Ill. Linehan last season was an "All-American" guard at Yale, and Ludlum was captain of the Yale reserves. Converse and Jones are undergraduates at Yale.

After the opening practice the players gave their university yell for the coaches, and the Yale men responded with the Eli "Brek-ek-ex" and three crackling "Mexicos." During the rainy season, lasting until October, the squad will practice three mornings a week. Jones and Converse, both of whom are volunteer coaches, will take charge of the freshmen and of the National Preparatory School squad.

The new coaches succeed Reginald D. Root, also a Yale man, who tutored Mexico's first two teams. Both Linehan and Ludlum expressed themselves highly satisfied with their charges.

Mexico opens its international season Oct. 9 with a game at Denver against the University of Denver. Nov. 7 University of Tulsa is scheduled at Tulsa, Okla. A game is also tentatively slated with Southwestern Institute at Lafayette, La., some time in November. Mississippi College of Clinton, Miss., will play in Mexico City Dec. 5. Other games are still to be scheduled.

PERRY AND HUGHES ARRIVE

NEW YORK, Aug. 7 (AP)—Two young Englishmen have arrived in the United States to bid for the national tennis singles championship now held by John Hope Doeg of Orange, N. J. They are Frederick J. Perry and George Patrick Hughes, members of this year's British Davis Cup team which eliminated the United States in the interzone finals and went on to lose to France in the challenge round by the narrow margin of 3 matches to 2. The Britons plan to tune up in tournaments at Newport, R. I., Rye, N. Y., Chestnut Hill, Mass., and Germantown, Penna., before the United States championships which start at Forest Hills, L. I., N. Y., Sept. 5.

SURPRISE IN HARVARD REGATTA

Edward H. Vincent of Kalamazoo, Mich., won the only final event of the first annual rowing regatta of the Harvard University summer school on the opening day of competition on the Charles River yesterday when he upset the favorite in the novice singles, Lewis Thorne of Rye, N. Y., who rowed in the Yale 150-pound varsity which made the trip to Washington last spring. Vincent, whose rowing is purely recreational, won by half a length in 1m. 4 4-5s. There were several preliminary heats in other events for men and women.

TIGERS SECURE BILL ROGELL

TORONTO, Ont., Aug. 7 (AP)—Billy Rogell, Toronto shortstop, has been traded to the Detroit Tigers for Shortstop Brower and cash, the Maple Leafs of the International League announced yesterday.

Senators Triumph As Champions Lose

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Philadelphia	76	29	.724
Washington	64	39	.621
New York	61	42	.592
Cleveland	50	54	.481
St. Louis	43	57	.430
Boston	41	63	.394
Chicago	39	62	.386
Detroit	39	67	.368

RESULTS AUG. 6

New York 5, Philadelphia 3.
Washington 15, Boston 1.
Cleveland 4, Detroit 3.
Chicago 7, St. Louis 6.

The Washington Senators picked up one game on the leading Philadelphia Athletics in the American League pennant race on Thursday, by defeating the Boston Red Sox in the series opener, 15 to 1. While this was taking place, the New York Yankees were triumphing over the A's, 5 to 3. Cleveland and Chicago won the two remaining games played, the Indians defeating Detroit, 4 to 3, and the White Sox beating St. Louis, 7 to 6.

The Senators pounded two Boston pitchers, Jack Russell and Ed Durham, for 20 safe hits and 15 runs. They touched Russell for eight runs during the first five innings and then staged a seven-run rally with Durham pitching in the eighth. Fred Marberry went the route for the Senators and limited the Sox to four hits. Two of these hits were made by pinch hitters. Bluege connected with two triples and a single; Cronin made three doubles; Myer a double and two singles; Rice a double and two singles, and West two doubles and a single for the Senators. A double by Tom Winsett, who batted for Durham in the ninth inning, was the longest Boston hit.

Gomez and Johnson combined to defeat the Athletics. The former pitched until the ninth and was replaced by the latter when the champions began to rally. George Walberg was Connie Mack's starting pitcher. The Yankees jumped on the veteran left-hander for four runs in the first inning, and held the lead. Mahaffey relieved Walberg in the eighth. The feature drive of the game was Babe Ruth's thirtieth home run of the season, which came in the fifth with the bases empty. Ruth also hit a single. Simmons had a double and single, and Foxx a single and triple for the losers.

Rip Collins had held the White Sox in check after the first inning, but suddenly lost his effectiveness in the seventh and was batted for four runs. Walter Stewart also saw service in the seventh. Pat Caraway, young left-hander, pitched seven innings for the Sox and was hit hard, but received credit for the victory. Thomas finished for the winners. Carl Reynolds hit a long home run for the White Sox in the seventh inning and accounted for three runs. Johnny Watwood made three singles.

Four bases on balls in the ninth inning, gave the Indians a victory over the Tigers. Vic Sorrell went into pitch the ninth inning for the Tigers after Art Herring had left the game in favor of a pinch hitter, and walked four men in a row, to force in the winning run. Willis Hudlin pitched for the winners and held the Tigers to six hits. He also hit a double and single, to drive in one run. Earl Averill batted in two of Cleveland's runs and hit a homer and single. Johnny Stone's three hits was the best for Detroit. McManus hit a homer. The scores:

AT WASHINGTON

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Washington	3	0	1	1	3	0	0	7	x	15	20	0
Boston	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0

Batteries—Marberry and Spencer, Balton; Russell, Durham and Berry, Connolly. Losing pitcher—Russell. Umpires—Van Graflan, Moriarty and Nallin. Time—1h. 45m.

AT NEW YORK

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
New York	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	x	5	10	1
Philadelphia	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	7	0

Batteries—Gomez, Johnson and Dickey; Walberg, Mahaffey and Cochrane. Winning pitcher—Gomez. Losing pitcher—Walberg. Umpires—Dinneen, Hildebrand and Geisel. Time—1h. 43m.

AT CHICAGO

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Chicago	3	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	x	7	11	4
St. Louis	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	6	10	2

Batteries—Caraway, Thomas and Tate; Collins, Stewart, Gray and Ferrell. Winning pitcher—Caraway. Losing pitcher—Stewart. Umpires—Owens, Campbell and Guthrie. Time—2h. 4m.

AT DETROIT

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Cleveland	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	4	9	1
Detroit	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	6	4

Batteries—Hudlin and Sewell; Herring, Sorrell and Hayworth. Losing pitcher—Sorrell. Umpires—McGowan and Armsby. Time—2h. 10m.

OVER 30 STARS IN LAKE PLACID MEET

LAKE PLACID CLUB, N. Y., Aug. 7 (AP)—Thirty-eight aquatic stars' names were on the entry list which closed last night for the annual Lake Placid Club swimming meet Saturday. The United States junior outdoor diving championship of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States and the Adirondack Association of the Amateur Athletic Union swimming and diving championships will be at stake.

Victor Grant Zoble of the Brooklyn Central Y. M. C. A., winner last year of the senior metropolitan diving contests, was rated one of the most formidable contestants for diving honors in the approaching tests. Competing against him will be Ben Grady of the New York Athletic Club, United States interscholastic diving title holder; Elmer C. Larson of the Boys' Club of Boston, New England junior champion; Clinton M. Osborne Jr. of Boston, unattached but a holder of several titles, and Raymond Morris of Troy and the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute.

Harry C. Myron Jr., Amherst College, is among the others entered in the meet.

Lott and Doeg Given a Battle

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

SOUTHAMPTON, L. I., N. Y., Aug. 7—The only play yesterday in the Meadow Club invitation tennis for men was in doubles, as the fine weather of the week had brought the singles to the semifinals, and the management wished to reserve the finals for Saturday. So the aggregation of stars engaged in the tourney devoted their attention to doubles, and by the end of the day this section of the tourney had been brought down to the semifinals also.

The stay-at-homes dominated the play in this section of the events, as they had previously done in the singles. Of those listed in the Davis Cup team only George M. Lott Jr., who was teamed with John H. Doeg, managed to survive the day, while the balance of the teams remaining included H. Ellsworth Vines Jr., and Keith E. Gledhill, R. Berkeley Bell and Gregory S. Mangin, and the greatest surprise of all, Edward W. Feibleman and J. Gilbert Hall, who defeated Wilmer L. Allison Jr., and John W. Van Ryn in the most important match of the day.

Another result that came close to the greatest surprise of all was the victory over a young California pair by Lott and Doeg, which found the losers, Lester B. Stoeffen and Jack Tidball, within a game of victory in straight sets, when they won the first set and led at 5—4 in the second, but the United States champions rallied at that point and took the match at 5—7, 7—5, 6—4. The summary:

MEADOW CLUB MEN'S INVITATION TENNIS TOURNAMENT DOUBLES

Second Round

Clifford S. Sutter and Wilbur F. Coen Jr. defeated Edward W. Burns and Harold G. MacGuffin, 6—2, 4—6, 6—4.
George M. Lott Jr. and John H. Doeg defeated Bruce P. Barnes and Clayton Lee Burwell Jr., 6—1, 6—8, 6—1.
Jack Tidball and Lester B. Stoeffen defeated S. Howard Voshell and Jerome Lang, 6—2, 8—6.
Keith E. Gledhill and H. Ellsworth Vines Jr. defeated Edgar D. Yeomans and William B. Reese, 7—5, 3—6, 6—0.
Bryan M. Grant Jr. and Karl F. Kamrath defeated Fred C. Baggs and Dr. William Rosenbaum, 6—2, 6—4.

Third Round

Lott and Doeg defeated Tidball and Stoeffen, 5—7, 7—5, 6—4.
Gledhill and Vines defeated Grant and Kamrath, 2—6, 6—4, 8—6.
E. W. Feibleman and J. Gilbert Hall defeated Wilmer L. Allison Jr. and John W. Van Ryn, 1—6, 6—3, 6—4.
R. Berkeley Bell and Gregory S. Mangin defeated Sutter and Coen, 4—6, 6—2, 6—4.

BACHELDER WINS N. E. AMATEUR GOLF

NEW ENGLAND AMATEUR GOLF CHAMPIONS

1926—F. C. Newton, The Country Club.
1927—Fred J. Wright Jr., Albermarle C. C.
1928—W. O. Blaney, Brae Burn C. C.
1929—Paul Haviland, Brooklawn C. C.
1930—Elmer Ward, Bauneg Beg C. C.
1931—J. M. Batchelder, Salem C. C.

Joseph M. Batchelder of the Salem Country Club, Peabody, Mass., succeeded Elmer Ward of the Bauneg Beg Country Club, Sanford, Maine, as New England amateur golf champion at The Country Club, Thursday, when he defeated James H. (Jimmy) Dolan Jr. of the Wachusett Country Club, West Boylston, Mass., 9 and 7. Batchelder, who has been knocking on the championship door in recent years without ever getting an answer, started off Thursday by knocking home two birdies on the opening round and then going on to maintain a fairly steady pace in scoring pars and birdies for the rest of the contest. The cards:

Morning Round

Batchelder, out.. 3 3 6 4 3 4 4 4 4—35
Dolan, out ...... 4 4 4 6 4 4 3 4 4—37
Batchelder, in .. 4 5 3 3 7 4 3 4 4—37—72
Dolan, in ...... 4 6 2 4 5 5 4 6 3—39—76

Afternoon Round

Batchelder, out.. 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4—36
Dolan, out ...... 5 4 5 4 4 3 4 5 5—39
Batchelder, in .. 4 5
Dolan, in 5 6

SMITH PLAYS GREAT GOLF TO WIN

BAYSHORE, N. Y., Aug. 7 (AP)—With a score that equalled the best 72-hole performance with the new ball, Macdonald Smith, famous Scottish-born pro from Great Neck, N. Y., captured his third successive Long Island open golf championship over the Southward Ho course yesterday. Smith, recent winner of the Metropolitan open, posted a 69 and a 72 for the final 36 holes for a 72-hole aggregate of 278, a score that duplicated the one he made in winning the metropolitan open at Scarsdale 17 years ago and that tied Horton Smith's recent achievement with the balloon ball in the St. Paul open. So far superior was Mac Smith's play to that of anyone else in the championship that he won by a margin of six strokes over W. H. "Wiffy" Cox of Brooklyn, and by nine from Willie Klein, Wheatley Hills pro, Long Island open champion in 1922 and 1923, the first two years of the competition.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Los Angeles	20	13	.606
San Francisco	18	14	.563
Oakland	18	15	.545
Portland	17	15	.531
Seattle	16	15	.516
Hollywood	16	15	.516
Sacramento	14	19	.424
Missions	10	22	.313

RESULTS AUG. 6

Sacramento 5, Oakland 4.
Portland 7, Seattle 2.
Hollywood 13, San Francisco 3.
Los Angeles 7, Missions 5.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Birmingham	74	37	.667
Memphis	62	46	.574
Chattanooga	59	51	.536
Little Rock	55	52	.514
Atlanta	55	54	.505
New Orleans	56	56	.500
Knoxville	39	69	.361
Nashville	39	74	.345

RESULTS AUG. 6

Little Rock 12, New Orleans 7.
Birmingham 6, Atlanta 3.
Chattanooga 14, Nashville 6.

Blake and Elliott Defeat N. Y. Giants

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
St. Louis	66	39	.629
Chicago	58	45	.563
New York	56	45	.554
Brooklyn	57	50	.533
Boston	49	52	.485
Pittsburgh	47	53	.470
Philadelphia	42	62	.404
Cincinnati	38	67	.362

RESULTS AUG. 6

Philadelphia 6, New York 4.
Brooklyn 7, Boston 3.
Cincinnati 3, Pittsburgh 2.

Philadelphia kept the New York Giants from taking second place in the National League standing away from the idle Chicago Cubs on Thursday, by defeating the McGrawmen, 6 to 4. The Brooklyn Robins opened their series in Boston with a 7-to-3 victory over the Braves. Cincinnati broke its losing streak, beating Pittsburgh, 3 to 2. Chicago and St. Louis were not scheduled to play.

Fred "Sheriff" Blake, who recently came to the Phillies from the Cubs, was the main reason why the Giants were defeated. Although touched for 13 hits in 8 1-3 innings, Blake was brilliant in the pinches. The Giants threatened to rally in the first of the ninth and Jim Elliott, big left-hander, was rushed into the box. John Berly started for the New Yorkers and was relieved by Roy Parmalee after the fifth. Hurst and McCurdy each drove in two runs for the Phillies with a double and single. Fred Leach batted in two of New York's runs, and had a double and two singles.

The Robins took an early lead, with four runs in the first inning off Ben Cantwell, Boston right-hander, and were never headed. The Braves made it 4 to 3 in the fifth, but the Robins came back and made victory certain with three runs in the late innings. Ray Phelps drew the pitching assignment for the Robins, but was forced to retire from the game in the fifth. Luque relieved and received credit for the triumph. Ben Cantwell went the distance for the Braves. Johnny Frederick and Babe Herman each made three hits for the winners, Herman's drives including a double and triple. Wally Berger made three singles for the Braves.

The Reds left their losing streak behind by scoring three runs in the eighth inning off Glenn Spencer. Doubles by Heathcote and Stripp, a three-base wild throw by Spencer, a sacrifice by Hendrick and a long fly by Cuccinello, accounted for the three winning runs. Rixey started for the Reds and was taken out after six innings. Larry Benton finished, held the Pirates to one hit, and was the winning pitcher. Although he did not figure in the scoring, Taylor Douthit made three hits for the Reds. Paul Waner made two singles for the Pirates. The scores:

AT PHILADELPHIA

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Philadelphia	0	3	0	0	1	0	2	0	x	6	13	1
New York	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	4	13	1

Batteries—Blake, Elliott and McCurdy; Berly, Parmalee and Hogan. Winning pitcher—Blake. Losing pitcher—Berly. Umpires—Scott, Rigler and Pfirman. Time—1h. 54m.

AT BOSTON

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Brooklyn	4	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	7	13	1
Boston	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	14	2

Batteries—Phelps, Luque and Lopez; Cantwell and Bool, Spohrer. Winning pitcher—Luque. Umpires—McGrew, Reardon and Magerkurth. Time—1h. 48m.

AT PITTSBURGH

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	13	0
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	7	2

Batteries—Rixey, Benton and Sukeforth; Spencer, Brame and Phillips. Winning pitcher—Benton. Losing pitcher—Spencer. Umpires—Klem, Donnelly and Stark. Time—1h. 40m.

AMERICANS IN STOCKHOLM GAMES

STOCKHOLM, Swed., Aug. 7 (AP)—Arthur G. DeVoe of New York and Yale captured the 110-meter hurdles as the Stockholm Games got under way yesterday with entrants from seven nations.

DeVoe was timed in 14.9s. over the high hurdles to beat Sten Pettersson, star Swedish timbertopper, whose time ws 15.1s.

Arthur L. Watkins of Arlington, Mass., and Harvard was fifth in the 100-meter sprint won by Jonah of Germany in 10.6s. Page of England and Schlosske of Germany ran a dead-heat for second place in 10.7s.

Karl DeW. Warner of Woodbury, Conn., and Yale finished second to Wachenfeld of Sweden in the 400-meter race, the winner being timed in 49.4s. and Warner in 49.6s. The Gota team of Sweden won the 400-meter relay in 48s., with the United States second.

Lindbaid of Sweden cleared 13ft. 1½in. to win the pole vault from Wegner of Germany whose 12ft. 9½in. leap gave him second place. Oscar Sutermeister of Kansas City, Mo., and Harvard shared third place with two Swedes.

Joseph P. Crowley of Milwaukee, Wis., and Yale was outclassed by the world's record-holder in the shot put, Emil Hirschfeld of Germany. The Teuton tossed the shot 52ft. 1 1-16in. Crowley was second with a heave of 44ft. 10 3-16in.

QUESTIONNAIRE TO ANNAPOLIS GRADS

NEW YORK, Aug. 7 (AP)—A movement has been started by the U. S. Naval Academy Graduates' Association of New York to sound out its members on their attitude toward a resumption of athletics relations between the naval academy and the military academy, broken off in 1927 over a question of eligibility. The graduates association has sent the following questionnaire to its members:

"The Army-Navy football game (should, should not) be played.

"If the game is played, should it be played (a) under intercollegiate rules as to eligibility; (b) under no rules as to eligibility except that the players be in 'good standing'; (c) under compromise rules as offered by Admiral Robinson on Oct. 30, 1929? (Under c of the following conditions) (1) three-year eligibility, (2) four-year eligibility, (3) two games under intercollegiate rules and two games under West Point rules alternately.

"(d) Under any other conditions?"

The break between the two academies came in December, 1927, when the Navy sent to the Army a contract for the 1928 game providing intercollegiate rules of eligibility be applied to the next game.

These intercollegiate rules provide that a man may play only three years of varsity football, whether in a private college, a state university, or one of the academies. The Navy had put such a rule into effect, but the Army insisted that, so long as a cadet was in good standing, he was eligible to play on an Army team for his last three years regardless of whether he had played college football.

The two academies were under a four-year agreement to play football at the time of the break, a contract which had three years to run.

No games were played between the two academies in 1928 and 1929, but last fall, in the interest of unemployment relief, the two academies met in a football game at the Yankee Stadium, the Army winning, 6—0.

Favorites Lose In Public Golf

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 7 (AP)—Golf as played over the public fee courses of the Pacific coast triumphed on the battle ground of the United States public links championship at the Keller Golf Course yesterday as the tournament medalist fell and eight shot makers from as many different cities passed into the quarterfinals.

Leading the brigade of sharpshooters from the far West was Charles Ferrera, a steel worker from San Francisco, who eliminated the medalist, Dave A. Mitchell of Indianapolis, Ind., 4 and 3, with almost perfect golf on his first round and then came back in the afternoon to defeat Bob Rourlay of Seattle, 1 up, in a stirring battle that ended when a birdie clattered off his war clubs on the final green.

Ferrera was joined by two other coast golfers—Hoe Nichols, 15-year-old high school sophomore from Long Beach, Calif., who had the easiest sailing of the day's struggles, and Ed Greenway of Seattle. The other five quarterfinalists represented St. Paul, Minn., New York, Philadelphia, Detroit and Little Rock, Ark.

Last Favorite Eliminated

The fall of Mitchell, who captured the medal with 148 shots, removed the last favorite from the field as the defending champion, Bob E. Wingate of Jacksonville, Fla., and the three-times title holder, Carl F. Kauffmann of Pittsburgh, Penna., failed to qualify.

Nichols, who qualified with a 155 score, swept aside his opponents with ease yesterday, defeating Bob Isherwood of St. Louis, 4 and 2, on the first round and conquering Wesley Casper of Louisville in the afternoon by the same margin.

Greenway, rated from the start as a contender because of his form in practice and qualifying rounds, had a stirring fight in the morning before he disposed of Bill Heinlein, Indianapolis, 1 up, but breezed to a 3-to-1 triumph on his second round over Harry Ramsay of Pittsburgh.

Other Quarterfinalists

The other quarterfinalists were Joe Merola, a house painter from New York, who defeated Johnny Banks, Chicago, 2 up, and Spencer Overton, Baltimore, 3 and 2; Charles Albertus of Philadelphia, who dropped George Meade, Portland, Ore., 1 up, and Joe Fabrizio, Brooklyn laborer, 2 and 1, after an uphill fight; Joe Bommarito, a Detroit plumber, who eliminated Art Nutting, Louisville, 2 and 2, and Edgar Bolstad, hope of Minneapolis, 2 and 1; and Horace Lacey, Little Rock, who tripped Ralph G. Sigler, Baltimore, 5 and 4, and Howard Pousette, St. Paul, 1 up, after a 19-hole struggle.

Ferrera shot the best golf of the field yesterday for his victory. He scored a 38 2 over par, to Mitchell's 40, to gain a 2-up advantage at the turn and froze out his opponent with sub-par golf the rest of the way to win. In the afternoon, he fell 1-down to Gourlay at the end of the first 9 with a 40, but came back to win again with par golf.

Don Sprafaci of Brooklyn won the consolation tournament championship at the Armour Course in Minneapolis with his 36-dash hole total of 153 after a playoff with B. H. Burroughs of Washington.

UNITED STATES PUBLIC LINKS GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP—First Round

Al Priebe, St. Paul, defeated James Bushong, Portland, Ore., 1 up.
Joe Merola, New York, defeated John Banks, Chicago, 2 up.
Hoe Nichols, Long Beach, Calif., defeated Bob Isherwood, St. Louis, 4 and 2.
Wesley Casper, Louisville, defeated Arthur G. Sato, San Francisco, 1 up.
Henry Fabrizio, Brooklyn, defeated Ray Gates, St. Louis, 4 and 3.
Harry Ramsay, Pittsburgh, defeated A. D. Fordham, St. Paul, 1 up.
Robert Gourlay, Seattle, defeated Mike Surmiak, Philadelphia, 1 up (19 holes).
Howard Pousette, St. Paul, defeated Chester Coleman, Santa Monica, 1 up (19 holes).
Ed Greenway, Seattle, Wash., defeated Bill Heinlein, Indianapolis, 1 up.
Charles Ferrera, San Francisco, defeated David A. Mitchell, Indianapolis, 4 and 3.
Spencer Overton, Baltimore, defeated Fred Gordon, Santa Monica, Calif., 3 and 2.
Horace Lacey, Little Rock, Ark., defeated R. G. Sigler, Baltimore, 5 and 4.
Edgar Bolstad, Minneapolis, defeated Barney Lucas, Los Angeles, 2 and 1.
George Bradley, Philadelphia, defeated Michael Mazza, Brooklyn, 1 up (21 holes).
Joe Bommartio, Detroit, defeated Arthur Nutting, Louisville, 3 and 2.
Charles Albertus, Philadelphia, defeated George Meade, Portland, 1 up.

Second Round

Hoe Nichols, Long Beach, defeated Wesley Casper, Louisville, 4 and 2.
Charles Albertus, Philadelphia, defeated Henry Fabrizio, Brooklyn, 2 and 1.
Al Priebe, St. Paul, defeated George Bradley, Philadelphia, 3 and 1.
Joe Merola, New York, defeated Spencer Overton, Baltimore, 3 and 2.
Ed Greenway, Seattle, defeated Harry Ramsay, Pittsburgh, 3 and 1.
Joe Bommarito, Detroit, defeated Elgar Bolstad, Minneapolis, 2 and 1.
Charles Ferrera, San Francisco, defeated Robert Gourlay, Seattle, 1 up.
Horace Lacey, Little Rock, defeated Howard Pousette, St. Paul, 1 up (19 holes).

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

	Won	Lost	P.C.
St. Paul	65	45	.591
Indianapolis	56	53	.514
Louisville	56	55	.505
Columbus	55	54	.505
Kansas City	54	55	.495
Milwaukee	52	56	.481
Minneapolis	52	57	.477
Toledo	47	64	.423

RESULTS AUG. 6

Milwaukee 5, Indianapolis 3.
Indianapolis 3, Milwaukee 1.
St. Paul 8, Toledo 5.
Louisville 8, Kansas City 3.
Minneapolis 10, Columbus 7 (16 innings).

GIANTS RELEASE PITCHERS

NEW YORK, Aug. 7 (AP)—The New York Giants announced yesterday the release of Pitcher William Morrell to Bridgeport of the Eastern League and Pitcher Hal Schumacher to Rochester of the International, both on option.

MONTREAL WINS SECOND CONTEST

Defeats Crescent A. C. in International Lacrosse Game

CAPTAIN DOUDERA LACROSSE CUP SERIES

	Won	Lost	Goals For	Goals Agst
Monteral A. A. A.	2	0	10	6
Crescent A. C.	0	2	6	10

(Total Goals to Count)

DIXVILLE NOTCH, N. H., Aug. 7—Montreal A. A. A. lacrosse players again proved too good for the Crescent A. C. team of Brooklyn here yesterday, winning the second game of the series of three by exactly the same score, 5 to 3, as in the first contest played Tuesday. The Canadians now lead for the Captain Doudera Cup with a margin of 10 goals to 6, total goals to determine the winner. The final game is scheduled for Saturday.

The Brooklyn team took the lead with the only goal of the first period. Hirst, Montreal spare, scored two goals in the second period and Crescents one. In the third session the Canadians scored three goals to one for the Americans, Haynes scoring twice and Rodgers once. Crescents stood off the strong Winged Wheelers through the first two periods, but only the great work of White in goal saved them from being defeated by a larger margin in the last session.

MONTREAL A. A. A.	CRESCENT A. C.
Joktus, 1st a	1st d, Gray
Brennan, 2d a	2d d, Townsend
O'Connell, 3d a	3d d, Garofalo
Stebbins, c	c, Collins
Penniston, 3d d	3d a, Thralls
Garbadino, 2d d	2d a, Hawkins
Bleeker, 1st d	1st a, Mestrell
Adams, cp	oh, Jenkins
Mullins, p	ih, Cowles
Haynes, ih	p, Mahler
Rodgers, oh	cp, Hollman
Cordick, g	g, White

Score—Montreal Amateur Athletic Association 5, Crescent A. C. 3. Goals—Hirst 2, Haynes 2, Rodgers for Montreal; Thralls, Cowles, Jenkins for Crescents. Substitutes—Hirst, Carroll, Martel for Montreal; Johnston, Smith, Auten, Scott for Crescent. Referee—Capt. E. N. Harmon, West Point, N. Y. Umpire—Norris Barnard, Swarthmore. Goal Umpires—Dr. Louis Flexner, John Hopkins and Capt. Frank Doudero. Time—Three 20m. periods.

NEWTON-GAVUZZI STREAK IS BROKEN

SAINTE ANNE DE LA PERADE, Que., Aug. 7 (AP)—The first lap of the return trot in the 500-mile relay race from Montreal to Quebec and return broke the winning streak of Arthur Newton and Peter Gavuzzi yesterday.

Fred Desrochers and Sam Richman led the pack on the lap from Quebec to this town, covering the distance in 6h. 56m. 10s. Newton and Gavuzzi needed 8h. 3m. 30s to negotiate the lap and place sixth. Between the leaders and the Newtown-Gavuzzi pair came Hoey and Wanttinen, 7h. 38m. 20s.; Fager and Jokela, 7h. 39m. 30s.; Bolin and Granville, 7h. 53m. 30s. and McNamara and Ray 7h. 56m.

Although they finished sixth yesterday Newton and Gavuzzi retained their lead in elapsed time. The leaders, with their elapsed time:

	H.	M.	S.
Newton-Gavuzzi	39	1	58
Fager-Jokela	40	8	27
Ray-McNamara	41	58	27
Hoey-Wanttinen	42	37	2
Richman-Desrochers	43	42	8

OPERATOR DISPUTE TO CLOSE THEATERS

Special From Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, Aug. 7—More than 100 of the smaller motion picture theaters of the Chicago region are to close beginning Monday, it was announced Aug. 6 by the Allied Theater Owners of Illinois.

The action is a gesture of protest against the action of the Moving Picture Operators' Union in insisting that two operators be employed for talking pictures. The union leaders claim that their contract, which has several months to run, specifies that two men shall be employed. The organized theater owners deny this, and charge that the wages paid the second man in small theaters constitutes the difference between profit and loss.

PICK-UPS

A SHORT time ago Manager Rogers Hornsby of the Chicago Cubs stated that he was doubtful as to the ability of his big right-hander, Pat Malone. Since the day he made that statement Malone has pitched great ball. For several years the veteran has pitched steady ball for the Cubs and evidently wasn't satisfied with what Hornsby said. Now he is proving to his manager that he honestly has the "stuff." He may yet pitch the Cubs to a 1931 pennant.

The Pirates have left their bad slump far behind, but perhaps too late. Even if they continue at the pace they are now going, it will be difficult for them to find a place in the first division of the National League, for the Cardinals, Giants, Cubs and Robins do not wish to be disturbed in their battle for the pennant.

If the Athletics can go through to their third straight pennant and defeat the National League winner, there is little doubt that they will be put down in the record books as one of the greatest, if not the greatest team the game has ever known. They have a fine chance to better the record set up by the Chicago Cubs of 1906, when that club established a major league mark by winning 116 games. The Yankees of 1927, with Ruth and Gehrig leading the attack, won 110 games, the best since 1906.

Dizzy Dean, the brilliant young right-handed pitcher owned by the Cardinals and at present with the Houston club of the Texas League on option, is winning games with astonishing regularity in the South. Texas League averages reveal that he has won 20 games and lost 6, and is far ahead of any other pitcher in strikeouts. In practically every game Dean pitches, the opposing team gets only about four or five hits and goes out by the strikeout route 10 or more times.

Paul Dean, brother of the famous "Dizzy," is also pitching brilliant ball in the minors. With the Springfield club of the Western Association he has won seven straight games without a defeat.

TWO PENN APPOINTMENTS

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 7 (AP)—Appointment was announced yesterday of Frederick W. Luehring and Dr. Harry D. Lees of University of Minnesota to the faculty of the department of physical education of University of Pennsylvania under the new athletic policy. Mr. Luehring will assist E. Le Roy Mercer, dean of the department, in the administration of the divisions of physical instruction and intercollegiate athletics, and Dr. Lees will be the director of student health.

ENGLISH CHURCH FACES ISSUE ON COMMUNION

Reformation Controversy Revived in Modern Difference

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

LONDON—A controversy which has long existed in the Church of England has now been brought to an issue by the publication of correspondence between Dr. Ernest William Barnes, Bishop of Birmingham, representing Low Churchmen, and Dr. Cosmo Gordon Lang, Archbishop of Canterbury, who stands for High Church opinion. This controversy raises once more the central question of the Reformation of 300 years ago; namely, to what extent, if at all, is there any real presence of the divinity in the consecrated elements of the communion service.

The Bishop of Birmingham recently refused to license in his diocese an otherwise qualified High Church clergyman on the ground that the practices of this ordained member of the British established religion were such as to point to belief in the real presence. Action in the British law courts followed to compel the license to be issued, and judgment was obtained against the Bishop and in favor of the clergyman. The Bishop remaining obdurate, the Archbishop was called upon to intervene and did so by himself issuing the requisite license.

The Bishop thereupon wrote, appealing to the Archbishop to require the clergyman in question to abstain from the practice of reservation (the treating of the sanctified elements with such ceremonial as to suggest miraculous change in their substance), the reason given being that such practice is contrary to the doctrines of the Church of England.

The Archbishop declined to comply. He gave as reason that there was no proof that any breach of doctrine had been committed. Dr. Lang also protested against the Bishop of Birmingham's statement regarding reservation. "Is it charitable, is it just," Dr. Lang asked, "to brand as mere superstition a belief . . . which is held by multitudes of your fellow-churchmen and which is consistent with the formularies of the Church?"

To this the Bishop of Birmingham has replied at considerable length, declaring that the Archbishop's statement on reservation "seems to me the most seriously disquieting of any made by an Archbishop of Canterbury since the Reformation."

Dr. Barnes goes on to say definitely, "The assertion that a priest by the act of consecration can cause Christ to come to dwell within the bread and wine of holy communion is the so-called 'miracle of the mass.' It was a crucial issue at the Reformation, and is the source of most of our present irregularities of public worship. It was formulated by the Roman Church as trans-substantiation, which by Article 28 of our own Church's doctrine, 'is repugnant to the plain words of Scripture, overthroweth the nature of a sacrament and hath given rise to many superstitions.'"

The issue has thus been clearly joined. It is the main issue separating the British High Church from the Low. It is also the one on which the House of Commons in December, 1927, and again in June, 1928, refused to sanction changes in the Prayer Book proposed by the majority of the Church of England bishops, including Dr. Lang.

Sir Hamilton Harty at Hollywood

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Los Angeles

SIR HAMILTON HARTY'S farewell to Hollywood Bowl, July 25, proved beyond doubt that his two-weeks conductorship had firmly intrenched him in the affections of a large following. It is doubtful if any other conductor has drawn such uniformly large audiences. His first week's success was not without precedent; nearly all visiting conductors have at least four programs which display their abilities to advantage. It is the second week that tells the story. The labor of preparing each concert with but little more than one rehearsal is trying, and unless the leader has great resourcefulness, the second week shows up the thin spots in his repertoire, routine, and technique.

Sir Hamilton's fifth program sagged. It was not dull but nevertheless it lacked spirit. Sir Hamilton's overindulgence in Berlioz, whose theatricalism palls if too frequently heard, was unfortunate. Having had enough of this composer the week before, the audience gave the "Benvenuto Cellini" Overture scant applause. Apparently depressed by such lack of enthusiasm, the leader was unable to put much into the "St. Anthony" Variations by Brahms. Then Albert Spalding, the soloist, was delayed in making his entrance and did not find his usual poise until the second movement of the Lalo "Symphonie Espagnole." Even so, Mr. Spalding's excellent musicianship and clear, true tone were held in leash by Sir Hamilton. Strangely enough, this finely tempered Irishman is not an intuitive accompanist. Always there is a sense that he waits for a material indication of the artist's intention; and one feels the soloist pulling the orchestra after him. Thus the generous approval bestowed on the violinist was well earned.

Previously "Wild Geese," a composition by the conductor, had won instant favor and after the intermission it was announced that in response to many requests this work would be repeated in place of "The Garden of Fand" by Arnold Bax: a wise revision, for immediately there was a change in the mood of the audience and from then on, through a stirring reading of Rimsky-Korsakoff's "Caprice Espagnole" enthusiasm ran rife.

Week Went Famously

Thenceforward the week went famously. Even the Handel "Water Music," pleasantly arranged by Harty, sounded well in the open air as the opening number on July 23. "Le Rouet d'Omphale" by Saint-Saëns led up agreeably to Stanford's Irish Rhapsody, given its initial Los Angeles hearing. This composition, based chiefly on the popular "Londonderry Air," so pleased the crowd on this occasion that it was repeated July 25. Stanford's orchestration is not too obviously worked out to interfere with the attractive movement of the Rhapsody, but that it was not spontaneous was apparent.

"The Garden of Fand" was interpolated into this program, and while it was pleasurable, like the Stanford work, it contained no startling originality of thought. Ten years ago it probably would have caused something of a stir by its modernity of chord progressions, but now these progressions have become clichés. However, Bax managed to imbue his work with considerable color and smooth, rhythmic feeling, and the orchestra responded eloquently to Sir Hamilton's fine reading of the score. The Tchaikovsky Symphony No. 4, un-Slavic but well balanced in contours, completed the program.

July 24 Richard Crooks, soloist for the second time this summer, followed the orchestra's spirited playing of the "Meistersinger" Prelude with the Prize Song and Lohengrin's Farewell. In these arias Mr. Crooke's voice, particularly rich and abundant, fully atoned for his vocal embarrassment of the week before, and he and the conductor were more en rapport on this evening.

"Before the Dawn," a Persian idyl for orchestra, male chorus, solo tenor and cello, by W. Franke Harling, featured the Ellis Club chorus of Los Angeles, Mr. Crooks and Ilya Bronson, first cellist of the orchestra. In smaller quarters Mr. Harling's opus might show more strength of fabric. For one thing, we could not get one word the chorus sang, and the voices lacked virility, although their attacks and shading displayed careful training. The solo parts were the most effective and saved the piece from becoming tedious. Because of the delicate coloring and closely related keys of the different numbers (mostly in the minor mode) this is not a suitable composition for out-of-doors performance.

More Berlioz

Twice more Berlioz was exploited: at the close of this program and at the beginning of the Saturday concert. However, the numbers were so well placed and so brilliantly done that they aroused general enthusiasm.

The July 25 concert could not have been arranged more delightfully. Two soloists appeared: Ilya Bronson gave the Max Bruch "Kol Nidrei" for cello and orchestra and Alfred Kastner, first harpist of the organization, played the Pierné "Concertstück." Many soloists, imported at considerable pains, do not excel these two artists in any way. Neither Mr. Bronson nor Mr. Kastner showed the effects of orchestra routine. Their playing was fresh and spontaneous and their technic was impeccable. Rarely have we more thoroughly enjoyed soloists in the Bowl.

Were Sir Hamilton's personality less engaging and modest, and his works less fluent and appealing, one might question his taste in playing so many of his own compositions during his visit here. As a final offering we were given two movements from his "Irish" Symphony: Lament and Scherzo. The Lament is a poignant, plaintive lay of pure Celtic appeal and the Scherzo, a jaunty and lilting affair, spicily suggested the various activities of an Irish Fair Day. The witty imitation of North Ireland village bands which "play simultaneously the same tune in different keys, with sometimes rather startling results" (to quote the composer), brought in "The Girl I Left Behind Me" with delightful abandon and left us "wishful" that we had heard the whole symphony.

At the close of the concert most of the audience remained to cheer the departing leader. Finally the calls for a speech became so insistent that he was forced to respond, and unaffectedly expressed his appreciation and pleasure.

Sir Hamilton Harty's unfailing musicianship, his courtesy to the men, and his unpretentious friendliness toward his audiences have won everybody's affectionate esteem, and it was with genuine regret that his admirers bade him au revoir, for it is pretty certain that he will be invited to return to the Bowl.

B. K. W.

Radio Tonight

DAYLIGHT SAVING TIME

WEEI, Boston (590kc-508m)

5:00 p. m.—Danceonians, Will Dodge, director.
5:30 NBC, Interior decoration talk.
5:45 Edisonians, Will Dodge, director.
6:30 Announcements; pianist; news.
6:45 NBC, The Stebbins Boys.
7:00 The Old Painter.
7:05 Edisonians, Will Dodge, director.
7:30 Whiting's program.
8:00 NBC, Cities Service Concert Orchestra; Vaughn de Leath, contralto; Cavaliers Quartet; piano duo.
9:00 NBC, Clicquot Club Eskimos; Raymond Knight, master of ceremonies.
9:30 Earl Nelson, John Herrick, soloists; male trio; dance orchestra.
10:00 NBC, Kodak Week-End Program: Countess Olga Albani, soprano; Men About Town Quartet; Nathaniel Shilkret's Orchestra.
10:30 NBC, RKO Theater of the Air: film, vaudeville and radio stars; orchestra.
11:00 Forecasts, E. B. Rideout; news.
11:16 NBC, Vincent Lopez and his orchestra.

WBZ and WBZA, Boston and Springfield (990kc-303m)

5:15 p. m.—Baseball scores.
5:17 Ranny Weeks's Serenade.
5:30 Edward B. Lord.
5:45 Agricultural markets; talk.
5:55 "National Affairs," David Lawrence.
6:00 Time; weather; musicale.
6:09 Sport Review; temperature.
6:15 "Dirigible."
6:30 Dixie Jubilee Singers.
6:45 NBC, Lowell Thomas, Topics in Brief.
7:00 Time; NBC, "Amos 'n' Andy."
7:15 Prudence Musical Hits.
7:30 NBC, Phil Cook, Quaker Man.
7:45 Home Circle talk.
8:00 NBC, Nestle Orchestra.
8:30 Penta Tango Troubadors.
8:45 Boarding House skit.
9:00 NBC, Interwoven Orchestra; Billy Jones and Ernest Hare.
9:30 NBC, Armour Orchestra; soloists; mixed quartet.
10:00 NBC, Paul Whiteman's Paint Men; soloists; male trio.
10:30 NBC, Clara, Lu and Em.
10:45 NBC, Waves of Melody.
11:00 Time; weather; sport review; temperature.
11:15 Louie's Hungry Five: skit.
11:25 Joe Rines and his orchestra.
12:00 Paramount Organ, Harry Foisey.

WNAC, Boston (1230kc-244m)

5:00 p. m.—Ted and his Greater Gang.
5:15 Uncle Art and his Haywire Orchestra.
5:30 Boston Market Program.
5:45 Educator Orchestra; time.
6:00 Footlight Echoes, with Edward Jardon.
6:15 "Program Builders," with Linus Travers.
6:30 CBS, Roy Atwell, monologist; soloist; Freddie Rich's Orchestra.
6:45 Two pianos and soloist.
7:00 Baseball; news.
7:15 Pitt's Harmony Monarchs.
7:30 CBS, Colt Program.
7:45 CBS, Morton Downey, tenor; Jacques Renard and his orchestra.
8:00 CBS, Arthur Pryor's Band.
8:15 CBS, Barber Shop Quartet.
8:30 CBS, Lewisohn Stadium Concert, Fritz Reiner, conductor; Sophie Braslau, contralto.
9:00 CBS, Liberty Hour sketches; music.
9:45 CBS, The Boswell Sisters.
10:00 CBS, Pillsbury Pageant: Toscha Seidel, violinist; Theo Karle, tenor; Songbirds quartet; Sam Lanin's Orchestra.
10:30 CBS, "Around the Samovar."
11:00 "The Merry Minters."
11:15 Time; baseball; news; weather.
11:30 Emery Daugherty and his orchestra.
12:00 CBS, Benny Meroff and his orchestra.
12:30 a. m.—CBS, Nocturne: Esther Leaf, organist; Ben Alley, tenor.

WHDH, Boston (830kc-361m)

5:30 p. m.—Fishermen's program.
5:45 Hawaiian Melodies.
6:00 Lynn Community program.
6:30 "The Monitor Views the News."
6:45 Bar Harbor musical program.
7:15 Peggy Rais and her guitar.
7:30 Magrane musical program.
7:45 Bedford Zoo program.
8:00 Evening Musicale.
8:30 "Songs We Love to Hear"; soloist, violin, organ.
9:00 "Etchings in Music."
9:30 Time announcement.

WAAB, Boston (1410kc-213m)

5:30 p. m.—CBS, Happy Jack at Revere Beach.
6:00 Dedication of WAAB's new half-wave vertical radiator antenna; dedicated by United States Senator David I. Walsh; talk by Prof. Paul A. deMars, technical director of the Yankee Network; music by Ives Military Band.
6:30 Time; baseball; news.
6:45 CBS, Bird and Vash.
7:00 CBS, Kate Smith's Swanee Music.
7:15 Twomey's Irish Pipers.
7:30 Eddie Welch and his orchestra.
8:00 The Gossipers.
8:15 Riverside Foursome, male quartet.
8:30 Talk; voice and piano.
9:00 Mickie Alpert and his orchestra.
9:30 Organ recital.
10:00 Emery Daugherty and his orchestra.
10:30 Time; news; "Melody Mirror."
11:00 CBS, Jack Denny's Orchestra.
11:30 CBS, Dance Orchestra.

Tomorrow's Features

WEEI

8:15 a. m.—Weather; news.
8:30 a. m.—NBC programs.
1:10 p. m.—NBC programs.
2:30 p. m.—Studio and musical.

WBZA

8:00 a. m.—NBC programs.
9:45 a. m.—Studio and musical.
12:15 p. m.—NBC programs.
1:30 p. m.—NBC Farm and Home Hour.
2:45 p. m.—Studio and musical.
3:45 p. m.—NBC programs.

WNAC

6:30 a. m.—Studio and musical.
10:30 a. m.—CBS programs.
12:15 p. m.—CBS programs.
1:00 p. m.—Studio and musical.
2:00 p. m.—CBS programs.
3:00 p. m.—Braves-Brooklyn, Fred Hoey, reporter.

WAAB

7:45 a. m.—Studio and musical.
9:00 a. m.—CBS programs.
10:00 a. m.—Studio and musical.
1:00 p. m.—CBS programs.
2:00 p. m.—Studio and musical.
3:00 p. m.—CBS programs.

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MASSACHUSETTS

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All the leading makes of corsets.
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DAILY FEATURES

All Nature

Quince

THE common quince tree is a native of southern Europe and parts of Asia, and was cultivated through ancient years in Greece. Comparatively few people, however, are familiar with it—although it bears fruit as large as apples. The reason for this is that the hard, acid flesh of quinces is not suitable to eat as fresh fruit, but must be cooked before it is edible. On this account the tree is not grown extensively in America; but some conserves are made from the ripe fruit and its mild astringent flavor imparts a pleasant change when combined with apples, pears or crab-apples in making preserves, and in jelly.

The appearance of a ripe quince is something like that of a yellow-green apple, but usually the calyx end is deeply lobed and prominent. The surface is somewhat downy; and the many seeds have mucilaginous properties that dissolve with soaking in water to form a gum.

In spring large solitary white flowers tip the young branches, the leaves of which are ovate and entire. The tree itself is low-growing and of irregular shape, which is mainly due to its crooked manner of branching.

It has become the custom of nurserymen to graft or bud pears upon hardy quince stock. As these trees rarely grow higher than 15 feet, such a grafting process has the effect of "dwarfing" the pear and hastening its fruitfulness.

One of the most beautiful flowering shrubs of the springtime is the "Japanese flowering quince," when it hangs laden with gay flowers of a rich deep orange, or crimson. This is a wholly ornamental tree, as the fruit, if any, is unpalatable.

A Word a Day

Duress

The accent is preferably on the first syllable, *du'-res;* u as in use (not oo), e as in end.

The Old French *duresce,* "hardship," is the immediate ancestor of our word; but back of this we find the Latin *durita,* "hardness," an extension of *durus,* "hard."

When "duress" made its first appearance in English it was in the sense of "hardness, harshness," but it has since outgrown these more literal meanings and is now used almost exclusively to mean "pressure, constraint, or compulsion — actual or threatened; restraint of liberty." It is also employed in legal phraseology to indicate "compulsion or constraint by which a person is illegally forced to do or forbear some act."

Example: "The agreement had all the earmarks of having been effected by duress."

Notes and Queries

Mr., Mrs., Miss (Miss H. F. M., who asks if, in addressing envelopes, etc., it is proper to use these designations before full names with added titles)—It is proper to address an envelope "Mr. John Doe, Clerk," for instance, or "Mrs. Doris Roe, C. S. B." What follows the name in these instances has no bearing on the prefixed designation. "Mr.," unlike "Mrs." and "Miss" (which give evidence of a woman's matrimonial position), before a name is regarded by some as a mild form of redundancy, but they must agree that it still imparts a note of formality.

In Lighter Vein

Time to Study

The self-made man was in the midst of his first interview.

"How," inquired the reporter, "did you find time to read in those formative years?"

"I kept a good book open on my desk," said the self-made man, "and read it during telephone calls—while holding the wire after someone had said, 'Just a moment, please.'"—*Wisconsin Telephone News.*

Correctly Named

Wife: "That new maid of ours must be from New York. She speaks of the nursery as the 'noisery.'"

Husband: "Well, I rather think that's the way it should be pronounced."—*Macon Telegraph.*

The Orator Makes a Hit

"Yes, gentlemen, I confess that I am a child of the masses. The little I possess is due to my own efforts. I came into the world without a sou in my pocket!"—*L'Illustré.*

A Quotation for Today

THERE is no mind like an open mind. There is no mouth like a closed mouth.
—ANON.

"I Record only the Sunny Hours"

Love's Radiance

Southport, Eng.

IT WAS noonday in a city street of warehouses, and for the most part such thoroughfares are dull and gloomy.

A poor boy had sat down on the pavement near one of the doorways to partake of his midday meal, which was wrapped in a scrap of paper. He had only commenced to eat his frugal fare when a half-starved cat sidled up. The boy looked at the cat and then at his dinner and then broke off the half of what he was eating and offered it to the cat, which delightedly accepted the gift and purred its thanks.

An elderly gentleman—unseen by the boy—had been an interested spectator of this little incident, and he now strolled up to the lad and after asking him a few questions and commending him for his kind act, placed a half crown into his hand and walked quickly on.

Thus was a gloomy street transformed into a highway of sunshine.

The Children's Corner

Huttee Boy Spreads the Glad News

HUTTEE BOY was so pleased because he had a new little baby sister that his smile kept growing wider and wider, making his fat little elephant cheeks wrinkle like sails with reefs and his funny little three-cornered elephant mouth stretch till it could not stretch the least tiny bit more.

He had begun smiling the moment he learned that Curly Trunk was his very own little sister. When he thought of what fun he would have playing with her he took another reef in his fat elephant cheeks. Then when he thought of how surprised all his friends would be when he told them the glad news, he took another reef in his fat cheeks. And when he thought of how sweet Cufly Trunk was he took such a big reef in his cheeks that his mouth would not stretch any more. So then he was all smiled up.

And now there was nothing left to do but to kick up his heels and scamper about the Jungle, spreading the glad news.

The first friend he met was a young lion, who was standing on a high rock and trying to look proud and lordly like King Lion.

"Hey, there, I have a new baby sister, Curly Trunk," shouted Huttee Boy.

The young lion held its head high and looked along its nose at Huttee Boy. "Only one new baby?" it asked.

The little elephant blinked its eyes in surprise and asked in turn: "Isn't one enough?"

"Certainly not!" roared the lion. "We have several new cubs at our house. One new cub would not be worth mentioning."

Gasped Huttee Boy: "How many is several?"

Replied the lion: "I don't remember exactly. But at any rate, it is more than one."

"More than two?" Huttee Boy wished to know.

"More!" roared the lion.

"More than three?"

"Perhaps."

"More than four?"

"Maybe."

"More than five?" persisted Huttee Boy.

"Shucks! Run along with you," roared the lion, tilting its nose in the air. "What a fuss about one little baby elephant!"

As Huttee Boy trotted away, he thought how grand it would be to have several new little baby brothers and sisters at once. This caused him to let out a tiny reef in his smile. And then his smile was not quite so wide. But still it was very wide.

"After all, one baby is not so very many," he sighed.

Next he met Baby Hippo and told her his glad news.

Baby Hippo smiled her biggest, most hippopotamus smile and cried: "How wonderful! I wish I had a baby brother. You surely are lucky, Huttee Boy. I am going to ask Mother to let me go to see the new baby at once."

This caused the little elephant to take another reef in his smile so that it was now as large as ever.

Away trotted the little fellow, happy as happy tigers, bears, giraffes, kangaroos, monkeys, can be. To everybody he met he told the glad news.

Before long he came to the river, where he saw a strange, strange sight. Yes, it was even more strange than that. It was quite the strangest sight you could imagine. On the river bank squirmed and wriggled and capered and twisted and frisked a host of baby alligators. What fun they were having!

While the baby alligators squirmed and wriggled and capered and twisted and frisked, their parents tried to count them. First Mrs. Alligator counted 63; then Mr. Alligator counted 79. Next time Mrs. Alligator counted 72, while Mr. Alligator counted 57. Then they both began counting all over again.

Huttee Boy sighed to himself: "My trunk! Wouldn't it be great to have that many baby brothers and sisters at once! This is ever so many more than several. This would make that young lion sit up and take notice."

Little by little the reefs in his smile let out as he remembered that he had only one new little baby sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Alligator were so busy counting their new babies that Huttee Boy did not disturb them. Besides, to announce to people who had so very many babies that he had one new little sister seemed rather absurd. So he started off home, his smile growing less and less.

By the time he arrived home he was not smiling at all.

But when he found Curly Trunk playing near their mother and saw again how cute and sweet she was with her twinkling eyes and pretty smile, he shouted: "I'd rather have you than all the rest of the babies in the whole Jungle. Hurrah for Curly Trunk!"

The Diary of Snubs, Our Dog

Something strange happened to the ocean this morning— It seemed to be leaking or something —
Anyway, where the Boss was swimming yesterday was nothing but sand and gravel—
And shells and sea-weeds and things like that —
But this afternoon the water was all back again !
Now what do you know about that ?

Maze Puzzle

Starting at the entrance at the bottom, see if you can find your way through the rooms until you reach the treasure chest in the room at the top of the picture.

Key to Puzzle

Answer to Crossed Out Letters Puzzle:

When the letters found in the border are crossed out of the group in the center you will have this quotation remaining: "Politeness always pays."

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, FRIDAY, AUGUST 7, 1931

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"

PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

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EDITORIALS

Germany Emerging

TODAY sees Germany with her banks again open, but with her borders closed to the importation of a considerable class of goods which figures in world trade. No embargo exists in the ordinary sense, but the regulations under which the banks have been permitted to reopen after a three weeks' "holiday" are reported to include restrictions on the issuance of foreign exchange which make it virtually impossible for German merchants to buy manufactured goods abroad. In general, exchange is available only for raw materials.

Of course, such a trade barrier is deplorable. Chancellor Bruening emphasizes that it does not represent an effort toward German self-sufficiency, but is an emergency measure. Indeed, the restrictions only confirm an embargo which already has existed to a considerable degree as a result of the near collapse of German buying power.

The splendid inpouring of deposits at the reopening of the banks shows a restoration of confidence at home and is reassuring as to the stability of the nation. Yet with a large part of the rest of the world calling upon Germany for war reparations or debts—which even heretofore have largely been paid with borrowed money—apparently the only way open for Germany is to stop buying until she has sold enough goods to bring in some of the gold which has fled to France and the United States.

This is presumably a reason why high banking circles in New York are said to expect that the committee recently organized by the Bank for International Settlements at Basel to study the German financial situation will recommend a reduction in the reparations payments prescribed under the Young plan.

All world trade suffers when any large market feels obliged to shut itself off from the rest of the world's sales efforts. Other nations, it may be expected, will not like Germany's abstention from their goods, but they can hardly protest while they uphold the reparations system which compels that abstention. Moreover, the German trade barrier should give an object lesson to the United States in the effects of the latter's Hawley-Smoot tariff wall, from which it differs only in kind. If Germany with too little gold needs a dike to impound more, surely the United States with more gold than it has the courage to use can do without such a barricade.

While the Germans, however, are restricting imports, it might be pointed out with propriety that they have much to gain by curtailing also certain exports, namely, the tempestuous trumpetings and bellicose boastings poured forth by the Hitlerites, the Nationalists and the Steel Helmet League in abuse of neighbor nations, the war settlement and conciliatory statesmen. The sooner the German people make conclusive their repudiation of the kind of Junkerism which led them into the World War, the more easily the rest of the world can agree to a lightening of the burdens remaining from that war.

Philippine Freedom—How?

THE impending visit to the Philippines of Mr. Patrick J. Hurley, Secretary of War, may easily prove to be the most important of the succession of missions which have gone to the islands during the last thirty years. The time is ripe to come to grips with the problem of independence. Uncertainty on this score has impeded Philippine development. With several independence measures due for submission to the next Congress, it is vital for the President to obtain the latest information about sentiment and conditions so as to be equipped for the disposal of any independence enactment that Congress may send him.

There seems to be an opinion in Washington that Congress will enact into law any reasonable independence measure that comes before it. Senator Hiram Bingham, chairman of the Territories and Insular Affairs Committee, though personally opposed, is of that opinion. The last Congress considered bills which would have given the Filipinos their independence immediately, in five years, or in thirty years, but took no action.

Since then interest has followed the visit of a score of legislators to the islands. Senator Harry B. Hawes, who sponsored a compromise independence bill last session, has found his convictions sharpened by a first-hand view of independence agitation. He may be regarded, and is regarded by the Filipinos, as the leading protagonist for independence in the Senate.

With him Senator Hawes will find a body of Senators whose interest in giving the Philippines independence arises from the effect on their constituents' purses of the free entry of Filipino products, principally sugar and coconut oil, into the American market.

How far the demands of the Filipino politicos represent the aspirations of the Filipino people has always been a matter for dispute. The question has been raised again by the reaction in the islands to the growth of pro-independence agitation in the United States. Hitherto the prevailing slogan among the independistas has been "immediate and complete" independence. Now that such a slogan has been adopted by the beet sugar and cotton interests in the United States, a cooling off toward these words has been noticeable in the Filipino program, and stress is placed on the necessity of a readjustment period. With unconscious naïveté, the Herald of Manila, organ of the majority party and of Mr. Manuel Quezon, head of the independence mission to the United States, says:

> It was necessary for the Filipinos to magnify their demands to awaken America, but, now that American interest has been awakened, their pleas can be modified. We knew we would get less than our demand.

The economics of a situation showing the United States in possession of over 70 per cent of the Philippine trade demands a readjustment period. The effects of a tariff wall on the morrow of immediate independence may be easily imagined. Senator A. H. Vandenberg says it would mean panic in ninety days. Such potentialities without doubt will be well examined by Secretary Hurley with the view of helping the President to do his part in insuring that the welfare of the Filipino people, to whom the United States owes a distinct responsibility, is not overlooked amid the press of Filipino oratory and American group selfishness.

Tangible Thanks

DOES it really do any good to give to the many relief causes which are continually coming along—drought relief, unemployment relief, disaster relief, famine relief, and so on? This is a question which often arises in the thought of the giver. Will those who are helped remember? Will they be grateful? Will they only have to be helped again? Or will they help others in turn?

Every now and then these questions receive an answer, as when a group of Japanese young women last year toured the United States bestowing gifts and acknowledgments in thanks for American aid to Japan in the earthquake of 1923. The news of the current week also contains an instance of a response so direct and fitting that it is worthy of attention.

The little town of England, Ark., came into the headlines of the newspapers last winter as the scene of a riot in which the cry, "Our children are hungry," first effectively roused the United States to the seriousness of drought distress. Now the farmers and townsmen of that community, thankful for assistance given to them then and for more bountiful crops this year, have set out with a caravan of six motor-trucks full of vegetables and other food supplies to distribute at Henryetta, Okla., where food riots among unemployed coal miners and smelter workers recently took place.

Months ago an observer for The Christian Science Monitor in the drought area wrote that Arkansas was making vigorous efforts to push ahead, and he made this statement:

> These efforts will bring results. Then when "hard times come a-knockin' at the door," this rich agricultural State of the midsouth may surprise the nation by opening a full larder to needy neighbors.

Now that this forecast is being proved true, another can be ventured—namely, that the needy unemployed to whom aid is given now and in the coming winter months will in time return their thanks in equally practical ways and will pass the benefits along to others many fold.

Doctors on "Hospital" Sweepstakes

IT IS quite clear from the speeches delivered at the British Medical Association's annual meeting at Eastbourne that many English doctors of repute heartily disapprove of sweepstakes as a means of raising money for hospitals. It was stated that both on moral and on financial grounds the hospitals could only suffer if they allowed themselves to be implicated in public gambling.

Some time ago The Christian Science Monitor suggested that, in the long run, sweepstakes would be actually harmful to hospitals even from a monetary point of view. Striking confirmation of this was produced at the meeting referred to above, where it was stated that after a Dublin hospital had accepted a contribution from a sweepstake the next mail brought in a letter from a local governing body to the effect that it saw no reason to continue its annual subscription of £1500.

It is undoubtedly true that, in the words of a resolution proposed at the meeting, sweepstakes as a means of raising money for hospitals are derogatory "to the prestige and to the dignity of their medical and nursing staffs." Just as a newspaper falls in public respect when it tries to send up its sales by means of insurance policies, which logically have no connection with journalism, so the hospitals sink in general esteem when they ally themselves with gambling, instead of trusting to public appreciation of their work.

It is to be regretted that the proceedings of this annual meeting have received in the press only a fraction of the publicity which news of sweepstake winners and draws are accorded on the occasion of big races. The constant featuring of sweepstake news in certain papers is one of the chief factors in stimulating a spurious interest in them. No better step toward securing adequate observance of the laws against them could be taken than by rendering all such reports illegal.

Crowds and the City

THE report that London holds 1,220,000 more population than New York is not likely to make New Yorkers feel less crowded. After all, the London of today has become Greater London, and its 8,202,818 residents have 693 square miles in which to spread out. New York, with a million fewer people, has less than half London's space, to be exact, 309 square miles.

So, if New Yorkers care to make a compensating boast, they can say that, though New York is not the bigger, it is certainly the denser of the two cities. But New Yorkers will not make the boast—at least hardly in August, for instance. They are too conscious of the tribulations of crowding to find pleasure in such a record. To be part of the statistics is much less satisfactory than to read them. New York has come to the point where, during the busy hours, taxicabs are the slowest form of locomotion. They have become oases of quietude and rest rather than efficient means of transport.

The congestion in New York would be intolerable but for traffic regulation which is nothing short of remarkable. The police on their traffic beats know that, of any police in the world, theirs is the most responsible job in keeping people moving. But the population as well as the police contribute their quota to the facilitation of movement. Their discipline has an uncanny quality about it. To the amazement of the plainsman, the gleaming eye of a traffic light is obeyed no less meekly than the arm of a policeman. Is this rugged individualism? the plainsman may wonder.

Another wonder of many is to what limits the crowding will go. The business recession has afforded some relief. It is true that skyscrapers, planned in 1929, are still rearing their proud and magnificent heads higher and higher and higher—they are more cities than buildings. But they are certainly not 100 per cent tenanted. Some day, however, they doubtless will be. Into them will flow every morning an ocean of office and other workers and every evening the same ocean will sweep homeward. During the process the streets will be relatively impassable.

The modern attraction of cities is of course encouraged by the centralization of business. Sooner or later firms plying a nation-wide trade gravitate to New York. The trek has been expedited tremendously in the last decade. This, and not human gregariousness, is the cause of overcrowding. Few persons could be found who would demand such congestion as New York provides for the satisfaction of their gregarious instinct. That is the great hope for New York. The human ants who at present follow economic forces so submissively will finally impose a new decentralization in the locale, at least, of business. Here should be one of the first concerns of industrial planning.

Comet in the Lettuce Patch

A CERTAIN Nipponese philosopher spoke these words many, many years ago, so he could hardly have intended them for Masani Nagata. "Rarest blossom," remarked the sage, "comes only to most cultivated garden." Thus it turned out for Nagata, nevertheless—Nagata, hoeing in his lettuce patch out in Brawley, Calif., and giving the world a new comet.

Perhaps, after all, there may be some affinity between the "long-haired stars" and gardeners. For it was a farmer in the fields of Saxony who first reported the return of Halley's comet in 1758, when astronomers of the world were searching the skies to verify predictions of the wanderer's return. And perhaps there is some added charm in the Japanese association with *hahakiboshi*, the "twig broom" stars which sweep the skies with tails at times as long as 300,000,000 miles. For the Japanese and Chinese were among the first to record the appearance of comets.

But greatest of all is the bond between the comet and the amateur astronomer. Discovery of comets has remained, somehow, outside of the field of the professional star-gazer. Giant telescopes penetrate farther into space than the little refractors of the amateurs. Yet the very limitations of the small telescopes adapt them to comet hunting, for they cover a wider area of the sky.

Astronomical eyes now must focus upon the comet named for the Japanese truck gardener who, with apologies for bothering them, told the Mount Wilson Observatory astronomers of the discovery he had made with a little two-inch telescope. Where is Nagata's comet going? Has it a single tail? Has it, like Dunlop's comet, five tails in its train? Or can it, perchance, rival Borelly's comet of 1903 which carried nine tails through the night?

There are other questions, too, that may be asked of Nagata's comet. Whence did it come? Many astronomers believe that comets are the débris left over from the astral cataclysm in which modern theories see the formation of the solar system. And how many comets are there? Some astronomers put the number at a few thousands. Others say this order of things is far too small. Comets still have their questions. But each succeeding discovery emphasizes the rapid march from ignorance to accurate knowledge which has been made in astronomical science in the last three centuries.

Editorial Notes

A newspaper headline announces that four new drawbridges over the Charles River in Boston are "open," and the story relates that two big locomotives moved across them to signalize the formal opening. To those who have been late to work or to an appointment "because the drawbridge was open" and they could not get across, this will raise the question, "Just when is a drawbridge 'open'?"

By announcing that no motor change will follow the closing of his Detroit factory for a month, Mr. Henry Ford not only has stopped the manufacture of motorcars for that period, but also the manufacture of rumors of a new eight.

Benjamin Franklin in 1785 advised the town of Franklin, Mass., to accept a gift "of books instead of a bell—sense being preferable to sound." The idea may well be noted by modern motorists.

If you notice the children with their noses buried deeply in a geography nowadays, it is not necessarily summer study, but an inclination to follow a current round-the-world flight.

Collecting evidence against two racketeers cost the Federal Government $195,000—and deflated far more than that the business of extortion.

Diary of an Onlooker in France

By SISLEY HUDDLESTON

PARIS

WHEN I was lately in Spain the newspapers were filled with delighted stories of a proposal to change the name of the famous Trocadéro in Paris. A municipal councilor, it appeared, in an effusive welcome to the new Iberian Republic, would have Gardens of Spain, and a Place d'Espagne, around the building which at present recalls memories not too complimentary to the Spaniards. There are difficulties in the way of carrying out this suggestion; and, on the whole, the good Parisian will rejoice in these difficulties.

Of recent years municipal councilors have been far too free with the nomenclature of streets and squares. Perhaps it began at the Peace Conference, when some of the finest thoroughfares of the capital were debaptized and rebaptized. It was thought proper to commemorate kings and generals and statesmen who helped France to win the war; but although the idea in the abstract might properly be applauded, its execution could only mean that the customary designations had to disappear. And those ancient titles had their significance.

Perhaps the ordinary citizen (and the municipal councilor) did not always know what event was evoked by the street nomenclature, but the street nomenclature, old, familiar, and unchanging, created an atmosphere. It was certainly a pity to dissipate that atmosphere. Since then, no cherished memory has been respected.

There is, in the Latin Quarter, for example, a narrow street that has existed from the Middle Ages—the rue Zaccharie. I confess I do not know who Zaccharie was—perhaps the name was taken, long ago, from the Scriptures. But the rue Zaccharie it has always been, and it could be nothing else. When the Municipal Council wanted to give it the name of a *chansonnier* who, however estimable, will be forgotten in ten years, there was a cry of horror. We were not thus to be robbed of our rue Zaccharie.

Then it was sought to change the Quai aux Fleurs into the quai of a politician who is already forgotten. Occasionally there may be a good reason for giving the name of a modern writer or an inventor or a musician to a new street, but the old street names of Paris, which are so evocative, should never be disturbed.

* * *

Parliament is now in vacation. Every year the Government anxiously yearns to reach the summer months in order to close the Chamber. It is only then that it has a reasonable security of tenure. It is only then that it can perform its work. This may sound like a criticism of democracy; and indeed it is permissible, and desirable, to criticize the abuses of democracy.

In France Parliament is too inclined to conceive its rôle as consisting in rendering the life of the Government insupportable. Day after day Ministers are bound to be in attendance to listen to interminable speeches and to reply to them. They have continually to defend their official existence. Nearly every week, and sometimes several times in the same week, the Cabinet is seriously menaced. The attacks are continuous: in the commissions, in the lobbies, and in the two Houses.

That Parliament should be vigilant is excellent, but it seems to be carrying things too far when it keeps the Government constantly disturbed, and prevents it from fulfilling its real task.

When there are highly important negotiations of an international character—such, for example, as those relative to the Hoover debt holiday proposals—one would imagine that the Chamber would spare the hard-worked Ministers. But no; it is precisely at such moments that the Chamber resolves itself into a sort of vigilance society, a committee of public safety, and demands the perpetual attendance of Ministers who are meeting in conference with their colleagues from the United States, from Great Britain, from Italy, from Germany.

They must hastily say good-by to Mr. Mellon, in order to give explanations to M. Marin. They must cut short Dr. Bruening, because M. Franklin-Bouillon is waiting for them. They must excuse themselves from Mr. Henderson, to listen to M. Herriot. One would not deprive Parliament of any of its prerogatives, but it would seem that the French system is not altogether satisfactory. There should be some way of determining whether the Chamber trusts the Government or not; and, if it trusts the Government, of allowing it to work in peace until the time comes to render an account of its stewardship.

M. Poincaré and M. Tardieu have both pointed out the inconveniences of the present methods; and M. Tardieu went so far as to say that the Government could only govern when Parliament was in vacation. M. Laval, the present Prime Minister, has been severely tried, but he now has a few months of comparative quietness before him, in which he is not only safe from an adverse vote, but can collect his thoughts.

* * *

It is to be remarked that a new set of men are coming to the front in French politics. The old guard is, one by one, dropping out. M. Poincaré himself has now achieved the triple ambition of his boyhood, and will presumably remain aloof from politics. It is said that when he was a young man he set his heart on three totally different prizes. He wished to be a member of the Académie Française; and in due course he was elected. He wished to be President of the Republic; and everybody knows how he attained the highest of French posts. But there remained a third ambition unfulfilled.

His profession was that of the law, and he wished to stand at the head of his profession. The chief of the Bar Council in France is called the Bâtonnier. He is elected Bâtonnier by his fellows, not because he has distinguished himself outside his profession, but because he is regarded as among the most authoritative, as well as ornamental, members of the profession. The lawyers, as a rule, have an antipathy to the politicians, and one of the surest ways of not becoming Bâtonnier is to be a politician. Nevertheless, so varied are the gifts of M. Poincaré, so sincerely is he respected in his profession, that at last, after the Presidency and the Académie Française, he has received the Bâtonnat, which he will hold for the next two years.

* * *

Unless, therefore, something unusual occurs, M. Poincaré is now out of politics. M. Briand, too, appears to aspire to repose. When one looks around for those who were conspicuous ten and twenty years ago, it is difficult to find many familiar faces. Those who remain—and need not here be named—are mostly secondary personages. But quite a number of relatively young men have made their appearance. It may be said that M. Tardieu was already active during the war and the peacemaking, but he was overshadowed by Clemenceau, and it is only now that he attains front rank.

Pierre Laval is undoubtedly to be reckoned a newcomer who has made his mark in the post-war years. André Maginot and Paul Reynaud are others who will doubtless play important parts in French affairs. On the other side of politics are such men as Henry de Jouvenel, who abandoned the editorship of a leading morning newspaper to pursue a political career; and Paul Boncour, nominally a Socialist, who may do something big; and M. Chautemps and M. Daladier are among the younger Radicals. It is good that there should be a complete renewal of the political *cadres* from time to time, and just now there would appear to be a fresh generation of politicians who are showing themselves to be as competent as their elders.

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These are difficult days for the French. French policy has always been badly misunderstood. Sometimes owing to this misunderstanding France has been far too severely condemned. At other times, from the same misunderstanding, France has been too extravagantly praised. Yet French policy has been clear enough. France has sincerely aimed at reconciliation—*but reconciliation on the basis of the status quo*. The eloquence of M. Briand has been perfectly genuine, but it has usually been overlooked that in offering French friendship he attached the condition that nothing should be changed in Europe to the detriment of France. The position is perfectly comprehensible, but the result has been sometimes to induce a belief that France was prepared to surrender all its rights, and sometimes to induce the belief that France was merely deceiving the world with its fine sentiments.

At any rate, the moment has come when France by force of circumstances has had to give up something more than it intended to give up, and there has come upon it a sense of disillusionment. It has evacuated Rhineland, it sees the Young plan virtually set aside, it regards the Anschluss of Germany and Austria as inevitable, it is troubled about Germany's diplomatic and military intentions, and, considering peace by no means assured, it looks forward to the Disarmament Conference with apprehension.

Let us trust that the French, who are in some respects the most intelligent people in the world, will soon see these things in a different light. But it is my duty as an impartial observer to register this mood of doubt. It should quickly give place to a more serene attitude, provided the rest of the world, instead of merely criticizing France, will make an effort to understand her.

Notes From London

London's Charm Indefinable

WHAT is the charm which draws countless thousands of visitors to London every year? The way in which the great business whirlpool of the metropolis is sucking in industrialists from all over Britain is shown in the latest census returns. But the annual invasion of provincial sight-seers in chars-à-bancs, overseas visitors in limousines and those on foot with cameras or binoculars slung over their shoulders, who stand and gaze in Piccadilly and saunter in the Strand, they care nothing for the city's trade. Of course London has its fine buildings and noble picture galleries and its recognized "sights" such as the Tower, St. Paul's Cathedral, the Houses of Parliament, Westminster Abbey, the Cenotaph, the riders in Rotten Row, and its unique red buses, but the more regular visitors find more; they begin to peep into the character of this vast accumulation of humanity. London, unlike other big cities, has grown up through the centuries without form and without system. But its meandering streets, its irregular sky line, its jostling mixture of old and new, its good and bad architecture seem to reflect the curious individualistic, illogical characteristics of its eight million and more inhabitants.

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Mangel-Wurzels In Piccadilly

The surprising tolerance or indifference of Londoners to other people's activities and behavior, provided there is no breaking of the peace, is often noticed by visitors. It has been said that you may crawl down Piccadilly on your hands and knees munching a mangel-wurzel and passers-by will merely murmur, "He's doing it for a wager." To some, Britain's capital is remarkable as a town of families. In the words of Edgar Wallace, "London is the only great city in the world, with the exception of Berlin, where home life dominates. There are at least six million people in London for whom the word 'home' stands highest of all words in the English language; six million people to whom dining out in a restaurant is a memorable event; who potter about their own little gardens; who are tremendously interested in the state of their own coal cellars, and, who, when away elsewhere, look forward eagerly to the day when they return 'home.'"

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"Epsteinish," Policeman Says

"The Old Lady of Threadneedle Street"—as the Bank of England building has been known since the end of the eighteenth century—is now partly free from scaffolding and can be viewed in "her" reconstructed form. Sir Herbert Baker, the eminent architect who was intrusted with the task of adding to Soanes' original building, and Charles Wheeler, the sculptor responsible for the ornamental figures, went together at the crack of dawn one day to take a look at their handiwork before the busy traffic began to throng round it. Standing in the fresh early morning stillness near the Royal Exchange, intently gazing at their creation, they were suddenly roused from contemplation by the cheerful, friendly voice of a policeman, who also appeared to have been casting a critical glance at the carved figures. "That fellow Epstein seems to 've been mucking abaht again," he observed, and sauntered on. The six stone figures in question—symbolizing agriculture and industry—were described by the art critic of The Times as being of a more robust style than that of the architectural period in which the Bank of England originated. "It is unlikely that the figures will be immediately popular," the critic added, "but they will wear well." Actually the work of completely modernizing this famous city landmark—the hub of Britain's finance—will not be completed for several years.